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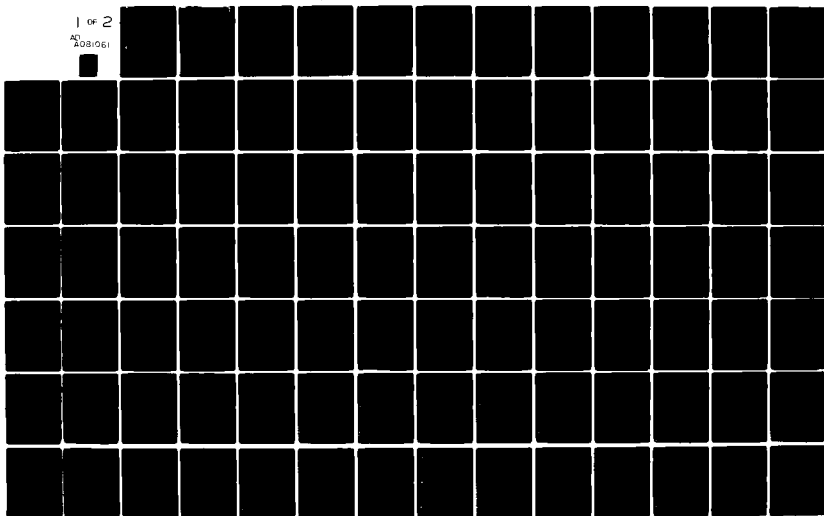
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AUTOMATIC WEATHER RADAR ECHO ASSESSMENT
AND TRACKING

Robert K. Crane

Environmental Research & Technology, Inc.
696 Virginia Road
Concord, Massachusetts 01742

March 1979

Final Report

15 February 1978 - 30 September 1978

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AIR FORCE GEOPHYSICS LABORATORY
AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND
UNITED STATES AIR FORCE
HANSCOM AFB, MASSACHUSETTS 01731

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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) <p>Previously developed algorithms for automatic radar cell detection and tracking were adapted for real-time use on the AFGL Echo Track and Significance Estimator. Additional significance estimation algorithms were developed to reduce the number of detected cells to a manageable number for display and interpretation.</p>		

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	5
1. INTRODUCTION	7
1.1 Program Objectives	7
1.2 Summary of Results	7
1.3 Software Development	9
1.4 Organization of the Report	10
2. BACKGROUND	12
2.1 Overview of Automatic Processing Scheme	12
2.2 Cell Detection	25
2.3 Tracking	26
3. PROGRAMS FOR THE AFGL TRACKING AND SIGNIFICANCE ESTIMATOR	29
3.1 Processing Options	29
3.2 Cell Detection	29
3.3 Tracking	30
4. PROGRAM STATUS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	33
5. REFERENCES	34
APPENDIX A - Operating Instructions, CSS Files, TET Files, Task Establishment Maps, Definition of Variables, List of Arrays, List of Common Blocks	A-1
APPENDIX B - Flow Charts	B-1
APPENDIX C - Real-Time Version	C-1
APPENDIX D - Post-Mission Analysis Version	D-1
APPENDIX E - Sample Output	E-1
APPENDIX F - Options to Increase: Number of Significant Cells, Number of Active Cells	F-1

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The results described in this report are the culmination of a sequence of contracts with the Air Force Geophysics Laboratory: "Parameterization of Weather Radar Data for Use in the Prediction of Storm Motion and Development", F19628-76-C-0264; "Development of Techniques for Short-Range Precipitation Forecasts", F19628-77-C-0058; and the current contract F19628-78-C-0076. Data used for the refinement of the algorithms were obtained by ERT under contracts with the Bureau of Reclamation, U.S. Department of the Interior, Contract No. 14-06-D-7673, and the Federal Aviation Administration, Amendment Agreement No. 4 to the Bureau of Reclamation contract.

Mr. A. Koscielny was the computer programmer operator for the Joint Agency Doppler Technology Tests in Norman, Oklahoma. Messieurs J. Leslie and G. Gustafson provided the programming support required to prepare the Interdata 7-32 computer programs.

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Program Objectives

The goal of the work reported herein is the real time operation of the cell detection and tracking algorithms previously developed by Environmental Research & Technology, Inc. (ERT) for the Air Force Geophysics Laboratory (AFGL). Specifically, the work included the following tasks: (1) encoding the automatic echo assessment and forecasting algorithms developed under Contract No. F19628-77-C-0058 on the Echo Track and Significance Estimator (ETSE) Interdata Model 7-32 Computer; (2) testing the algorithms for real time operation; (3) operating the computer and writing assembly level programs on the Interdata 7-32 computer during the Joint Agency Doppler Technology tests at the National Severe Storms Laboratory, Norman, Oklahoma, March through June 1978; and (4) refining the automatic assessment and forecasting algorithms based upon a critical radar meteorological analysis of the use of the algorithms.

The cell detection and tracking algorithms were developed to automatically process weather radar data to provide real time identification of severe weather and short range (0-20 minute) forecast of regions of potential hazard to aircraft operation.

1.2 Summary of Results

The cell detection and tracking algorithms previously developed under Air Force Contract (Crane, 1978; Crane, 1977) were designed for real time operation on a medium scale computer based on our experience with an extremely limited data sample (five consecutive azimuth scans) and with the CDC 6600 computation facility at AFGL. The subsequent development of a viable real time weather radar data processing system for use by the Air Force, however, required access to a significantly larger set of weather radar data.

The initial development of the cell detection technique had been undertaken for the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) (Crane, 1976) for use in automatic air traffic hazard detection. Their continued interest in the processing scheme and its evaluation resulted in a contract between ERT and the FAA to process several hours of radar observations made simultaneously with aircraft penetrations. ERT was also under

contract with the Bureau of Reclamation, Department of Interior (BuRec) during the period of performance of this contract for the acquisition and analysis of significant amounts of radar data for the development of precipitation augmentation strategies for the High Plains (HIPLEX). As a part of that contract, the cell detection and tracking algorithms were installed on the CYBER-74 Computer System in Denver and used to obtain statistical data on the spatial organization of precipitation production within high plains storms.

The three concurrent programs, the development of real time techniques for the Air Force, hazard detection algorithm evaluation for the FAA, and the spatial organization analysis for BuRec provided the experience with a significantly larger data base needed for the refinement of the tracking algorithms (Task 4) and the development of a viable real time processing program.

The work under this contract was organized in the four tasks listed in Section 1.1: (1) encoding the algorithms for real time operation on the Interdata 7-32 computer; (2) testing the algorithms for real time operation; (3) operating the ETSE in Norman, Oklahoma during the Joint Agency Doppler Technology tests; and (4) refining the algorithms for improved tracking and short range forecasting. ERT provided a programmer operator for the 1978 Joint Agency Doppler Technology tests in fulfillment of Task 3. The detection and tracking algorithms refined as a result of Task 4 have been coded and installed on the Interdata 7-32 computer in fulfillment of Task 1. Their description is the subject of this report. Program listings and a copy of the operating instructions are included in Appendix C and D. The algorithms have been tested in compliance with Task 2 and, as coded and operated, performed in real time.

The algorithms operate in real-time on the Interdata 7-32 computer as required. Real-time operation on the Interdata 7-32 in the manner used in non-real-time analysis, however, requires additional programs to fetch and store the raw radar data. For real-time operation at the level of performance of the previously developed non-real-time program, a new operating system is required for the Interdata 7-32 computer which utilizes the real-time interrupt capability of the machine to run the cell detection and tracking programs as background programs with the data averaging and storage programs in foreground. Such an undertaking was

beyond the scope of this contract, and a simpler program has been specified which allows operation in real-time on alternate scans; one to fetch and store the data, the second to process the data. This program, a modification to the TSE program provided by Raytheon (Boak et al, 1977), is listed in Appendix C.

1.3 Software Development

The previously developed cell detection and tracking programs were extensively modified for use on the Interdata 7-32 computer. The tracking program described in the final report of the previous contract (Crane, 1978) was completely rewritten starting with a new set of algorithms. Experience with the larger volume of radar data available from BuRec forced the program revision. Two major problems existed with the initial tracking program; excessive computer storage requirements for the large numbers of cells encountered in practice and an inherent inability of the program logic to separately establish individual smoothed track velocities for each cell. The new tracking program develops the volume cell attributes discussed in the previous contract report, establishes the existence of cell clusters, provides an estimate of cell significance, and maintains both instantaneous and smoothed velocity estimates for each cell.

The cell detection program encoded for use on the Interdata 7-32 computer is a streamlined version of the original cell detection program. The fixed contour outlines are developed not as line segments enclosing the contoured area but as azimuth strobes within the echo region in conformity with the ETSE display scheme. Attributes are not generated for the fixed contours. The cell detection subroutine operates as before. Addressing in the arrays used in the subroutine has been extensively altered to increase operating speed.

The programs can operate over a wide range of reflectivity thresholds but should be used at a relatively high reflectivity threshold, processing only data with reflectivity values above, say, 40 dBZ. This threshold was selected to reduce the number of cells being processed in the computer. The reduction in the number of cells being processed improves operating speed and matches the output requirements. Experience with storms in the high plains indicates that severe storms produce large

numbers of cells. Cell counts for a 20 dBZ reflectivity threshold are over 150 during the active period of a storm; the total number of separate cells observed during a storm often exceeds several thousand. By way of contrast, the output requirements established by the remote display system (communicated by AEGL personnel), are for not more than 12 cells at any one time. The more than an order of magnitude reduction in active cell count can best be accomplished by increasing the threshold reflectivity value.

In addition to reflectivity threshold selection, significance is established using the integrated tangential shear of the radial velocity for each cell. Tangential shear cell detection as previously coded (Crane, 1977) is not attempted in the streamlined version of the program. The tangential shear data are used to develop a shear attribute for each cell detected on the basis of reflectivity alone. The program operates by detecting all cells that occur above the processing threshold but saving for tracking and output only the 16 cells having the highest reflectivity, integrated tangential shear product. Internally, the program processes 31 volume cells but only the 12 volume cells with the highest reflectivity, shear product are output after each volume scan. The program can be modified to process and output data for more cells by changing array sizes and test limits.

The object of the work reported in this contract was to streamline the original version of the cell detection and tracking programs for real-time use on the Interdata 7-32 computer with the operating system provided by Interdata. Many of the features of the original program, such as the generation of fixed contour attributes and the independent detection of tangential shear peaks, were removed to establish the real-time program. These features may be recovered only if the original version of the program, the program operating on the AEGL CDC-6600 computer, is installed on the Interdata 7-32 for non-real-time processing.

1.4 Organization of the Report

This report considers only the software developed for use on the FTSE, documentation for Tasks 1, 2 and 4. Task 3 covered the programmer computer operator for the 1978 measurements in Norman, Oklahoma. The results of that task were reported in the quarterly reports and will not be considered further.

Background material and algorithm refinement based upon results from the FAA and BuRec programs are considered in Section 2. Section 3 documents the program for the ETSE. Section 4 summarizes program status and makes recommendations for future work. Program listings, flow charts, variable definition, and operating instructions will be found in the appendices.

2. BACKGROUND

2.1 Overview of Automatic Processing Scheme

Conventional weather radars produce large amounts of data - a significant fraction of which is highly redundant. Doppler radars produce even larger amounts of data. Significant weather events may be imbedded in the mass of redundant data. It is the goal of the automatic processing scheme to extract the relevant information from the mass of data to (1) reduce the data transmission requirements for the communication of weather data obtained from a radar, (2) to screen the data prior to display to meteorologists, (3) to preprocess the data for automatic hazard detection, and (4) to prepare the data for use in objective short range forecasting.

The processing scheme is structured to use the cell detection algorithm in on-radar-site computers to perform the bulk of the data reduction. The cell data are then communicated to regional computers (or to a second program in a stand alone radar data processor) for tracking and interpretation. For a national network of weather radars, the tracking program would accomplish the task of netting different radars and developing a single, best estimate description of the current weather for use in displays, hazard detection and warning, and short range forecast.

For this contract the cell detection and tracking algorithms are operated in a single computer; the final output is track data for the 12 most significant cells. The track data include smoothed cell velocities which are used in the tracking program for data association and may be used externally for short range forecast.

The output cell and track data are for significant features in the larger mass of radar observations. Significance is defined in an ad hoc manner using cell intensity, area, vertical development, and tangential shear data. Parameters that are intuitively associated with significant events such as severe hail, severe thunderstorm turbulence, and tornadoes have been selected for the determination of a significant cell. Operational experience with the processing algorithms and a large sample of data is required before the values of the thresholds used to establish cell significance can be refined. The current algorithm has been

partially tested using aircraft penetration data. For the measurements currently available, a positive correlation has been obtained between the location of significant cells and aircraft turbulence. An example of this association is presented in Figures 1 and 2 (output obtained from the work at ERT sponsored by the FAA). The significant cells are indicated by the tightly clustered symbols for reflectivity values greater than 40 dBZ. The time marks are 6 km apart along the aircraft track. The aircraft was within a typical cell diameter of two significant cells between 1640 and 1641, a time marked by the strongest acceleration fluctuations (turbulence) during the penetration. By way of contrast, the remainder of the penetration was quiet and did not show strong acceleration fluctuations and was not in the vicinity of significant cells.

The display in Figure 1 immediately identifies the locations of the significant cells and graphically presents the essential data contained in the radar observations. In contrast, a section of a conventional contour display and of the cell display are presented in Figure 3. The essence of the data is immediately evident in the cell display. The important 45 dBZ cell that results from the strong updraft depicted between 1640 and 1641 MDT in the aircraft data is observed in the cell display but not in the contour display. This cell produced the strongest turbulence. Even with a color display, this important region would not be evident although the higher reflectivity contours in Figure 3a would stand out more vividly, in the manner of the darkened symbols in Figure 3b.

A display such as Figure 3b is readily interpreted but is not the normal weather radar display familiar to trained radar meteorologists. The cell display provides the important details but at a scale that is smaller than used by most meteorologists and since many cells may be observed at any single time, a display of all the cells may prove to be confusing. The number of cells active at any one time with reflectivities above 15 dBZ and the number of significant cells for a set of observations of showers in Kansas (output from data processed by ERT for BuRec) are depicted in Figure 4 as a function of time and volume scan sequence. The total number of cells present within a 25 to 150 km annulus of Goodland, Kansas approached 200 during the most active part

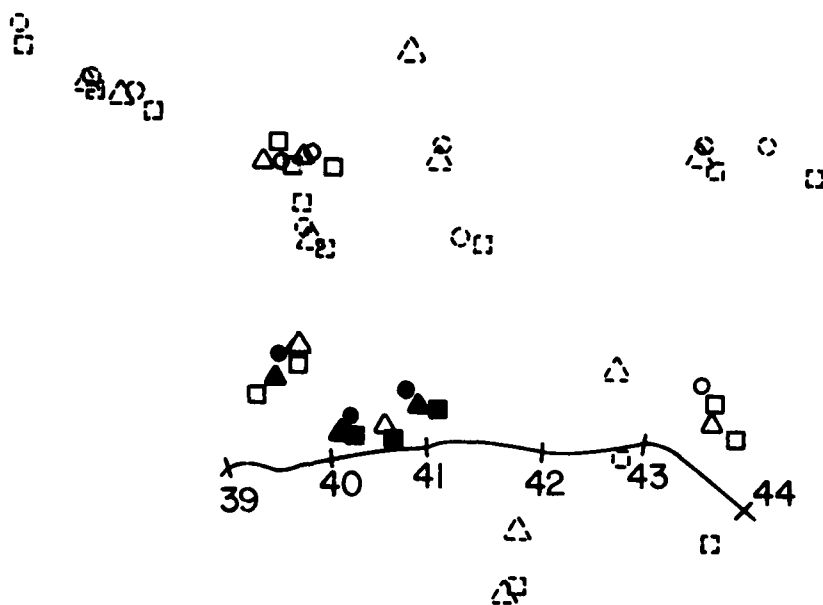
PENETRATION # 2

TIME

○ 1639:00 - 1640:30

△ 1640:30 - 1642:00

□ 1642:00 - 1643:30



INTENSITY (dBZ)

△ <40

△ 40-50

▲ >50

Figure 1 Aircraft Penetration 22 July 1976 as Observed by the Grover Radar

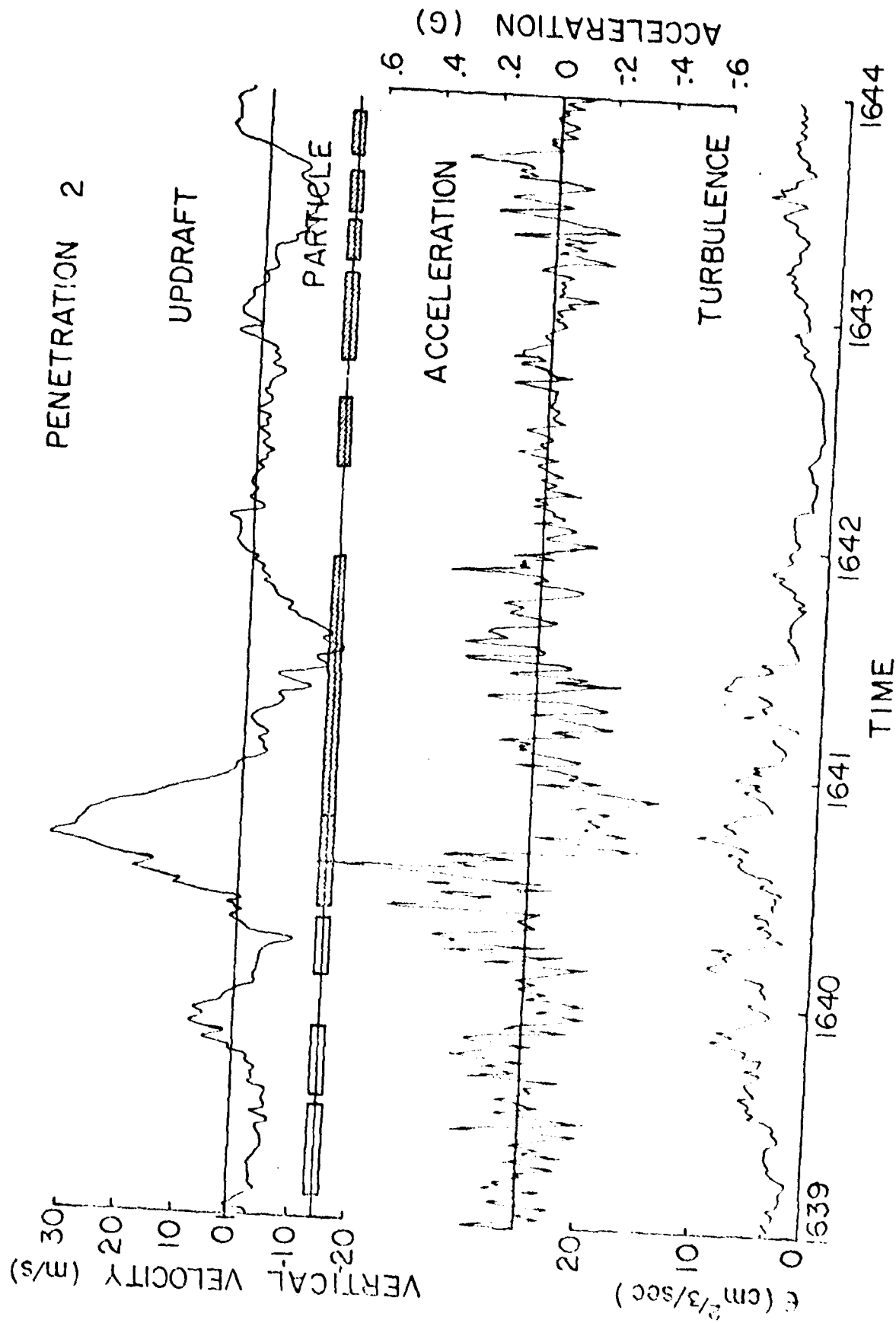


Figure 2 Aircraft Observations During Storm Penetration

22 JULY 1976

164050-164222 MDT

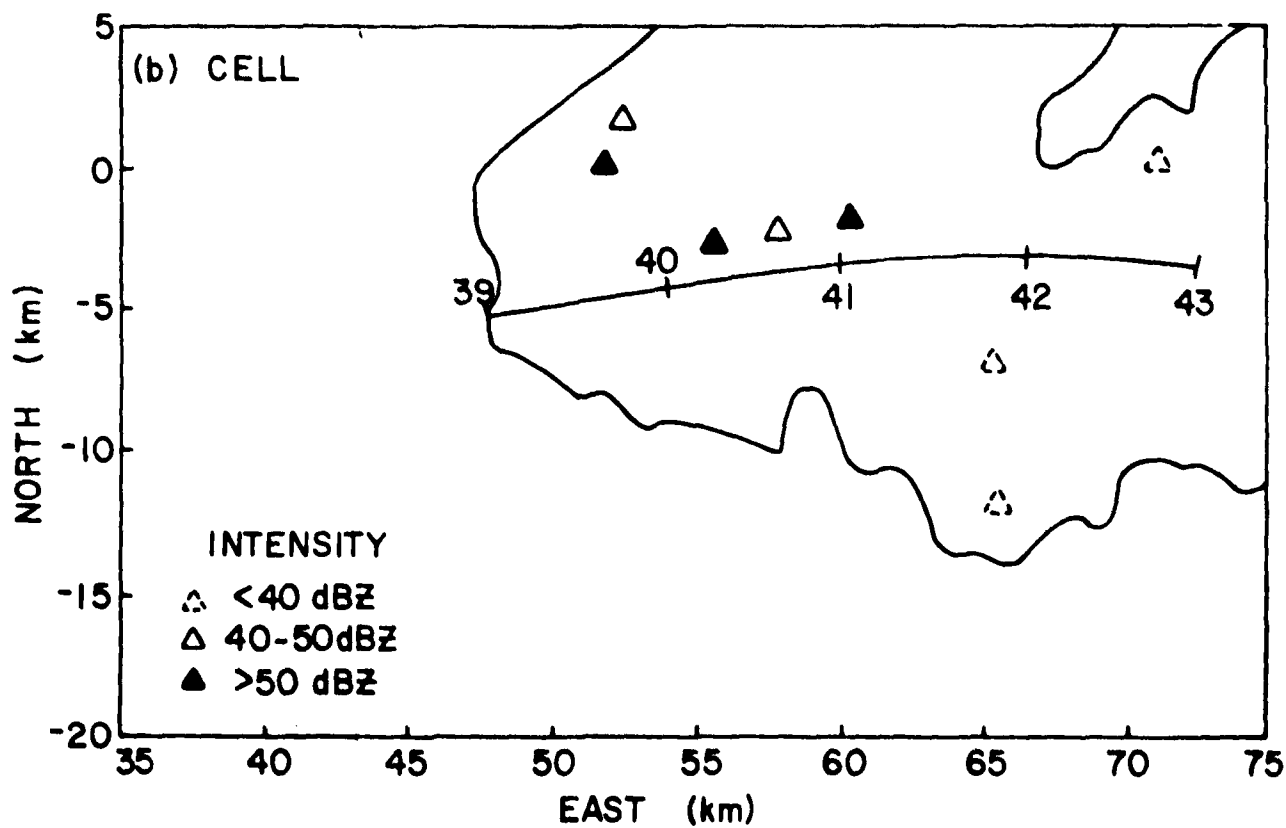
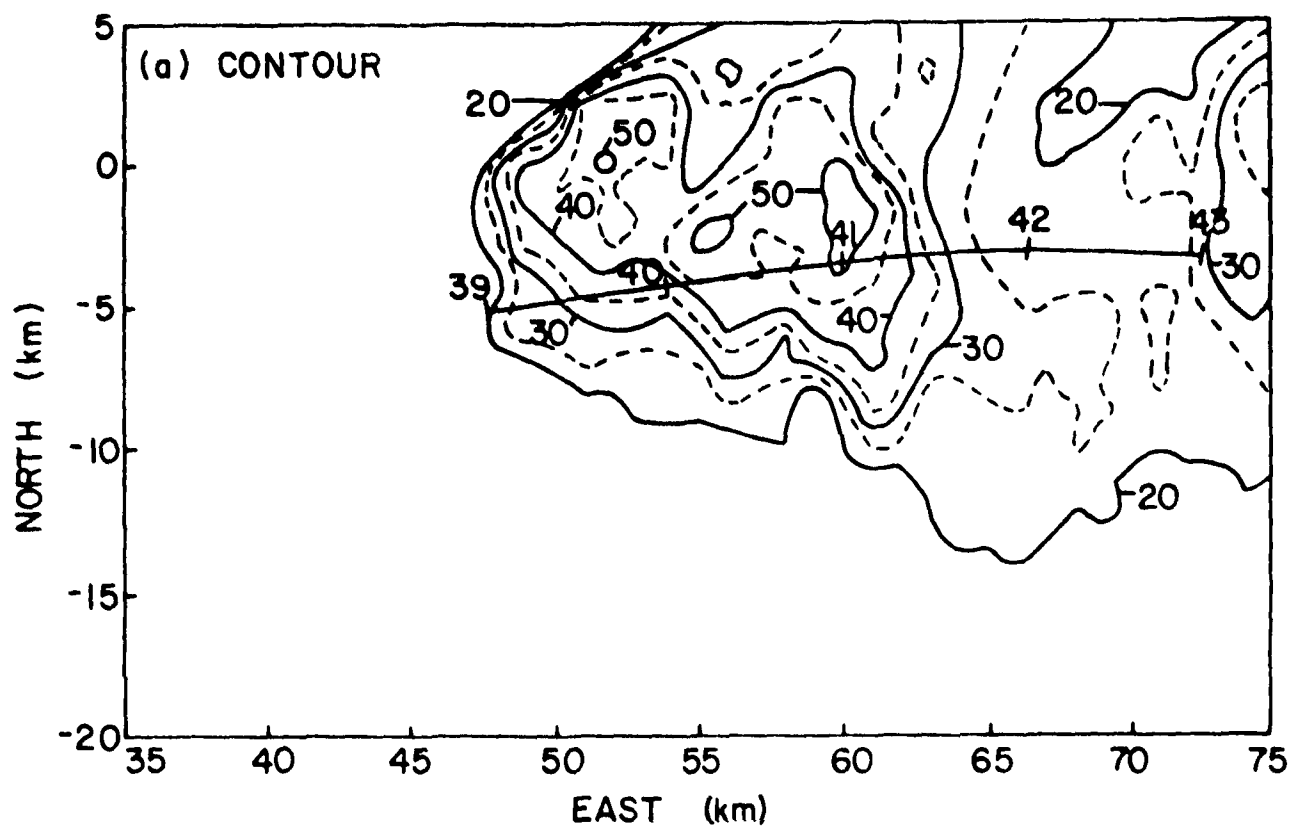
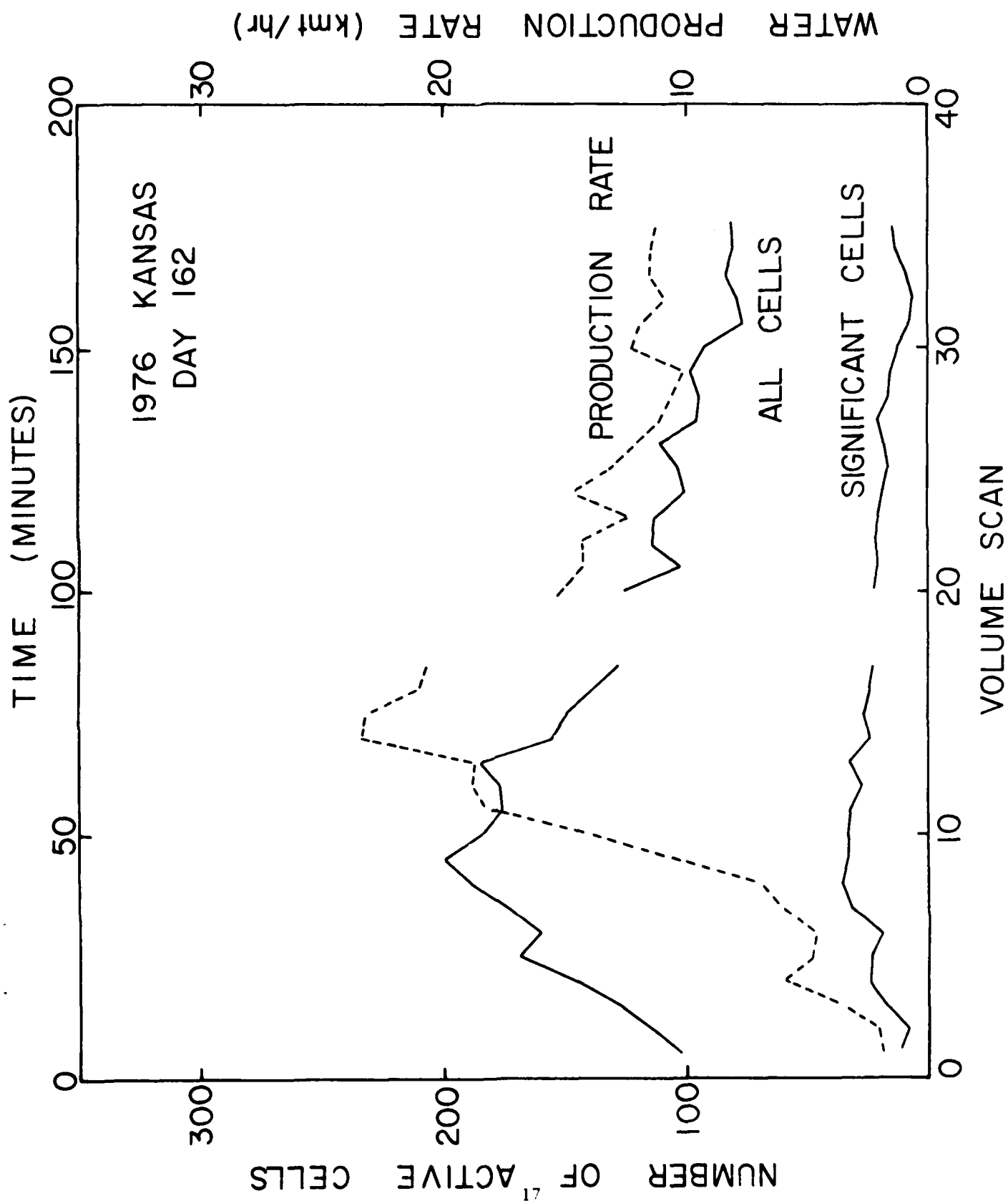


Figure 3 Contour and Cell Data, Grover Radar Data

Figure 4 Active Cells and Total Water Production, Goodland, Kansas
10 June 1976



of the storm. The number of significant cells was as high as 36. A display of all the cells would be very difficult to interpret. A display of only the significant cells, though readily interpreted by a computer, may still be difficult for a meteorologist to interpret. A further reduction in the number of significant cells is required. The program developed under this contract utilizes tangential shear data in addition to reflectivity information to further reduce the number of cells for display as the most significant cells. The utility of this algorithm for significant cell selection still needs verification.

The small cells detected and tracked by the algorithms developed under this and prior contracts are well behaved in time and space. The cells show vertical development, persist, and have average velocities that approximate a steering level wind. Summary statistics for the June 10, 1976 storm displayed in Figure 4 are presented in Figures 5 to 9. These data provide statistical summaries of several cell characteristics representing either the values averaged over the lifetime of a cell (average) or the peak value obtained during the cell lifetime (peak). Lifetime data are presented in Figure 10. The data in Figure 5 depict the statistics of the highest reflectivity values reached by a cell during its lifetime. The data are drawn from a sample of 900 cells whose lifetimes exceeded 10 minutes. These data show that reflectivity alone was not used as a criterion for significance. Over 77 cells had a peak reflectivity in excess of 50 dBZ while only 8 significant cells had a peak reflectivity in excess of 50 dBZ. In the processing used to obtain these data, significance was defined based upon the vertical structure and horizontal dimension of the cell as well as its reflectivity. A high reflectivity echo that was observed only at one elevation angle was not considered to be a significant cell.

The cells detected by the processing scheme have relatively small areas. The average cell area for all cells and for significant cells do not differ as indicated in Figures 6 and 7. The peak cell diameter is of the order of 3 km. The cells tend to be vertical structures. Statistically, the area of a cell at the lowest elevation angle does not differ from the area of the cell at the height at which it has a maximum reflectivity value. Note that the area at any height is defined by a contoured region 3 dB below its peak reflectivity value at that height. At another

Figure 5 Reflectivity Statistics, Goodland, Kansas
10 June 1976

PEAK REFLECTIVITY
1976 DAY 162

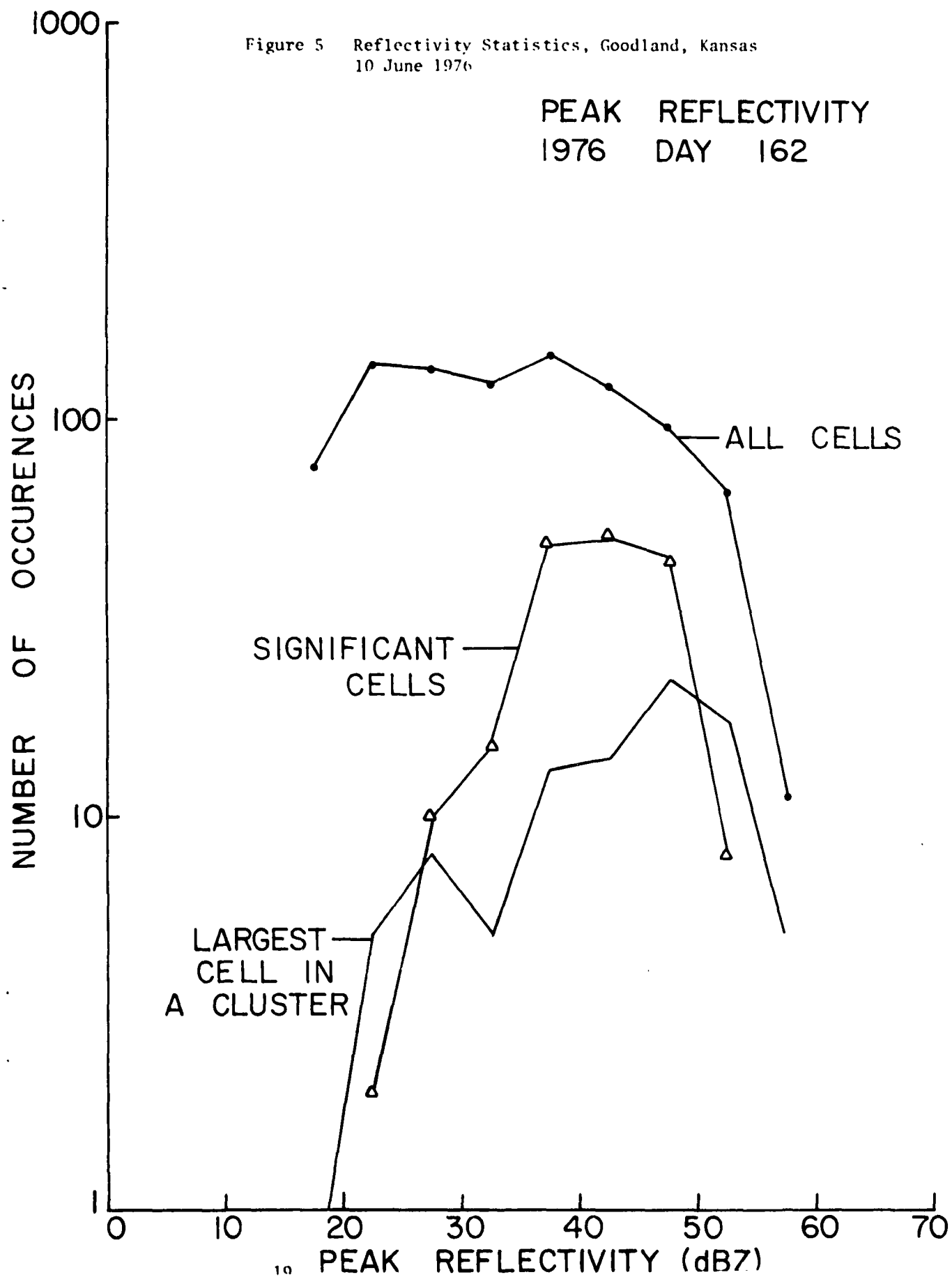


Figure 6 Cell Area Statistics, Goodland, Kansas - 10 June 1976

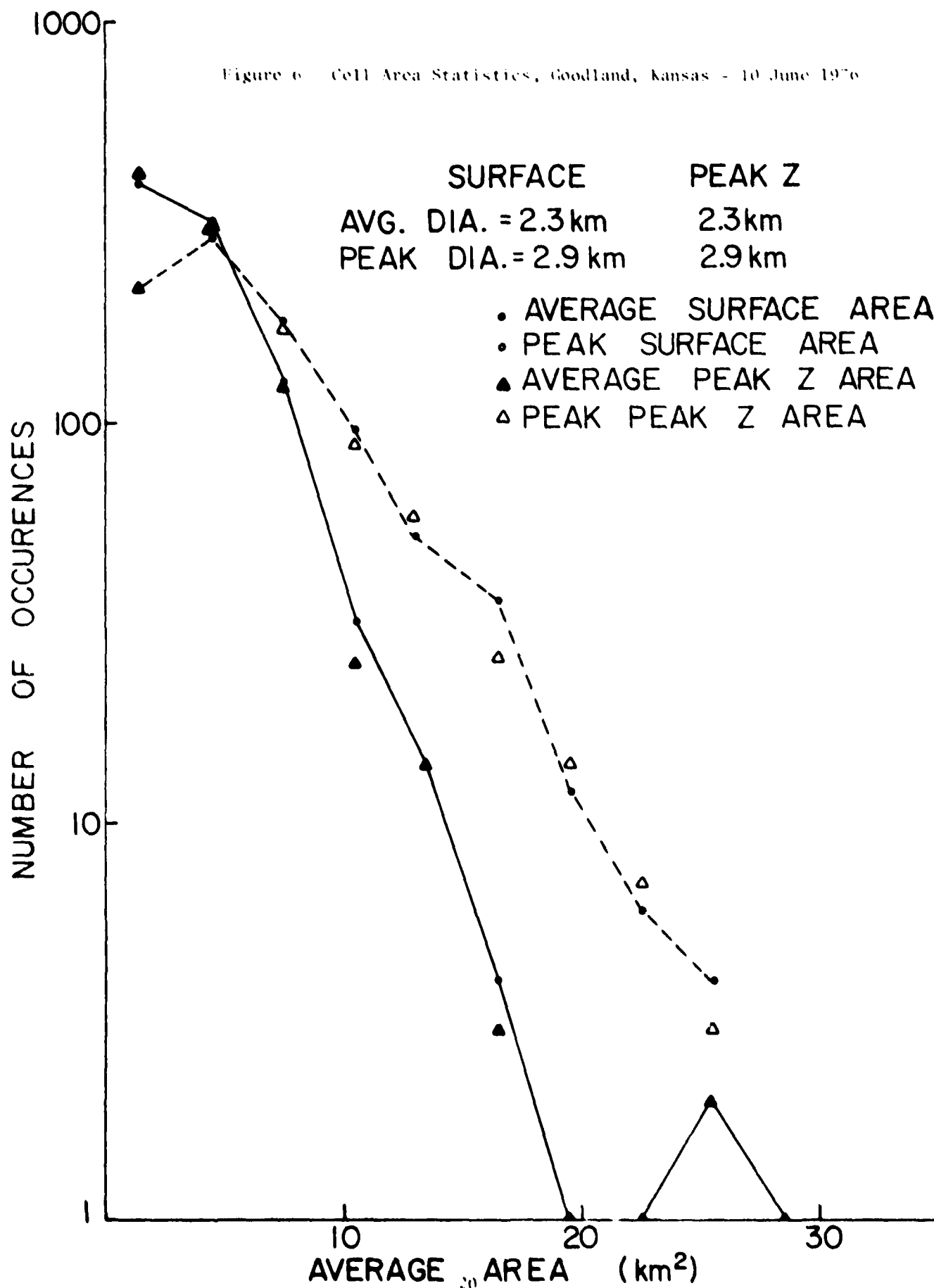
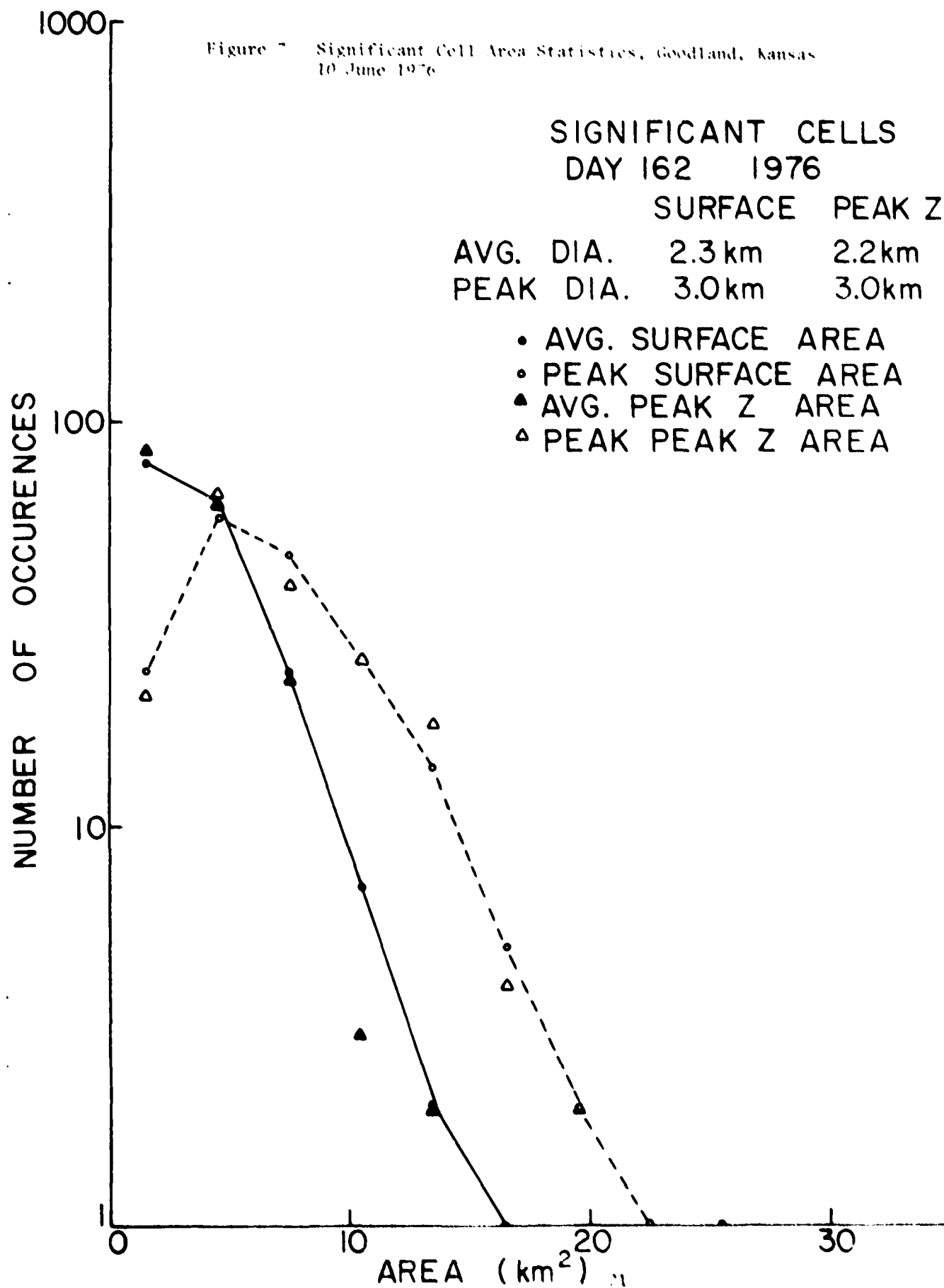
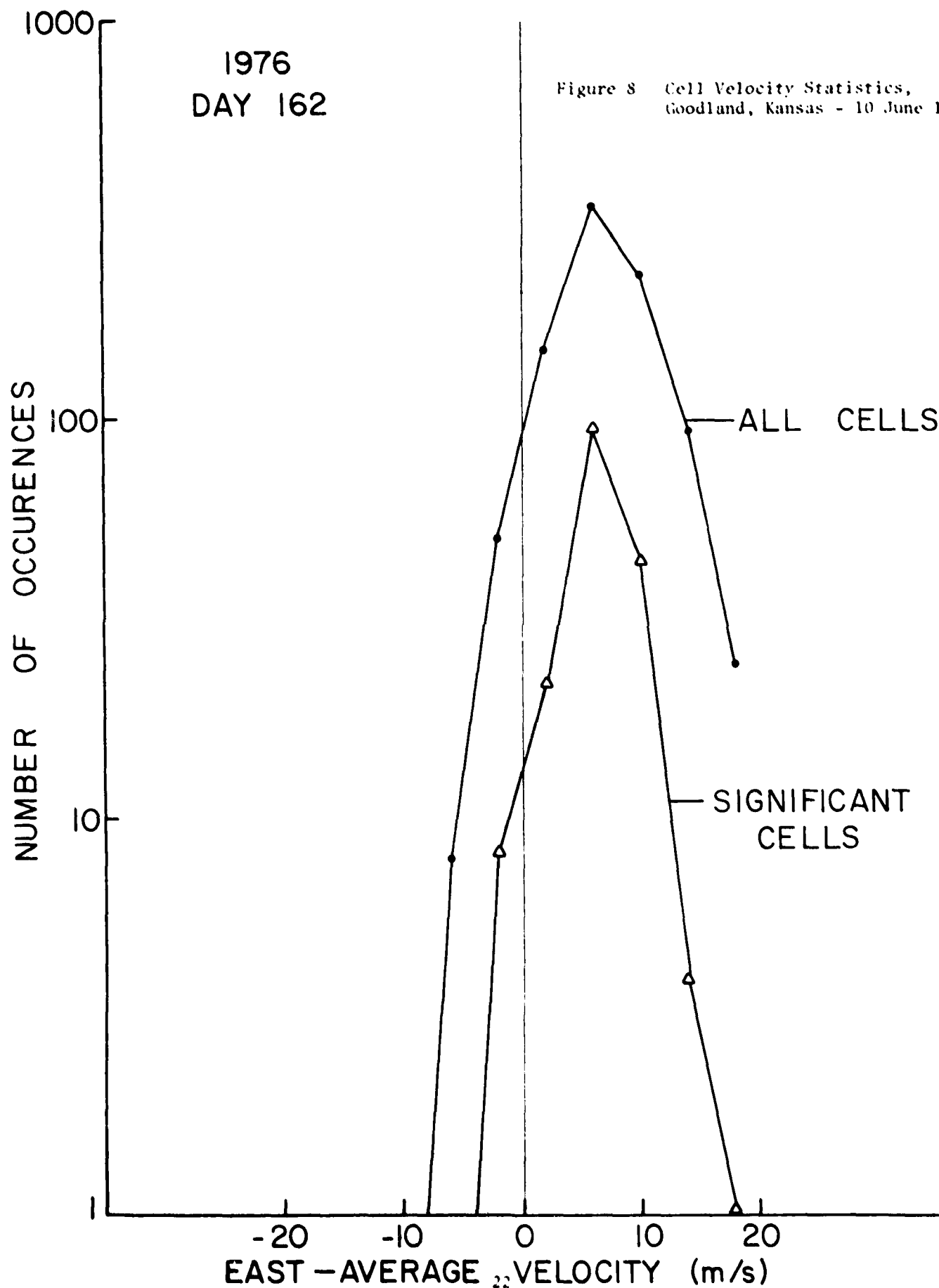


Figure 7 Significant Cell Area Statistics, Goodland, Kansas
10 June 1976



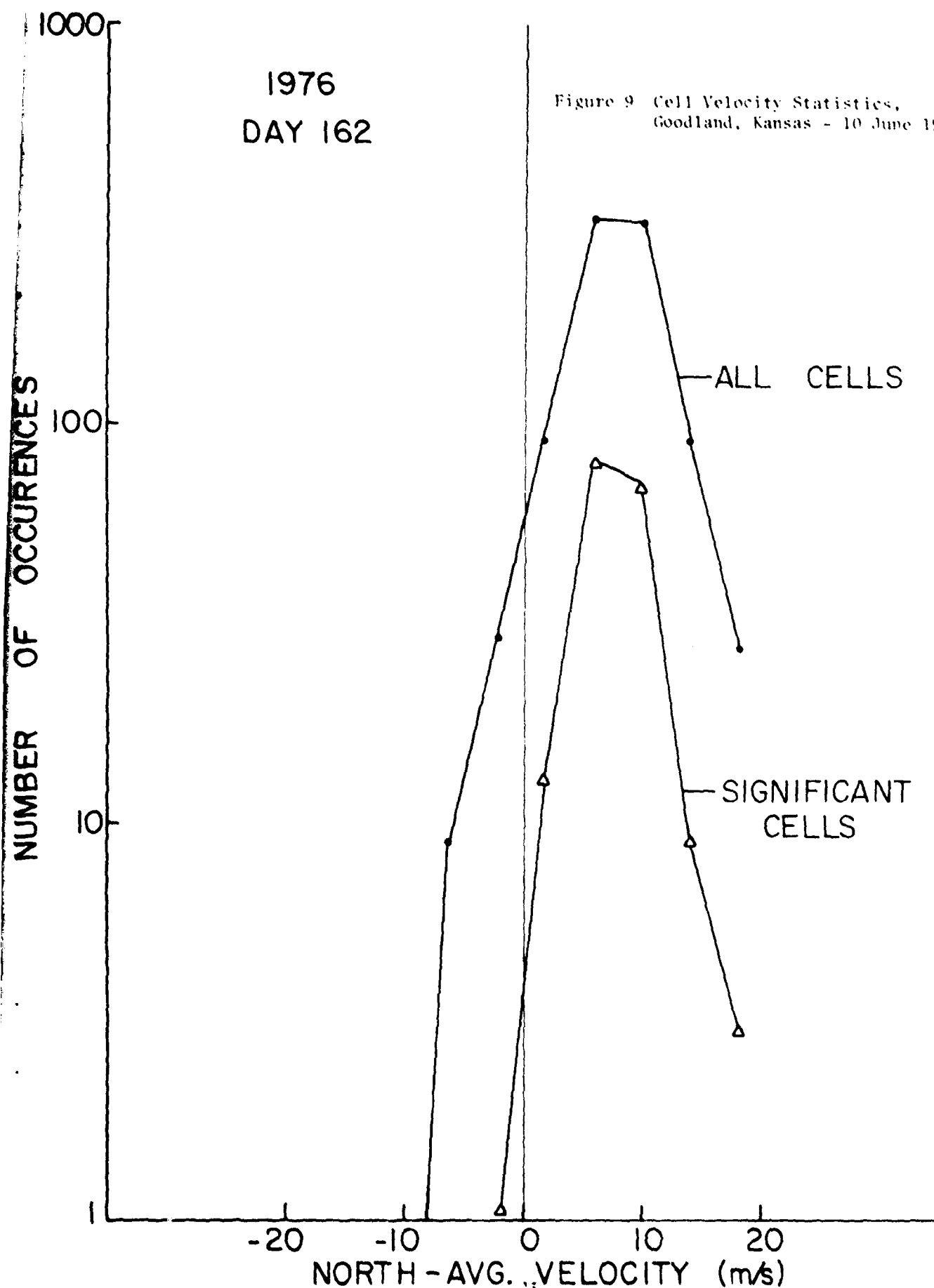
1976
DAY 162

Figure 8 Cell Velocity Statistics,
Goodland, Kansas - 10 June 1976



1976
DAY 162

Figure 9 Cell Velocity Statistics,
Goodland, Kansas - 10 June 1976



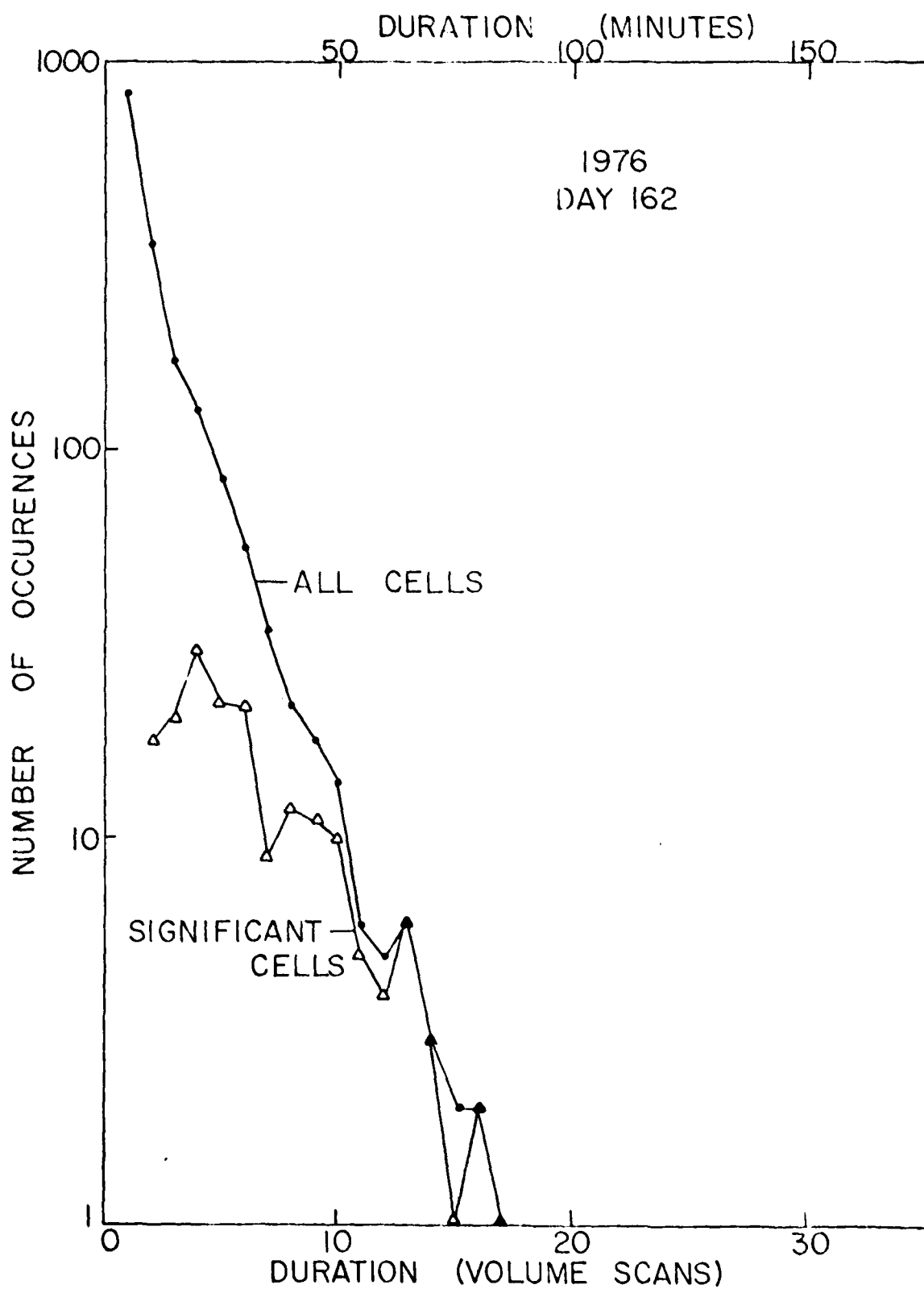


Figure 10 Cell Lifetime Statistics, Goodland, Kansas - 10 June 1976

height, the contour used to define its area will have a different reflectivity value.

The tracking algorithms track each cell individually. The distributions of cell velocity averaged over the cell lifetime are depicted in Figures 8 and 9. These data show no significant differences between the velocities of all the cells and of significant cells. The individual track velocities may differ from the mean (or steering level wind) velocity by as much as 4 m/s (rms in each component of the wind). Observations show that the deviations are not entirely random. Larger scale convergence and divergence patterns are evident in the cell trajectories. On a smaller scale, it is evident that cells affect each others motion. A tendency has been observed for cells to follow each other along the same track even though they may not have initially developed along the track.

The cells persist for a range of lifetimes. On average, cells with reflectivities above 15 dB last for a little over 12 minutes. Significant cells last over 30 minutes on average. These results show that ideally, a full cycle of radar observations (a volume scan) should be acquired in between four and five minutes to get more than two observations of a cell during its lifetime. Practically, a longer time, six to seven minutes, is required for the processing algorithms as implemented under this contract. Processing speed can be increased by preparing a new operating system for the Interdata 7-32 computer but this was beyond the scope of the contract. The motion of significant cells, if detected early during its development, may be extrapolated for upwards of 20 minutes before they disappear indicating that short range forecasting of cell location is feasible.

2.2 Cell Detection

The cell detection algorithms have been previously defined (Crane, 1977, 1978) and will not be detailed again. Flow charts for the processing algorithm are presented in Appendix B. Briefly, a cell is a region within a contour, a fixed number of quantization steps below a local maxima that includes no other cells. For most observations, a quantization step of 1 dB and the use of contours 3 dB below a local reflectivity maxima seems to work best. The quantization step and contour threshold

were empirically established by Crane (1976) using data from Wallops Island, Virginia. The 1 dB step and 3 dB threshold produced a detection probability better than 0.95 on these scans and a false alarm rate of less than 2 per scan. By increasing the threshold, the false alarm rate was reduced but at the expense of a lowered detection probability.

Cell detection is performed for all localized reflectivity maxima that exceed a processing threshold. In the post mission processing versions of the cell detection program, attributes are obtained for all the cells detected above the lowest threshold fixed reflectivity processing contour (fixed contour or echo region). The streamlined edition of the cell detection program provides output only for the most significant cells.

2.5 Tracking

An entirely new tracking algorithm was developed during the period covered by this contract primarily for application to the post mission processing requirements of the FAA and BuRec contracts. This program was subsequently modified for real time application under this contract. The real time version generates volume cells and volume cell tracks.

The same tracking algorithm is used to generate the 3-dimensional cell from the successive azimuth scans within a volume scan sequence and to track the volume cell in time. Each new volume cell is identified using cell data from a single azimuth scan that cannot be associated with other, previously established tracks. Association is attempted with the newly detected volume cell on each successive azimuth scan until the track is terminated. A track is terminated when no new data are obtained for a volume cell during a complete volume scan cycle.

Association is established using the location of the cell on a azimuth scan as compared with the volume cell location extrapolated to the time of the azimuth scan together with the differences in the heights of the last observed data and the current data, differences in cell areas, and differences in reflectivities. A measure of the goodness of an association between a cell and track, is established for each possible track, cell combination. The final cell track pairings are those that minimize the sum of the measures (maximize the goodness of association) for all the cells and tracks that may be possibly paired during the association

process. The set of cells and tracks that may possibly be paired are defined as a cluster.

The volume cell track is the primary entity maintained by the tracking program and successive radar observations are associated with the expected position of the cell along its track at the time of the radar observation. The tracking algorithm was developed in this manner to allow the use of data from more than one radar system since all that is needed for the association algorithm is the location and time of the cell centroid as reported by each radar together with other attributes such as reflectivity, tangential shear, etc.

Two velocities are maintained for each cell track - an instantaneous velocity, the difference in cell centroid location divided by the time interval between observations, and a smoothed velocity obtained by low pass digital filtering of the raw velocity data. The coefficients in the filter were established by trial and error using a large data sample. The initialization of the track velocity for each cell is important due to the extrapolation process used for tracking. Experiments with the tracking program show that adequate results are obtained if a zero velocity is used for the initial velocity estimate but better results can be obtained if an estimate of the steering level wind is used for the initial tracking velocity. The program automatically updates the initial velocity estimate after processing sufficient data to establish a stable estimate. The measure of success of the tracking program was taken as the rate required for the smoothed track velocities to stabilize.

The cell detection and tracking programs were initially developed to process a large number of cells, up to 512 active cell tracks at any one time and to calculate upwards of 30 attributes for each cell, cluster, and fixed contour (echo) region. Processing this amount of data is not possible in a real time environment with storage and display limitations. The basic algorithms for cell detection and tracking have been maintained. The number of tracks to be processed has been reduced by increasing the reflectivity threshold for processing and by incorporating the tangential shear information in the decision process for saving the most important 12 to 16 cells of 30 or more cells that exceed the reflectivity processing threshold. Further storage savings have been accomplished by reducing the number of attributes for each cell.

The cell detection and tracking programs were not coded in efficient manner for operation on the ETSI Interdata 7-32 computer. Extensive program revision was performed to reduce the number of subroutine calls and to revise the addressing procedure to reduce the time required to fetch or store a variable. The result is a streamlined cell detection and tracking program that will handle a reasonable number of active cells during the time required for an azimuth scan. Specifically, over 100 cells can be detected and processed in less than 52 seconds using the Interdata 7-32 programs. The processing time can be reduced further by dynamically varying the reflectivity processing threshold to maintain fewer than say 20 detected cells but this has not been necessary.

The programs to fetch the raw radar data and prepare the data for use in the cell detection program are included in Appendix C and D. The real program is designed to permit data gathering and cell detection on alternate scans. Real-time processing using the cell detection algorithms on every azimuth scan is possible with the Interdata 7-32 computer but will not occur unless considerable effort is expended to develop a new operating system for the computer tailored to use the interrupt and background/foreground processing capabilities of the computer to provide quasi-real-time cell detection and simultaneous real-time radar data acquisition, averaging and storage. Sufficient time is available for all the programs to operate on all the data from a volume scan within the time of a volume scan but the processing of the data from the lower elevation angles will lag behind data acquisition and only catch up on the higher elevation angles.

3. PROGRAMS FOR THE AEG TRACKING AND SIGNIFICANCE ESTIMATOR

3.1 Processing Options

Two programs exist for operation on the LESL. A post mission processing program is available called CRANI that reads previously prepared data from the disk and performs cell detection and tracking. This program is not intended for real time operation and threshold levels may be reduced to allow detection of a large number of cells. The program is intended for post mission data analysis when time is not at a premium and larger amounts of output can be handled by the user. The input data must be prepared for storage on the disk using a modification to the TSI programs generated by Raytheon. The program is called IRI and is listed in Appendix D.

The operational program uses the same cell detection and tracking subroutines but is called from a modified version of the Raytheon provided TSI programs. These programs store the data on one azimuth scan and process the data on the next. Data from the first, third, and fifth scans are processed during the second, fourth, and sixth. During the seventh scan the displays are prepared and the programs are reinitialized for the next cycle of the seven scan sequence.

All the programs generated under this contract for use on the Interdata 7-32 computer are listed in Appendix C and D. CRANI is the post mission main program which calls CONTOR and TRACK. The output from this program is stored on disk for subsequent listing. This program requires the use of a preprocessing program PPRDSC (modified for IRI) written by AFGL personnel and listed in Appendix D. The real time program includes modified versions of the TSI programs supplied by Raytheon. The modified programs are TSEMAIN and the subroutines RMAP and PPRDSC. The CONTOR and TRACK subroutines are called from RMAP. These programs are presented in Appendix C.

3.2 Cell Detection

The cell detection subroutines CONTOR and PLANK were substantially modified to reduce processing time spent in addressing the data arrays. The principal modification was to change all the arrays to single dimen-

sional arrays and to explicitly perform the address calculations in the program. In this way, multiple references to the same array location would not involve the time consuming recalculation of the address for each array reference.

CONTOR was extensively modified to remove the fixed contour attribute generation algorithm. Contour data are still prepared but in the azimuth strobe format used by the TSI display program. No radial-to-radial association is required for this streamlined version of the program significantly decreasing the length and complexity of the program.

PLAKD has been changed only to accept the modified system of addressing and to select only the 16 most significant cells for further processing. Reference to the fixed contour identification tag was also removed from PLAKD since the tags were produced in the association, attribute generation logic of the CONTOR subroutine which was removed for the Interdata version of the program.

5.3 Tracking

The new tracking program consists of the subroutine TRACK which calls COMPAR to perform the cell to track associations. The subroutine COMPAR searches the track list and the cell list from the last scan, and finds all possible pairs for which the goodness of fit measure does not exceed a preselected threshold. The measure is given by

$$M = 1 + |Z_C - Z_T| \cdot W_Z + |A_C - A_T| \cdot W_A + |H_C - H_T| \cdot W_H \\ + [(X_C - X_T)^2 + (Y_C - Y_T)^2] \cdot W_L$$

where M is the measure, the subscripts C refer to cell and T to track and Z is reflectivity, A area, H height and X, Y are centroid locations. The weights W were set by trial and error. The current values are listed in table 1. The best cell, track pairing has the lowest measure; pairings with a measure greater than M_p are not allowed.

Several pairings are possible in a cluster of cells. Subroutine RESOLV selects the best set of cell, track pairs in a cluster. The attributes are updated in ATRAK which is called from COMPAR if there is no cell cluster or from RESOLV if a cluster exists. The subroutine BTRAK

is also called to store cell data in the VR array each time a track is updated. This information is used in calculating the measure M. The VR array data are either from the lowest elevation angle on which the track was observed or from the last elevation angle at which it was observed. The measure used to evaluate the cell, track pairing is the minimum measure obtained using either the last or lowest elevation angle data.

At the end of a volume scan cycle, STRAK is called to calculate the attributes and to output the track data. Only 12 tracks are output from STRAK in the operational version although a maximum of 32 tracks are maintained at any one time. The list of the 16 attributes maintained for each track is given in Table 2.

TABLE 1
TRACKING, WEIGHTS, MAXIMUM
MEASURE AND VELOCITY FILTER

"	W_X	-	1/10	$(\text{dBZ})^{-1}$
	W_A	-	1/25	$(\text{km})^{-3}$
	W_H	-	1/2	$(\text{km})^{-1}$
	W_L	-	1/5	$(\text{km})^{-2}$
	M_P	-	5.	

Velocity Filter:

$$(V)_N = a \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta t} + b (V)_N + c \bar{V}_N$$

$$(V)_E = a \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} + b (V)_E + c \bar{V}_E$$

V = velocity; N,E refer to Northward and Eastward (y,x) components

$\Delta x, \Delta y$ = change in position between volume scans

Δt = time between scans

\bar{V} = average velocity, all cells

$$a = .4 \quad b = .5 \quad c = .3$$

TABLE 2
TRACK ATTRIBUTES

1. Observation Time	(seconds from start of year)
2. East Location	(km)
3. North Location	(km)
4. Average Reflectivity	(dBZ)
5. Volume	(km ³)
6. Peak Reflectivity	(dBZ)
7. Height of Reflectivity Peak	(km)
8. Reflectivity at Lowest Elevation Angle	(dBZ)
9. Area of Cell on Lowest Elevation Angle	(km ²)
10. Height of Cell at Lowest Elevation Angle	(km)
11. Reflectivity at Cell Top	(dBZ)
12. Height of Cell Top	(km)
13. Track Identifier	
14. Smoothed Track Velocity - East	(m/s)
15. Smoothed Track Velocity - North	(m/s)
16. Integrated Tangential Shear	(m/s/km)

4. PROGRAM STATUS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The processing programs are operational on the Interdata 7-32 computer. Experience must now be gained in using the system for the observation of weather. A number of parameters (Table 1) were set in the program on the basis of our experience with the data obtained from our contracts with the FAA and BuRec. It is anticipated that a different radar system operating in a different environment may need a different set of parameters. These parameters, such as the tracking measure weights and the constants in the velocity smoothing filter, are readily changed in the program. Experience with a larger data set is required to obtain the best estimate values for the parameters.

It is recommended that the cell detection and tracking programs be used on available data to develop the required operational experience to adequately use the new displays. The new output attributes are in a form that may be readily adapted to objective warning and forecasting systems.

5. REFERENCES

- Boak, T.I.III, A.J. Jagodnik, Jr., R.B. Marshall, D. Riceman and M.J. Young (1977): "R & D Equipment Information Report, Tracking and Significance Estimator", Final Report, Contract No. F19628-77-C-0148; Raytheon Company; AFGL-TR-77-0259, Air Force Geophysics Laboratory, Hanscom AFB, Massachusetts.
- Crane, R.K. (1976): "Radar Detection of Thunderstorm Hazards for Air Traffic Control, Vol. I Storm Detection", Project Report ATC-67, Vol. I, MIT Lincoln Laboratory, Lexington, Massachusetts.
- Crane, R.K. (1977): "Parameterization of Weather Radar Data for Use in the Prediction of Storm Motion and Development", Final Report Contract No. F19628-76-C-0264, Environmental Research & Technology, Inc.; AFGL-TR-77-0216, Air Force Geophysics Laboratory, Hanscom AFB, Massachusetts.
- Crane, R.K. (1978): "Development of Techniques for Short-Range Precipitation Forecasts", Final Report Contract No. F19628-77-C-0058, Environmental Research & Technology, Inc.; AFGL-TR-78-0005, Air Force Geophysics Laboratory, Hanscom AFB, Massachusetts.

APPENDIX A

Operating Instructions*
CSS Files*
TET Files*
Task Establishment Maps*
Definition of Variables
List of Arrays
List of Common Blocks

*Listings for Real-Time and Post-Mission Programs

REAL-TIME PROGRAM OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

TO EXECUTE REAL-TIME CELL DETECTION AND TRACKING PROGRAM (ERT)

1. Compile each subroutine file:

DCOMPILE ERT1:File Name*

2. Create an object file for each of the compiled subroutine files:

DCALOBJ ERT1:File Name*

3. Delete old task file:

DE ERT1:CRANE.TSK

4. Create a new task file:

ESTAB ERT1:GARY

5. Dispose I/O devices by editing the CSS file:

EDITR CREAL.CSS

6. Execute the program:

CREAL

*List of subroutine file names:

TSEMAIN	ATRAK
TSEDATA	BTRAK
REALTM	COMPAR
INPARM	RESOLV
CONTOR	COMBIN
PEAKD	STRAK
TRACK	

REAL TIME CSS FILE

*

07/19/79 16:56:49

***LISTING FOR CREAL. CSS

\$N

\$JOB

L . BG, ERT1: TSEPARAM

T . BG

AS4, ERT1: TSEPARAM. DAT

ST . 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 09

L . LIB, ERT1: TSERTL. RTL

SE PR 2/0, 1/145. 0

L CRANE, ERT1: CRANE

T CRANE

AS3, CON:

AS5, CON:

AS8, ERT1: PLY

AS9, ERT1: DAT1024

AS10, PPRI:

AS7, PACK: TSEPPI. PAR

AS6, PR:

\$IFNULL 07

AS5, 07

\$ENDC

\$IFNULL 07

AS5, ERT1: TSEDEF. PAR

\$ENDC

AS4, ERT1: TSEPARAM. DAT

ST

\$EXIT

*

REAL TIME TET FILE

*

07/19/79 16:55:46

***LISTING FOR ERT1:GARY.TET

\$N

LOG

JOB ERT

REMOTE

ES TASK

MXSPACE 2800

OPTIONS F

GET 400

PRIORITY 10,10

TCOM TASK/2/RW

TCOM ZSTORE/3/RW

TCOM DONE/4/RW

TCOM EXTRA/5/RW

IN ERT1:TSEMAIN

IN ERT1:TSEDATA

IN ERT1:REALTM

IN ERT1:INPARM

IN ERT1:CONTOR

IN ERT1:PEAKD

IN ERT1:TRACK

IN ERT1:ATRAK

IN ERT1:BTRAK

IN ERT1:COMPAR

IN ERT1:RESOLV

IN ERT1:STRAK

IN ERT1:COMBIN

RESOLVE ERT1:TSERTL

EDIT FVRTL

BU TASK,ERT1:CRANE

MAP

END

*

DATE: 07/19/79 TIME: 16:52:01

JOB: ERT

**** CTOP=0242FE UTOP=023E40 MIN PARTITION= 144 75K ****

PROGRAM SEGMENTS:

SEG	TYPE	NAME	SIZE
0	IMPU		143.75K
3	TCOM	ZSTORE TCM	4.25K
5	TCOM	EXTRA TCM	1.25K
15	RTL	TSERTL RTL	7.75K

PROGRAM LABELS:

000100 TSEMAIN	000620 TSEDATA	003838 ERTRMAP	010A80 ICLOCK
010B70 COS	010CB8 SIN	010DF8 I	010EE8 A
011000 R	011110 SQRT	011210 ALOG10	0112D8 ALOG
011430 EXP	011588 FLOAT	0115A8 IFIX	0115F8 MOD2
011640 ABS	011678 IABS2	011698 H	011708 S
011798 .01	0117A0 .0	011D48 MES	

TASK ENTRY-POINTS:

000664 PPRDSC	00387C RMAP	004204 CONTOR	0049A4 PEAKD
0098EC TRACK	00A0A4 ATRAK	00A87C BTRAK	00AAF4 COMPAR
00BFAC RESOLV	00EFCC STRAK	010764 COMBIN	010A82 ICLOCK
010B72 COS	010B8A COS	010CBA SIN	010CD2 SIN
010DFA I	010EEA A	011002 R	011112 SQRT
01112A SQRT	011212 ALOG10	01122A ALOG10	0112DA ALOG
0112F2 ALOG	01131A LOGRT2	011432 EXP	01144A EXP
01158A FLOAT	0115AA IFIX	0115FA MOD2	011642 ABS
01167A IABS2	01169A H	01170A S	0117A2 .0
0117B2 .01	01192E .01	011D4A MES	

LOCAL COMMON BLOCKS:

011D68 CALB	011D78 MUSIG	011D80 READZ	011D88 SECTOR
011D90 REFL	0129B0 CAL	0129C0 RUNSUM	0139D0 TLIS
0139E8 CALR	016208 SWITCH	020098 AZ2	0200B0 AZM
0200C8 PNTRS	0200D8 INTL	0200E8 ZLOOK	020258 ECONST
020260 MAPPAR	020278 CNT	020288 DATA1	020610 DATA2
021198 DATA3	0214A0 NVLIS	0214B0 FILTER	0214C0 KTA
0214C8 CDRAVS	0222D0 CONST	022300 VPARM	022308 DVAL
022310 CNTRS	022320 FLGS	022330 TMAX	022338 PWORK
0223E8 FIXED	0223F8 PRSTOR	023AE0 THRESH	023AE8 CONPK
023AF0 RSLV	023C78 COMB		

LIBRARY ENTRIES:

0F0002 U	0F0052 V	0F006A P	0F00FA Q
0F0182 OR	0F02C8 OH	0F17E2 CONMSG	0F186A FLOAT2

TASK COMMON BLOCKS:

030000 ZSTORE 050000 EXTRA
END

POST-MISSION PROGRAM OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

TO EXECUTE POST-MISSION CELL DETECTION AND TRACKING PROGRAM (CRANE)

1. Compile each subroutine file:

DCOMPILE ERT1:File Name*

2. Create an object file for each of the compiled subroutine files:

DCALOBJ ERT1:File Name*

3. Delete old task file:

DE ERT1:CRANE.TSK

4. Create a new task file:

ESTAB ERT1:CRANE

5. Dispose I/O devices by editing the CSS file:

EDITR CRANE.CSS

6. Execute the program:

CRANE

*List of subroutine file names:

CRANE	RESOLV
INFARM	COMBIN
CONTOR	STRAK
PEAKD	
TRACK	
ATRAK	
BTRAK	
COMPAR	

POST-MISSION CSS FILE

**Listing of the CRANE.CSS File

\$JOB
SE PA 1 140,2 0,5 0
L 11B,ERT1:TSERT1,RT1
I CRANE,ERT1:CRANE
T CRANE
AS2,NULL:
AS3,PR:
AS4,NULL:
AS6,ERT1:User Defined Output File*
AS7,ERT1:User Defined Calibration File**
AS9,ERT1:User Defined Input Data File***
ST
\$TERMJOB
\$EXIT

*File to which program output is to be sent

**Disk file containing values for the parameters: IOUT, DBB, MAXV,
MAXS, SLOPE, OLDDATA

***Disk file generated by program "ERT"

TET/32 R02-03

POST-MISSION TET FILE

JOB ERT

REMOTE

ES TASK

MXSPACE 2800

OPTIONS F

GET 400

PRIORITY 10,10

TCOM TASK/2/RW

TCOM ZSTORE/3/RW

TCOM DONE/4/RW

TCOM EXTRA/5/RW

IN ERT1:CRANE

IN ERT1:INPARM

IN ERT1:CONTOR

IN ERT1:PEAKD

IN ERT1:TRACK

IN ERT1:ATRAK

IN ERT1:BTRAK

IN ERT1:COMPAR

IN ERT1:RESOLV

IN ERT1:STRAK

IN ERT1:COMBIN

RESOLVE ERT1:TSERTL

EDIT FVRTL

BU TASK, ERT1:CRANE

MAP

POST-MISSION TASK ESTABLISHMENT MAP

0532MT TASK-ESTABLISHMENT LOAD MAP

DATE 07/19/79 TIME 13:10:27

JOB: ERT

**** CTOP=01E3FE UTOP=01E1F8 MIN PARTITION= 121 50K ****

PROGRAM SEGMENTS:

SEG	TYPE	NAME	SIZE
0	IMPU		120 50K
3	TCOM	ZSTORE TCM	4 25K
5	TCOM	EXTRA TCM	2 50K
15	RTL	TSERL RTL	7 75K

PROGRAM LABELS:

000100 ERTRMAP	00E850 COS	00E998 SIN	00EAD8 I
00EBC8 A	00ECE0 R	00EDF0 SQRT	00EEF0 ALOG10
00EFB8 ALOG	00F110 EXP	00F268 FLOAT	00F288 IFIX
00F2D8 ABS	00F310 IABS2	00F330 S	00F3C0 0
00F968 MES			

TASK ENTRY-POINTS:

001FD4 CONTOR	002774 PEAKD	0079BC TRACK	007E74 ATRAK
00864C BTRAK	0088C4 COMPAR	009D7C RESOLV	00CD9C STRAK
00E534 COMBIN	00E852 COS	00E86A COS	00E99A SIN
00E9B2 SIN	00EADA I	00EBCA A	00ECE2 R
00EDF2 SQRT	00EE0A SQRT	00EEF2 ALOG10	00EF0A ALOG10
00EFBA ALOG	00EFD2 ALOG	00EFAA LOGRT2	00F112 EXP
00F12A EXP	00F26A FLOAT	00F28A IFIX	00F2DA ABS
00F312 IABS2	00F332 S	00F3C2 0	00F3D2 01
00F54E 01	00F96A MES		

LOCAL COMMON BLOCKS:

00F988 TLIS	00F9A0 CONST	00F9D0 SWITCH	019860 AZ2
019878 AZM	019890 REFL	01A4B0 PNTRS	01A4C0 INTL
01A4D0 ZLOOK	01A640 ECONST	01A648 MAPPAR	01A660 CNT
01A670 DATA1	01A9F8 DATA2	01B580 DATA3	01B888 NVLIS
01B898 FILTER	01B8A8 KTA	01B8B0 CDRAYS	01C6B8 VPARM
01C6C0 DVAL	01C6C8 CNTRS	01C6D8 FLGS	01C6E8 TMAX
01C6F0 PWORK	01C7A0 FIXED	01C7B0 PRSTOR	01DE98 THRESH
01DEA0 CONPK	01DEA8 RSLV	01E030 COMB	

LIBRARY ENTRIES:

0F0002 U	0F0052 V	0F006A F	0F00FA 0
0F0182 OR	0F02CB OH	0F186A FLOAT2	

TASK COMMON BLOCKS:

030000 ZSTORE	050000 EXTRA
END	

VARIABLE LIST

CRANE & REALTM

+TL1 - lower threshold (dBZ)
 +TL2 - higher threshold (dBZ)
 +RQUANT - threshold quantization factor (dBZ)
 +II & *ZX - intermediate values in dBZ conversion
 +IEOFF - reflectivity offset to insure positive values
 *DB - calibration constant
 *BITVEL - constant used in calculation of velocity
 *BITVAR - constant used in calculation of variance
 *F4WORD - square of variance
 *ELEVAT - raw elevation (encoder units)
 *ELEVAA - elevation in degrees
 +IELSN - elevation in degrees
 +T - time (seconds from start of year)
 +AZ - raw azimuth (deg)
 *AZT - azimuth in degrees
 *A - azimuth in radians
 *AZCHK - azimuth in deg. + 359
 *K - radial counter
 *BGNA - start azimuth (deg)
 *ENDA - stop azimuth (deg)
 *SINA - sin(A)
 *COSA - cos(A)
 *NA - check on first azimuth of new scan
 *NAC - offset multiplier for arrays in CONTOR & PEAKD
 +IDAY - *DAY - Julian date data collected
 +IHR - hour
 +IMIN - minute
 +ISEC - second
 } time scan begins
 *DELTAZ - azimuth increment (radians)
 *PHI - elevation angle (radians)
 *COSPHI - cos(PHI)
 *SINPHI - sin(PHI)
 *EARTH - $6.4857E-5 \text{ (km}^{-1}\text{)}$
 *COSPHI2 - $\text{COSPHI}^2 * \text{EARTH}$
 *AZLAST - azimuth of previous radial (deg)

+ - INTEGER*2

* - REAL

CONTOR

- *IFLAG - intermediate print flag
- *TLS - lower threshold (TLI in CRANE)
- *TATRMN - test on area
- *NEMC - array addressing offset
- *NCEL - cell counter
- *IEMAX, *JMAX - array limits
- *NEM1 - address variable
- *NCL - maximum number of positions
- *TL1 - lower threshold
- *IEM - event counter on first threshold
- *IEM2 - event counter on second threshold
- *IPB - peak start location
- *IP - peak counter
- *IEVENT - event number

* - INTEGER*2

* - REAL

PEAKD

+NBADR,+NCADR,+NBKA,+NCKA - address variables
 +NAX,+NA - radial counter
 +LM - number of variables in UP (Array)
 +LMDP,+NAN,+NAN1,+LMM,+IDX,+NCLM,+LDBM,+LDX,+NPDP,+ID2 - address variables
 *EQUANT - threshold quantization factor
 +KOFST,+LIMT,+NIDP,+MXTR,+KMAX - Array limits
 +IE - event number
 +IEM - number of events on radial
 +IEA,+KIE,+KIEM - address variables on IEM
 +ICEST - event start position
 +ICESP - event end position
 +JEB,+KA,+KB - address variable on event and peak
 +IPL - peak start location
 +IP - peak stop location
 +NTHRES - threshold counter for peak
 +LDB - dB below peak value used to define peak
 +IR1 - range to peak
 +IU - dBZ value at IR1
 +IT - dBZ above threshold at IR1 for LDB thresholds
 +JMXDM - limit on IT
 +KA - address variable on peak thresholds
 +IPT - number of thresholds associated with peak
 +JR - limit on IPT
 +IBGN - first position in event
 +IND - last position in event
 +IU - reflectivity values within event
 +KA - address variable on peak threshold values within event
 +IMXJMX - limit on number of contours per radial
 +IREG - start or stop range of contour
 +IPE - contour counter
 +IADDR & +IEQL - address variables on contour threshold and number
 +KC,+KA,+KZ - address variables on contour thresholds
 +TCVL,+TCVM,+TCVLB - threshold values on a peak
 +NPC - number of contours by threshold on this radial
 +NPL - contour counter by threshold
 +IHBM - start range of contour
 +IHB - IHBM + 1
 +IHD - stop range of contour
 +K,+KY,+KZ - address variables on next threshold
 +LPE - number of contours, this threshold, on radial
 +LPL - contour counter, this threshold
 +NPCEL - ID number for possible cell, this threshold
 +TATC - ID TATR(NPCEL) points to
 +JE1 - first event previous radial
 +JE2 - last event previous radial
 +JEM - address variable on events, previous radial
 +IPB - number of peak thresholds
 +KB,+KBB,+KBA,+KBC - address variables on contour thresholds
 +TBVL - threshold value on a peak
 +NP2 - number of contours on a threshold, previous radial
 +NP1 - contour counter, by threshold, previous radial
 + - INTEGER *2 * - REAL

PEAKD (continued)

- +LPCEL - ID number for possible cell, previous radial
- +IEQL - ID TATR(LPCEL) points to
- +MPC - equals NPCEL if associated
- +JEQL - next higher threshold
- +JN1,+JN2,+JN3,+JN4,+JN5 - address variable on peak
- +IST - start range of contour
- +ISP - stop range of contour
- *R - area per azimuth degree at peak range
- +IU - reflectivity at that range
- *RU - reflectivity weighted area
- *SAZ - sin(azimuth)
- *CAZ - cos(azimuth)
- +KNN,+KN - address variable on NPCEL
- +IMDX - address variable on second threshold of peak
- +IND,+INDX,+LNX - address variable on LPCEL
- +IN,+IEQL - address variable on LPCEL
- +JEQL - area address of NPCEL pointed to by area of LPCEL
- +IPTT - number of peak thresholds
- +KTI,+KTA,+KTB - address variables on contour threshold
- +NPCT - number of contours, this threshold
- +IEQL - threshold value
- +INDXT - address variable on NPCEL
- +NIMN - number of possible cells tested so far
- +NIDP - limit on number of possible cells
- +IE - event number
- +IPT - number of peak thresholds in event
- +NPC - number of thresholds this peak
- +NCVM - threshold value on peak
- +NPL - contour counter

+ - INTEGER*2

* - REAL

PEAKD (continued)

- +I - each position out the radial
- +IA - address variable on I
- +IEQL - ID value at each position
- +J - event number on previous radial
- +JA - address variable on J
- +IPB - number of peak thresholds in event
- +KA,+KAP,+KAM - address variables on event and threshold
- +NP - number of contours, this threshold, on previous radial
- +ITERM - code for eliminating possible cell
- +MG - address in UP (array) for measure of cell significance
- +LMT - limit on number of cells to be carried in order of significance
- +JK1 - address variable on previous radial
- +JKL - address variable on current radial

+ - INTEGER*2

TRACK

*VKM - cos (elevation) x conversion m to km
*SAVKM - unit area convert from m^2 to km^2
+MA - address in ECL (array) of measure of cell significance
+M - cell counter
+M1,+M2,+M3,+M4,+M5,+M6,+M7 - address of each attribute in ECL (array) by cell
+KOFST,+NAN2 - array addressing offset
*VKME - convert reflectivity weighted line of sight distance to horizontal dist.
*FNSN,+NSCAN - scan counters
+KTL - time
+JDAY,+IDAY - Julian date
+JHR,+IHR
+JMIN,+IMIN } start time of first scan in sequence
+JSEC,+ISEC
+NC - cell number (current scan)
+NCG,+NCBG,+NCB - NC to pass through common
+NVMIN,+NVMX,+NCMX - number of significant cells detected this scan
+IELSN - current elevation angle
+IESNL - elevation angle last scan

ATRAK

+NCEC - address offset on NC
+NVVC - address offset on NV
+NC - cell counter for ECL (array)
+NV - cell counter for VCL (array)
+NCA - address variable on NC
+NVA - address variable on NV
+IZ - cell reflectivity
*X - cell position east [(-)west]
*Y - cell position north [(-)south]
*H - cell height
+IZL - offsetted reflectivity
*Z - reflectivity
*HL - height of last cell
+IZP - peak reflectivity

BTRAK

+NCEC - address offset on NC
+NVVR - address offset on NV
+NC - cell counter for ECL (array)
+NV - cell counter for VR (array)
+NVA - address variable on NV
+NCA - address variable on NC

+ - INTEGER*2

* - REAL

COMPAR

- +NCMX - number of cells detected this scan
- +IM,+JM - array limits
- +NC - cell numbers detected this scan
- +NCEC - address offset on NC
- +(NC1 to NC6) - address variables on NC
- +NV - cell numbers tracked from previous scans
- +NVVC - address offset on NV for VCL (array)
- +NVVR - address offset on NV for VR (array)
- +NLR - address variable on NV
- *ATEST - estimate of cell NV's movement from last scan to this scan
- *DELT - time since last scan
- *DELX, DELY - distance on X & Y coordinates between cell NV and NC
- *DELW - a measure of the association between NV and NC using reflectivity,
location, area, height
- +JO - overflow of D and ID (arrays)
- +NSCAN - scan number
- +IO - overflow of IUV (arrays)
- *DX - DELW of a previous association with this NC cell
- +NVT - NV previously associated with this NC cell
- +NCT - NC previously associated with this NV cell
- *DX - DELW of a previous association with this NV cell
- +NVMX - number of active cell tracks
- +NCR - NC cell to test NV cells against
- +NVB - NV } associated
- +NCB - NC }
- *HCT - update height

* - INTEGER*2

* - REAL

RESOLV

*NVT - NV associated with NCT
+I - number of NV associations on this NCT
+JX - number of NC cells associated with 1 NV cells
*NCT - NC associated with NVT
+I - number of NC associations on this NVT
+JX - number of NV cells associated with 1 NC cells
*NVT - NV cell that NC cell is associated with (highest DELW - down)
+JV - number of cells associated to this NV cell
*KV - maximum number of associations to one NV cell
*IVS - NV cell association on
+LC - counts NC cells checked
*NCT - same as NVT but NC on NV
+JC - same as JV but on an NC cell
*KC - same as KV but on an NC cell
*ICS - NC cell association on
+IX - counts NV cells checked
+NV - NV cell that NC cell is associated with
+KA, +KA2, +KA1 - address variables on KC
+NC - NC cell that NV cell is associated with
+IMSM - counts associations on NV other than NC
*DELW - measure of compare
*DWT - minimum measure of compare
+NV - cell with DWT
+KNC - counts cells with too many associations
*DELT - test on cell velocity
+NVT1 - next NV cell associated with NC (in order of DELW)
*DWT1 - minimum measure on NVT1
+NV1 - cell with DWT1
*DELW1 - test on NV1
*DELW2 - test on NV
*HTE - update height

+ - INTEGER*2

- INTEGER*4

* - REAL

STRAK

- +NVA - address offset on NV
- +(NV1 to NV41) - address variables on NV for VCL (array)
- +NVR - address offset on NV
- +(NR1 to NR6) - address variables on NV for VR (array)
- +NV - cell counter
- *VXT - velocity east [(-)west]
- *VYT - velocity north [(-)south]
- *DELTm - time since last scan
- +IZVAL - reflectivity
- +IDTC - percent of scans cell was detected
- *VXC - sum of eastward velocity components
- *VYC - sum of northward velocity components
- +NPN - number of scans processed
- +NSN - number of velocity values summed in VXC and VYC
- *VX - average eastward velocity of all cells
- *VY - average northward velocity of all cells
- +NVSCN - number of volume scans
- +KTL - time of last scan

+ - INTEGER*2

* - REAL

LIST OF ARRAYS - THEIR SIZE AND CONTENT

In CRANE

ANC(1028) - header information - INTEGER*4
ZEE(1024) - raw data - INTEGER*4
IREF(1024) - reflectivity - INTEGER*2
IVEL(1024) - radial velocity - INTEGER*2
IVAR(1024) - variance - INTEGER*2

RE(1025) - decoded reflectivity - INTEGER*2
IVELL(256) - decoded velocity - INTEGER*2
IDVEL(256) - tangential shear - INTEGER*2
ZARY(91) - convert reflectivity to dBZ - REAL

In CONTOR

ICL(44)* - start position of event - INTEGER*2
IC2(44)* - stop position of event - INTEGER*2

IDC(22) - number of peaks in each event - INTEGER*2
IPRNG(34) - location of peaks - INTEGER*2

IC21(22) - start position of event on second threshold - INTEGER*2
IC22(22) - stop position of event on second threshold - INTEGER*2

*array contains indicated parameter(s) on the current radial, offsetted
from the same parameter(s) on the previous radial

In PEAKD

T(80) - all possible thresholds a peak may have - INTEGER*2
TC(1980)* - thresh of each peak - INTEGER*2
IPTC(44)* - number of thresholds in each event - INTEGER*2
IPCNT(1980)* - contour counter - INTEGER*2
IPCI(5400)* - start range of contour segment - INTEGER*2
IPC2(5400)* - end range of contour segment - INTEGER*2
IPC3(5400)* - number of peaks within the segment - INTEGER*2

TATR(1400) - temporary attribute array - stores peak attributes until a
cell is detected or peak discarded - REAL
IACT(70) - overflow (too many peaks) - INTEGER*2

UP(6) - cell attributes - REAL

- 1 - area
- 2 - reflectivity
- 3 - location in km east of radar
- 4 - location in km north of radar
- 5 - tangential shear
- 6 - a measure of relating cell significance = $\text{const} * \text{area} + \tan \text{shear}$

*array contains indicated parameter(s) on the current radial, offsetted
from the same parameter(s) on the previous radial

PEAKD & TRACK: ECL (7x16x2)

(I,N,NAN1)

I	variable		
1	area surf	real	
2	dBZ	real	
3	east	real	
4	north	real	
5	range	real	
6	height	real	defined in TRACK
7	tang shear	real	

ATRAK: VCL (23x32)

(I,N)

I	variable			
1	east (X)	real		
2	north (Y)	real		
3	dBZ	int*4		
4	area surf	real	set in ATRAK	lowest elevation
5	time	int*4	def in CRANE	angle only
6	height	real		
7	range	real		
8	NT; track ID	int*4	def in ATRAK	
9	E #scans each det.	int*4		
10	EE	real		
11	EEEX	real		
12	EEY	real		updated each
13	EE(H-HL)xArea	real		scan
14	H summit (HT last)	real		
15	dBZ summit	int*4		
16	dBZ peak	int*4		
17	H peak	real		
18	X	real	def in STRAK	
19	Y	real		undated each
20	time	int*4		vol scan
21	Vel x	real		
22	Vel y	real		
23	E tang shear	real	def in ATRAK	updated each scan

STRAK- TCL (21)

(1)

I	variable	
1	time	int*4
2	\bar{X}	real
3	\bar{Y}	real
4	\bar{Z}	real
5	(H-HL)xArea	real
6	(not used)*	
7	dBZ peak	int*4
8	H peak	real
9	(not used)	
10	dBZ	int*4
11	area surf	real
12	height	real
13	(not used)	
14	(not used)	
15	dBZ summit	int*4
16	H summit	real
17	ABS(NT) TRAKID	int*4
18	(not used)	
19	(not used)	
20	$\Delta\bar{X}/\Delta T$	real
21	$\Delta\bar{Y}/\Delta T$	real

*array locations not used in the current version of the program

In COMPAR

track cells from previous scan (NV) to cells in current scan (NC)

IUC1(16) - points to NV each NC is associated with - INTEGER*2
i.e. IUC1(NC) = NV

IC(16) - stores the "measure" of the above association - INTEGER*2

IUC2(16) - if one NC is associated with more than one NV then IUC2(NC) \neq 0 - INTEGER*2

IUV1(32) - points to NC each NV is associated with - INTEGER*2

IUV(32) - stores the "measure" of the above association - INTEGER*2

IUV2(32) - if one NV is associated with more than one NC then IUV2(NV) \neq 0 - INTEGER*2

IC(32x10) - if IUC2(NC) \neq 0 - INTEGER*2
IC(1,1) = number of conflicts
IC(1,2-10) = the NV's associated with

C(32x9) - stores the measures of each NC-NV association - REAL

ID(32x10) - same as the IC(array) for conflicts on NV - INTEGER*2

D(32x9) - stores the measures of each NV-NC association - REAL

In RESOLV

IV(32,7) - ordered IC(array) or ID(array) - INTEGER*2

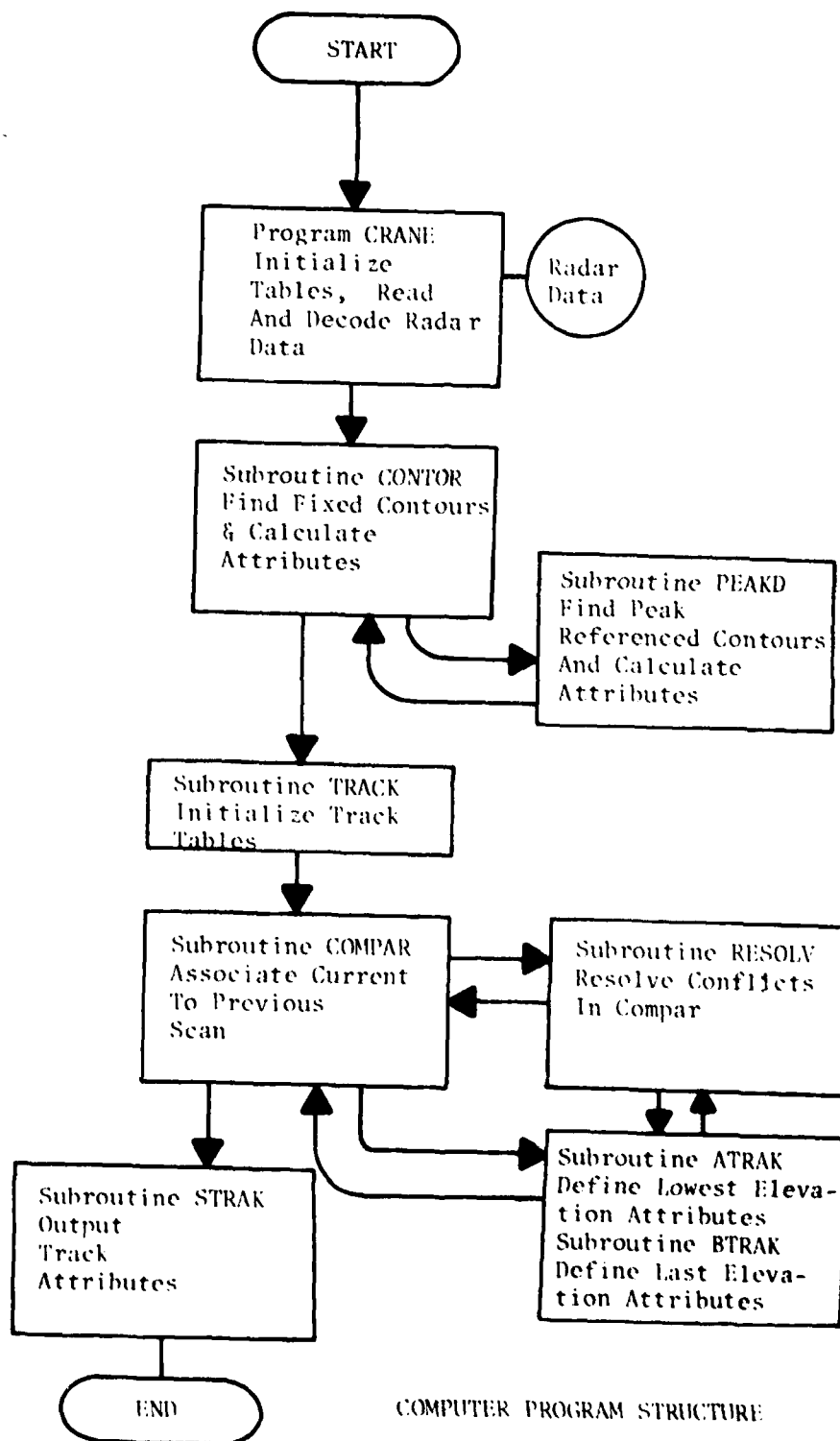
V(384) - stores the measures of the tested associations - REAL

LIST OF COMMON BLOCKS AND THEIR ASSOCIATED ROUTINES

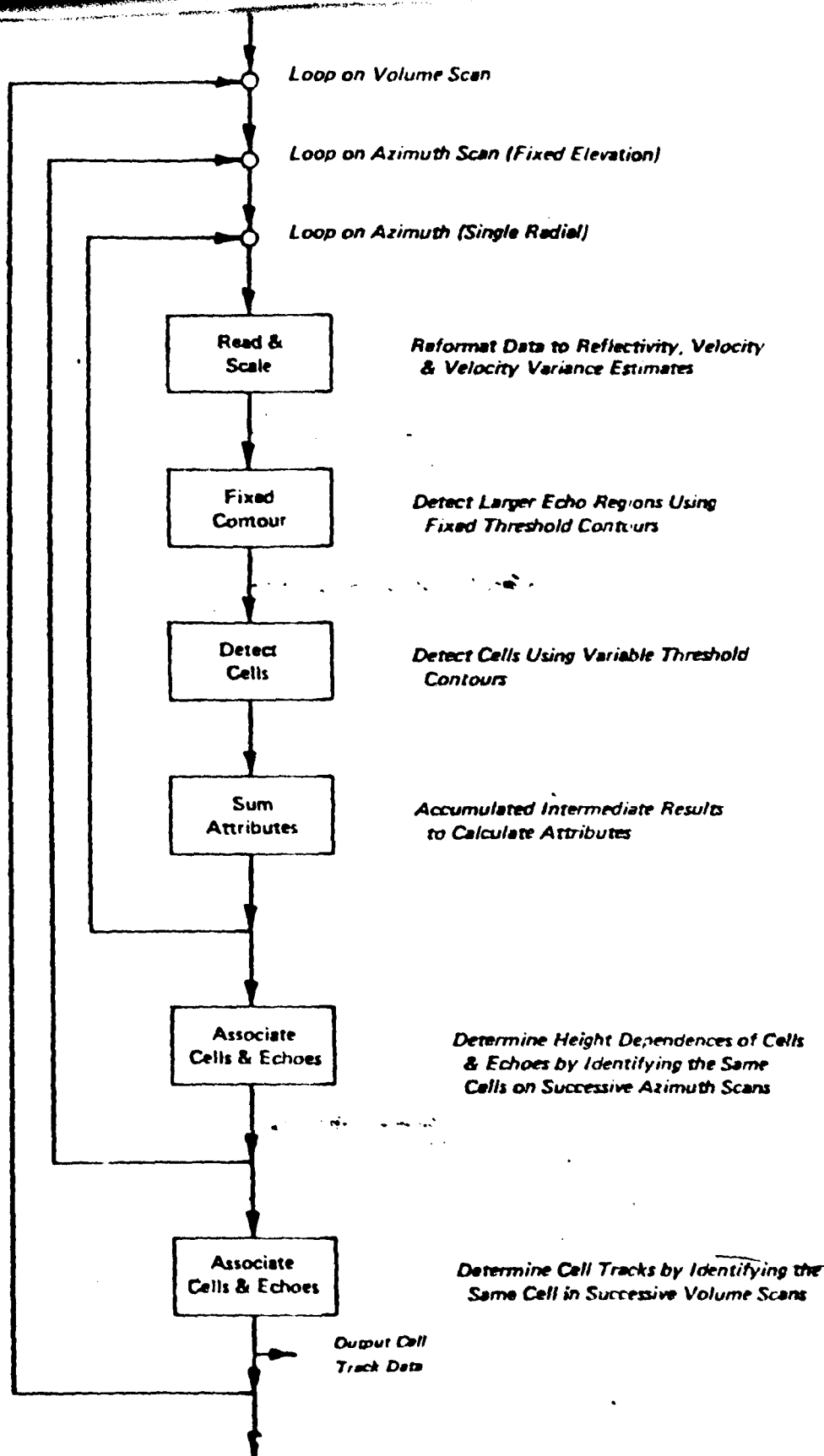
		BLOCK									
BLOCK NAME/SIZE*	CRANE	DATA	CONTOR	PEAKD	TRACK	ATRAK	BTRAK	COMPAR	RESOLV	STRAK	COMBIN
AZM (4.5)	X	X	X	X							
AZ2 (6)	X	X	X	X	X						
CDRAYS (897)		X						X	X		
CLST (257)	X	X			X	X		X	X	X	
CNT (3)	X				X			X	X		
CNTRS (3)		X									
CONPIC (1)			X	X							
CONST (12)		X						X	X	X	
DATA1 (226)	X	X		X	X	X	X	X		X	
DATA2 (737)	X	X				X		X	X	X	
DATA3 (193)	X	X					X	X		X	
DVAL (1)		X				X					
ECONST (2)	X	X			X						
EXTRA (597.5)	X										
FILTER (3)	X	X	X	X							
FIXED (2.5)		X	X	X							
FLGS (3.5)		X				X		X	X	X	
INTL (3)	X	X			X	X		X	X	X	
KTA (2)					X	X		X	X		
KTB (1)					X		X	X	X		
MAPPAR (4.5)	X										
NVLIS (4)	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	
PNTRS (4)	X	X			X	X		X	X	X	
PRSTOR (1465)		X	X	X							
PWORK (43.5)		X	X	X							
REFL (775)	X	X	X	X							
RSLV (72.5)								X	X		
SWITCH (1047.5)	X		X	X							
THRESH (.5)		X	X	X							
TLIS (5)	X				X	X	X	X		X	
TMAX (.5)		X								X	
VPARM (2)		X						X		X	
ZLOOK (91.5)	X	X				X					
ZSTORE (1028)	X										

*size is number of 32 bit words

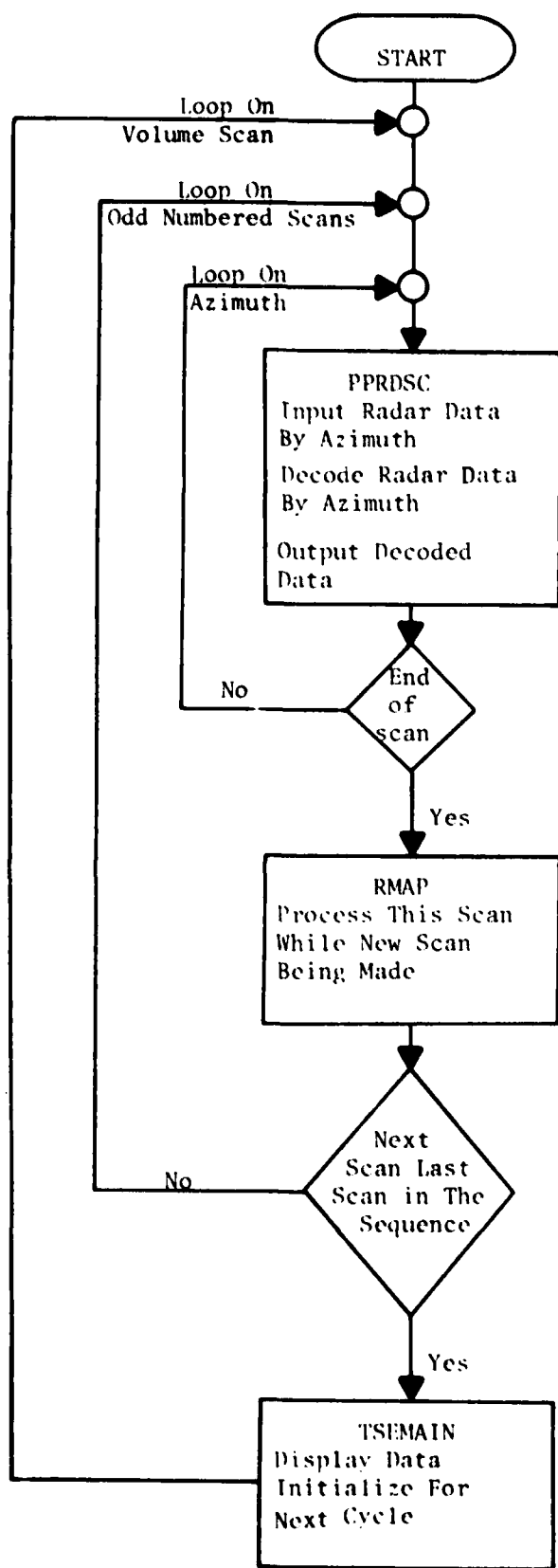
APPENDIX B
FLOW CHARTS



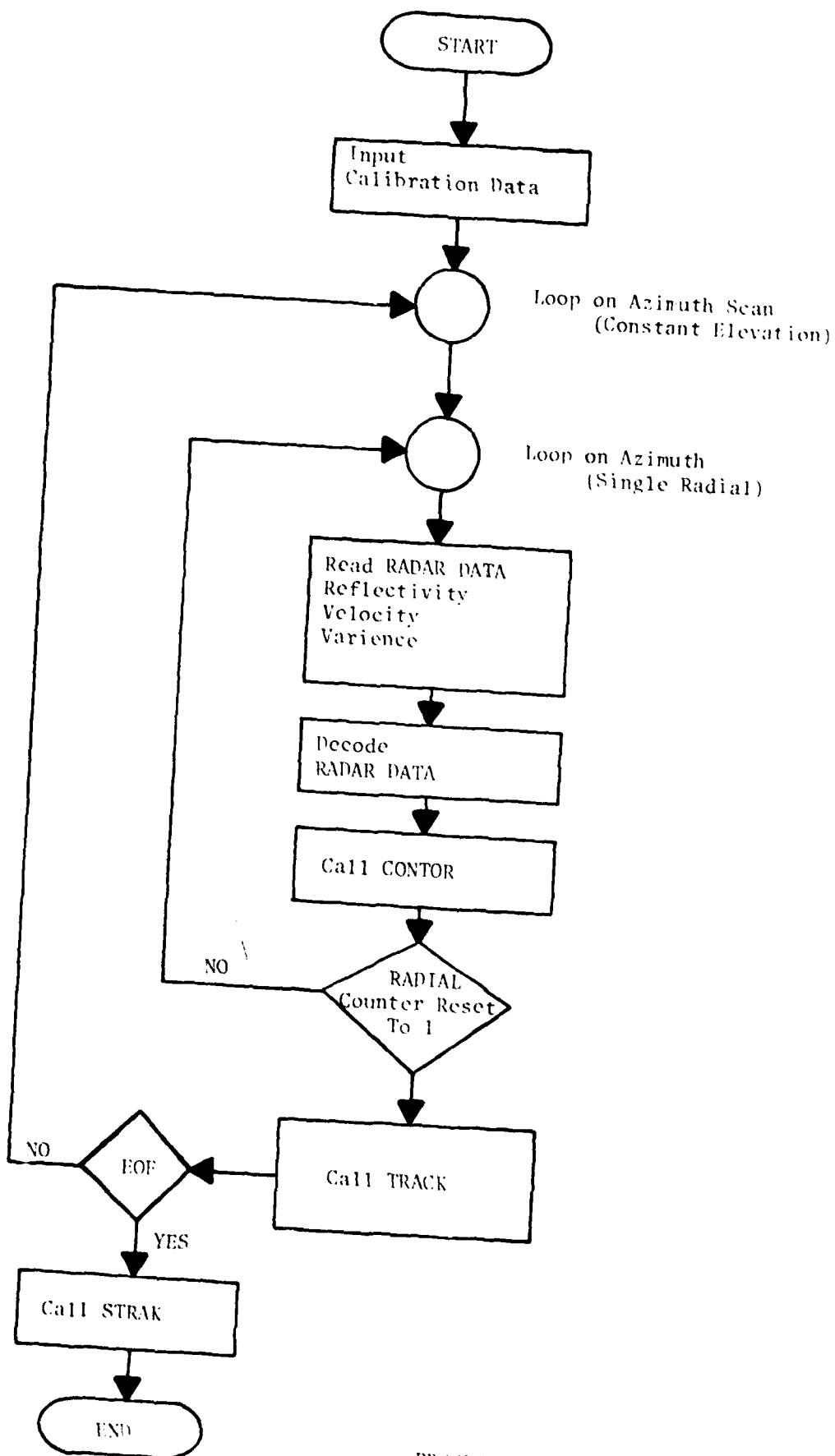
COMPUTER PROGRAM STRUCTURE



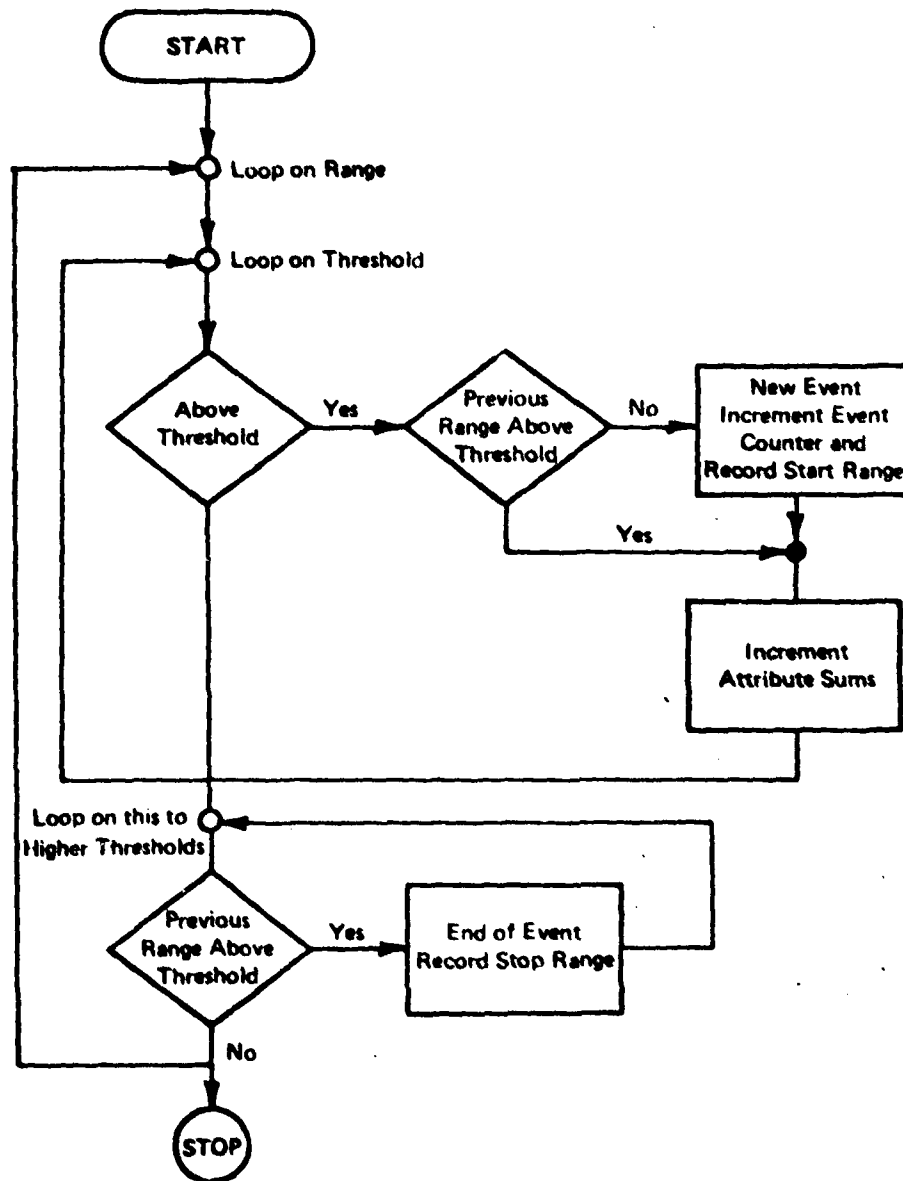
Overall Processing Scheme



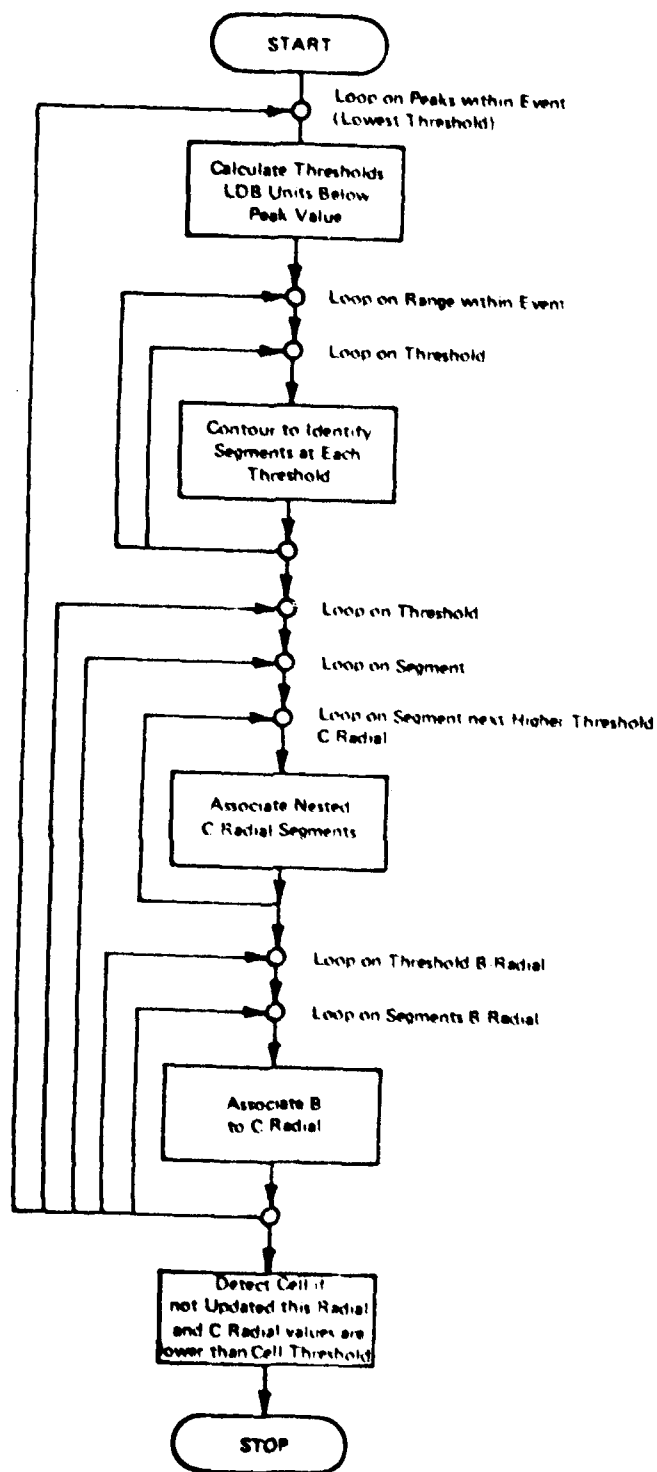
REAL TIME PROCESSING SCHEME



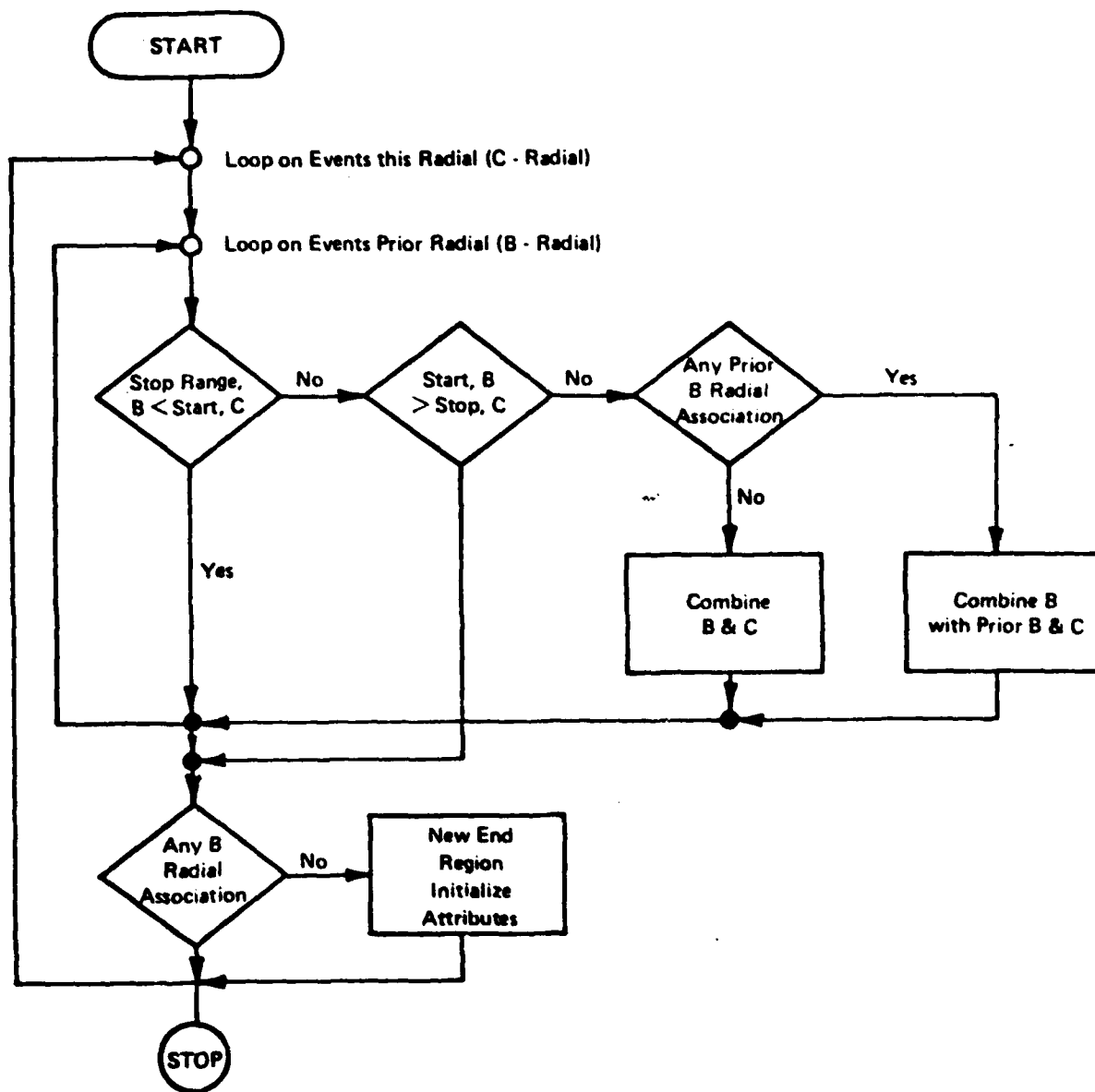
PROGRAM CRANE



Event Identification
Subroutine CONTOR

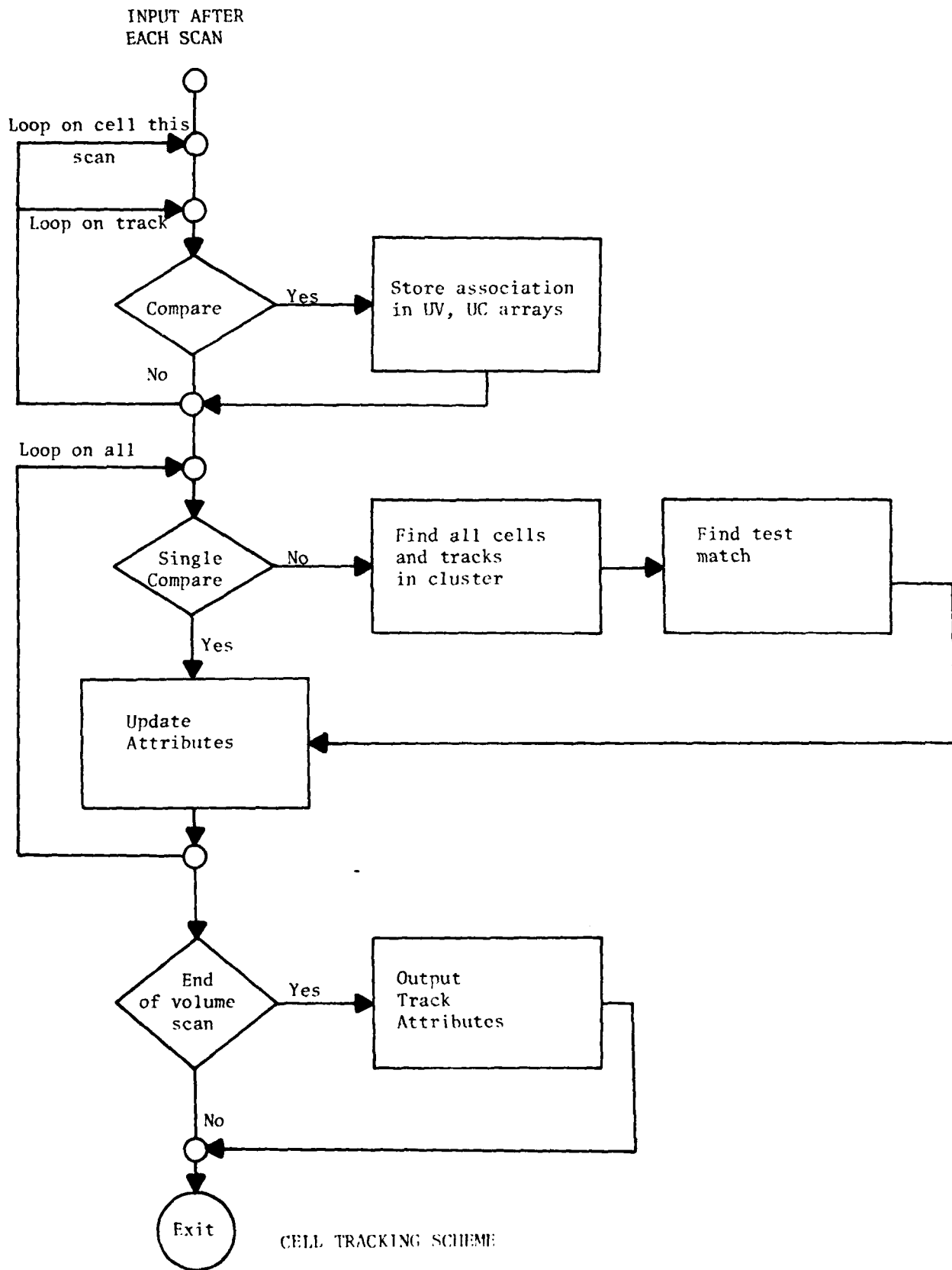


Peak Detection
Subroutine PEAKD



Event Association

Subroutine PEAKD



APPENDIX C
REAL-TIME VERSION

```

*
07/19/79 16:31:48
***LISTING FOR ERT1:TSEMAIN.FTN
$N
$ASSM
      NORX3
TSEMAIN  PROG
$FORT
$TITL  FILE TSEMAIN - MAIN PROGRAM FOR ETSE
      IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (A-Z)
      REAL DB,BITVEL
      INTEGER*2 RHO, TFSO, GRND, I, ZERO, T, TSY, STOP, ZTH, TFS, K, BETA
      INTEGER*2 INDCTR, ANG(7), DISPLA, MMU, SIGMA, ELEV(2)
      INTEGER*4 TIME, RSAVE(16), SECOND, NRCEAD
      INTEGER*4 NEXTIM, ITIME
      REAL PCTMIN, RRAREA
      COMMON /CALB/ DB, BITVEL, NRC
      COMMON /MUSIG/ PCTMIN, MMU, SIGMA
      COMMON /READZ/ NRCEAD, OLD
      COMMON /SECTOR/ INDCTR
      COMMON /EXTRA/ RHO, GRND, ZTH, BETA, K, RRAREA(12, 24), RHO2, ZTH2, BETA2,
1PCT2, MMU2, SIGMA2, MINUT2, ANG2(6), CHANGE
      EQUIVALENCE (DISPLA, ANG(1)), (DEMAND, ANG(6)), (ELEV(1), ANG(4))
      EQUIVALENCE (ANGLE, ANG(2)), (OLDDATA, ANG(7))
      DATA DISPLA/4/, NLEVEL/3/
      REWIND 4
      INDCTR=0
10000  CONTINUE
$ASSM
      FREZE
      COPY  SVC1.
      STM   0, RSAVE
READ    SVC   1, READBLOK      READ IN DISPLAY, ANGLES
      LH    R0, READBLOK+SVC1. STA READ IN DEVICE STATUS
      BNZ   IOERR              BRANCH IF NOT ZERO
      LH    R0, ANGLE          LOAD IN BEGINNING ANGLE
      CHI   R0, 360            LESS THAN 360?
      BNL   ALLD              NO, FULL SCAN
      LIS   R0, 1
      STH   R0, INDCTR        INDCTR=1
ALLD    LM     0, RSAVE
$FORT
      READ(7, 333) IOUT, DBB, MAXV, MAXS, SLOPE
      333  FORMAT(I3)
      BITVEL=MAXV
      DB=65.28
      READ(5, 110) RHO, ZTH, BETA, IPCTMN, MMU, SIGMA, MINUTE
      110  FORMAT(I3)
      CHANGE=0
      PCTMIN=IPCTMN*0.01
      SECOND=MINUTE*60
      OLD=OLDDATA
      50   CONTINUE
      CALL ICLOCK(2, TIME)
      NEXTIM=TIME+SECOND
      SVELE=ANG(5)
      ANG(5)=ANG(4)+5
      DO 51 N=1, NLEVEL
      CALL PPRDSC(ANG)
      CALL RMAP
      ANG(5)=SVELE
      51  CONTINUE
      CALL PPRDSC(ANG)

```

```

C      CALL TSEPLT<DISPLA>
      IF<CHANGE>55, 55, 52
      CHANGE=0
52     IF<RHO2. NE. (-1)>RHO=RHO2
      IF<PCT2. NE. (-1)>IPCTMN=PCT2
      IF<MMU2. NE. (-1)>MMU=MMU2
      IF<SIGMA2. NE. (-1)>SIGMA=SIGMA2
      IF<ZTH2. NE. (-1)>ZTH=ZTH2
      IF<BETA2. NE. (-1)>BETA=BETA2
      IF<MINUT2. NE. (-1)>MINUTE=MINUT2
      DO 54 I=1, 6
      IF<ANG2(I). NE. (-1)>ANG(I)=ANG2(I)
54     CONTINUE
      PCTMIN=IPCTMN*0.01
      SECOND=60*MINUTE
55     IF<DEMAND-1>56, 75, 50
56     CALL ICLOCK<2, ITIME>
      IF<ITIME. GT. TIME>GO TO 58
      IF<NEXTIM. LE. 86400>GO TO 50
      NEXTIM=NEXTIM-86400
58     IF<NEXTIM. LT. ITIME>GO TO 50
60     CONTINUE
$ASSM
R0      EQU    0
R1      EQU    1
R2      EQU    2
R3      EQU    3
R4      EQU    4
      STM      R0, RSAVE
      L         R1, NEXTIM
      ST        R1, SVCTIM
      SVC       2, TIMBLK
      LM        R0, RSAVE
                                STORE TIME OF DAY
                                TIME OF DAY WAIT
                                RETURN TO FORTRAN
$FORT
      GO TO 50
75     PAUSE 0
      GO TO 50
$ASSM
      ALIGN 4
IOERR   EXBR    R1, R0
      NHI      R1, X'00FF'
      CHI      R1, X'88'
      BE       ALLD
      CHI      R1, X'90'
      BE       ALLD
      SVC      2, ERRCODE
      SVC      2, ERRBLOK
      SVC      2, PAUSE
      B        READ
                                END OF FILE?
                                YES, FULL SCAN, DEFAULT DISPLAY
                                END OF MEDIUM
                                YES, FULL SCAN, DEFAULT DISPLAY
      ALIGN 4
      READBLOK EQU    *
      DB       X'58'
      DB       4
      DC       H'0'
      DC       A<DISPLA>
      DC       A<OLDATA+1>
      DSF      3
                                PRINT OUT ERR MSG TO CONSOLE
                                PAUSE
                                TRY AGAIN
      ALIGN 4
      READBLOK EQU    *
      DB       X'58'
      DB       4
      DC       H'0'
      DC       A<DISPLA>
      DC       A<OLDATA+1>
      DSF      3
                                READ BINARY AND WAIT
                                LU 4
                                STATUS
                                BEGINNING OF BUFFER
                                END OF BUFFER
      ALIGN 4
ERRCODE EQU    *
      DB       0
      DB       6
      DC       H'0'
      DC       A<ERCD>
      DSF      3
                                4 CHRS OF ASCII HEX
                                TO ERROR MSG
      ALIGN 4
ERRBLOK EQU    *

```

```

(      DB      7
      DC      H'30'          30 CHRS
ERCD   DC      C'
      DC      C'I/O ERROR IN RTN TSEMAIN'
      ALIGN 4
PAUSE  EQU      *
      DB      0,1
      ALIGN 4
TIMBLK EQU      *
      DB      0
      DB      10          CODE 10
      DB      0,0
SVCTIM DC      F'0'          TIME OF DAY
$FORT
      END
*
```

*
07/19/79 17:07:53
***LISTING FOR ERT1:TSEDATA.FTN

\$N
\$ASSM

SCRAT
SQUEZ 3

TSEDATA PROG

\$FORT

\$TITL FILE TSEDATA - DATA INPUT SUBROUTINE FOR ETSE

SUBROUTINE PPRDSC(ANG)

IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (A-Z)

INTEGER*4 PPRI(1028), PPRI2(1028), RSAVE(16)

+, RAW, DECOD(1028), DECOD2(1028)

REAL DB, BITVEL

INTEGER*2 IREF(1024), IVEL(1024), IVELL(1024),

+IREF2(1024), IVEL2(1024)

INTEGER*4 PPRANG

INTEGER*2 ANG(6), RE(1025), HR(258), TL1, TL2, RQUANT

EQUIVALENCE (PPRANG, PPRI(3)), (PP, PPRI(2))

EQUIVALENCE (DECOD(5), IREF(1)), (DECOD(517), IVEL(1)),

+(DECOD2(5), IREF2(1)), (DECOD2(517), IVEL2(1))

COMMON /REFL/ RE, HR, NCL, NID, NIDP, INCL, IMX,

+IMN, TL1, TL2, RQUANT, IDVEL(258)

COMMON /CAL/DB, BITVEL, NRC

COMMON /SECTOR/INDCTR

COMMON /ZSTORE/PPRI

COMMON /RUNSUM/PPRI2

CALL CONMSG(6, 'PPRDSC')

2 REWIND 9

NAZ=0

ELEV1=ANG(4)*11.37778

ELEV2=ANG(5)*11.37778

IF(INDCTR.EQ.2)INDCTR = 0

IF (INDCTR.EQ. 0)GO TO 1

CW = ANG(3) - ANG(2)

IF (CW.GT. 180) CW = CW - 360

IF (CW.LT. (-180)) CW = 360 + CW

IF (CW.LT. 0) CW = 0

IF (CW.GT. 0) CW = 15

BGNA = 11.37778 * ANG(2)

ENDA = 11.37778 * ANG(3)

BGNA=MOD(BGNA,4096)

ENDA=MOD(ENDA,4096)

IF(ENDA.GT.4086)ENDA=0

STPFLG = 0

NITG=4

NRC=768

IF (CW.GT. 0 .AND. ENDA.LT. BGNA) STPFLG = 1

IF (CW.EQ. 0 .AND. ENDA.GT. BGNA) STPFLG = 1

IF(BGNA.GT.10 .AND. BGNA.LT.4086)GO TO 1

BGNA=0

STPFLG=2

1 CONTINUE

10000 CONTINUE

\$ASSM

FREZE

CROSS

COPY SVC1.

R0 EQU 0

R1 EQU 1

R2 EQU 2

R3 EQU 3

R5	EQU	5	
R6	EQU	6	
R14	EQU	14	
R15	EQU	15	
R13	EQU	13	
R6	EQU	6	
	STM	0, RSAVE	
	L	R4, WAITREAD+SVC1. SAD	
	AIS	R4, 15	
	ST	R4, WAITREAD+SVC1. EAD	
	BAL	R13, WREAD	
	LIS	R1, 4	
	L	R0, PPRI(R1)	
	NHI	R0, 3	
	AIS	R0, 1	
	SLLS	R0, 8	
	AIS	R0, 4	
	SLLS	R0, 2	
	SIS	R0, 1	
	L	R4, PPRI BLK+SVC1. SAD GET BEGINNING ADDRESS	
	AR	R4, R0	COMPUTE END ADDRESS
	ST	R4, PPRI BLK+SVC1. EAD STORE IN EAD	
	L	R4, WAITREAD+SVC1. SAD	
	AR	R4, R0	
	ST	R4, WAITREAD+SVC1. EAD SAME NUMBER	
	L	R4, OUTBLK+SVC1. SAD	
	AHI	R4, 1028*4-1	
	ST	R4, OUTBLK+SVC1. EAD	
	L	R4, PPRI BLK2+SVC1. SAD GET NEXT BEGINNING ADDR	
	AR	R4, R0	COMPUTE END ADDRESS
	ST	R4, PPRI BLK2+SVC1. EAD STORE IN SVC BLOCK	
	L	R4, OUTBLK2+SVC1. SAD	
	AHI	R4, 1028*4-1	
	ST	R4, OUTBLK2+SVC1. EAD	
	LD AI	R15, PPRI	
	LD AI	R14, PPRI2	
	LCS	R6, 1	SET R6 TO -1 FOR COUNTER
DETECT	BAL	R13, WREAD	READ IN AN AZIMUTH
	LH	R1, 8(R15)	LOAD IN AZIMUTH DATA
	NHI	R1, X'FFF'	AND OUT UNWANTED BITS
	BAL	R13, WREAD	GET ANOTHER AZIMUTH
	LH	R2, 8(R15)	GET AZIMUTH DATA
	NHI	R2, X'FFF'	AND OUT UNWANTED BITS
	CR	R1, R2	COMPARE TWO AZIMUTHS
	BL	CWISE	IF R1<R2, RADAR IS GOING CWISE
	LIS	R3, 0	DIRECTION FLAG
	B	WHATIZIT	CONTINUE
CWISE	LIS	R3, 15	DIR 15LAG = CW
WHATIZIT	LH	R4, INDCR	SECTOR SCAN OR FULL CIRCLE?
	BZ	EDETECT	FULL CIRCLE
	CH	R3, CW	IS DIRECTION OF ROTATION CORRECT?
	BNE	DETECT	WRONG DIRECTION, WAIT
	OR	R3, R3	WHICH DIRECTION IS IT?
	BZ	CCW	COUNTER CLOCKWISE
	LH	R5, STPFLG	
	THI	R5, 2	CASE 2?
	BNZ	CW CASE 2	CW CASE 2
CMP1	CH	R2, BGNA	ANGLE < BGNA?
	BL	WAIT	YES, GET READY
	B	DETECT	NO, TRY AGAIN
CW CASE 2	CHI	R2, X'800'	ANGLE > 180?
	BL	CMP1	NO, ALL OK
	SHI	R2, X'1000'	YES, SUBTRACT 360
	B	CMP1	
CCW	LH	R5, STPFLG	

	BNZ	CCWCASE2	
CMP2	CH	R2, BGNA	ANGLE > BGNA?
	BL	DETECT	NO, TRY AGAIN
WAIT	BAL	R13, WREAD	YES, GET READY
	LR	R1, R2	
	LH	R2, 8(R15)	GET NEXT AZIMUTH
	NHI	R2, X'FFF'	AND OUT UNWANTED BITS
	CR	R1, R2	
	BL	CW3	
	LIS	R3, 0	
CMP6	CH	R3, CW	
	BNE	DETECT	
	OR	R3, R3	
	BZ	CCW2	
	THI	R5, 2	CASE 2?
	BNZ	WCWCASE2	YES, BRANCH
CMP3	CH	R2, BGNA	ANGLE > BGNA?
	BL	WAIT	NO, KEEP WAITING
READ1	LH	R2, 12(R15)	
	NHI	R2, X'FFF'	
	CHI	R2, 681	
	BP	ZERO	
ELDET	CH	R2, ELEV1	
	BM	DETECT	
	CH	R2, ELEV2	
	BP	DETECT	
	AIS	R6, 1	INCREMENT COUNTER
	BNP	DETECT	DO IT TWICE TO BE SURE!
READ	BAL	R13, GOREAD	YES, START READING
	LH	R2, PPRANG	
	NHI	R2, X'FFF'	
	OR	R3, R3	
	BZ	CCW1	BRANCH IF COUNTER CLOCKWISE
	THI	R5, 1	CASE 1?
	BNZ	CWCASE1	YES, BRANCH
	CH	R2, ENDA	ANGLE > ENDA?
	BNL	DONE	YES, ALL DONE
	B	READ	NO, KEEP READING
CW3	LIS	R3, 15	
	B	CMP6	
ZERO	LIS	R2, 0	59.5 DEG = 0
	B	ELDET	
CWCASE1	CH	R2, BGNA	ANGLE < BGNA?
	BNL	READ	YES, KEEP READING
	CH	R2, ENDA	NO, ARE WE DONE YET?
	BNL	DONE	YES
	B	READ	NO, KEEP READING
CCW1	THI	R5, 1	CHECK FOR CASE 1
	BNZ	CCWCASE1	
	CH	R2, ENDA	ANGLE < ENDA?
	BL	DONE	YES, ALL DONE
	B	READ	NO, CONTINUE
CCWCASE1	CH	R2, BGNA	ANGLE > BGNA?
	BL	READ	NO, KEEP READING
	CH	R2, ENDA	YES, CHECK FOR FINISHED
	BL	DONE	
	B	READ	
CCW2	THI	R5, 2	
	BNZ	WCWCASE2	
CMP4	CH	R2, BGNA	
	BNL	WAIT	OK
	B	READ1	NOT YET
WCWCASE2	CHI	R2, X'800'	
	BNL	CMP4	
	AHI	R2, X'1000'	

CCWCASE2	CHI	R2, X'800'	ANGLE < 180?
	BNL	CMP2	NO, ALL OK
	AHI	R2, X'1000'	YES, ADD 360
	B	CMP2	NOW CHECK FOR BEGINNING
WCWCASE2	CHI	R2, X'800'	ANGLE > 180?
	BL	CMP3	NO, ALL OK
	SHI	R2, X'1000'	YES, SUBTRACT 360
	B	CMP3	
EDETECT	BAL	R13, WREAD	READ IN NEW AZIMUTH
	LH	R2, 12(R15)	READ IN ELEVATION
	NHI	R2, X'FFF'	AND OUT UNWANTED BITS
	CHI	R2, 681	
	BP	ZERO1	
CPEV	CH	R2, ELEV1	
	BL	EDETECT	
	CH	R2, ELEV2	
	BP	EDETECT	WITHIN RANGE?
	LH	R2, PPRANG	YES, GET AZIMUTH
	NHI	R2, X'FFF'	
	CHI	R2, 6	
	BL	FUDGE	
READ2	BAL	R13, GOREAD	START READING
	LH	R4, PPRANG	
	NHI	R4, X'FFF'	
NXT	OR	R3, R3	
	BZ	CCLOCK4	COUNTERCLOCKWISE
	CR	R4, R2	
	BL	NXT2	
	B	READ2	
ZERO1	LIS	R2, 0	
	B	CPEV	
FUDGE	LIS	R2, 6	IF 0, MAKE IT 6
	B	READ2	
NXT2	BAL	R13, GOREAD	GET NEW AZIMUTH
	LH	R4, PPRANG	AND OUT UNWANTED BITS
	NHI	R4, X'FFF'	
	OR	R3, R3	
	BZ	CCW4	
	CR	R4, R2	
	BP	DONE	ANG > ENDA?
	B	NXT2	YES, FINISHED
CCLOCK4	CR	R4, R2	NO, KEEP READING
	BP	NXT2	
	B	READ2	
CCW4	CR	R4, R2	
	BL	DONE	
	B	NXT2	
DONE	LH	R15, PPRI	
	NHI	R15, X'0FFF'	
	STH	R15, PPRI	
	SVC	1, OUTBLK	
	LH	R0, OUTBLK+SVC1. STA	
	BNZ	ERROR	
	LM	0, RSAVE	
\$FORT			
	RETURN		
\$ASSM			
	ALIGN 4		
WREAD	SVC	1, WAITREAD	
	LH	R0, WAITREAD+SVC1. STA	READ RETURNED STATUS
	BNZ	ERROR	IF NOT ZERO, ERROR
	BR	R13	
GOREAD	SVC	1, PPRI BLK2	READ IN ONE AZIMUTH
	LM	0, RSAVE	
\$FORT			

```

10 DECOD(I)=PPRI(I)
   JSIZ=NRC/NITG
   IMX=JSIZ+1
   K=5
   DO 101 I=1, JSIZ
     REF=0
     VEL=0
     DO 20 J=1, NITG
       RAW=PPRI(K)
       K=K+1

```

\$ASSM

```

   ST   R0, RSAVE
   L    R0, RAW      GET PACKED SOURCE WORD
   EXHR R0, R0       SHIFT POWER TO LOW HALF
   NHI  R0, X'1FF'   NINE BITS
   AHM  R0, REF      INTEGRATE REFL
   L    R0, RAW      GET LOW HALF
   SRHA R0, 8        SHIFT DOPPLER TO LOW ORDER
   AHM  R0, VEL      INTEGRATE DOPPLER
   L    R0, RSAVE    RESTORE REGISTER

```

\$FORT

```

20 CONTINUE
   IF(REF. LE. 0) GO TO 111
   REF=REF*. 0390625-DB
   IF(REF. LT. -39) REF=REF+100
   IREF(I)=REF
   VEL=VEL*BITVEL/128.
   IVEL(I)=VEL-IVELL(I)
   IVELL(I)=VEL
   GO TO 101
111 IREF(I)=0
   IVELL(I)=0
   IVEL(I)=0
101 CONTINUE

```

\$ASSM

```

   STM  0, RSAVE
   SVC  1, OUTBLK      OUTPUT LAST AZIMUTH
   SVC  1, WAITBLK     WAIT FOR FIRST READ TO FINISH
   SVC  1, PPRI BLK    READ NEXT AZIMUTH
   LM   0, RSAVE

```

\$FORT

```

DO 40 I=1, 4
40 DECOD2(I)=PPRI2(I)
   JSIZ=NRC/NITG
   IMX=JSIZ+1
   K=5
   DO 201 I=1, JSIZ
     REF=0
     VEL=0
     DO 400 J=1, NITG
       RAW=PPRI2(K)
       K=K+1

```

\$ASSM

```

   ST   R0, RSAVE
   L    R0, RAW      GET PACKED SOURCE WORD
   EXHR R0, R0       SHIFT POWER TO LOW HALF
   NHI  R0, X'1FF'   NINE BITS
   AHM  R0, REF      INTEGRATE REFL
   L    R0, RAW      GET LOW HALF
   SRHA R0, 8        SHIFT DOPPLER TO LOW ORDER
   AHM  R0, VEL      INTEGRATE DOPPLER
   L    R0, RSAVE    RESTORE REGISTER

```

\$FORT

```

400 CONTINUE
   IF(REF. LE. 0) GO TO 411

```

```

      IF(REF.LT.-39) REF=REF+100
      IREF2(I)=REF
      VEL=VEL+BITVEL/128.
      IVEL2(I)=VEL-IVELL(I)
      IVELL(I)=VEL
      GO TO 201
411  IREF2(I)=0
      IVEL2(I)=0
      IVELL(I)=0
201  CONTINUE
$ASSM
      STM      0,RSAVE
      SVC      1,OUTBLK2          OUTPUT LAST AZIMUTH
      SVC      1,WAITBLK          WAIT FOR READ TO FINISH
      LH       R0,PPRIBLK2+SVC1. STA READ STATUS
      BNZ      ERROR              IF NOT ZERO, ERROR
      LH       R0,PPRIBLK+SVC1. STA
      BNZ      ERROR
      LH       R0,OUTBLK+SVC1. STA
      BNZ      ERROR
      LH       R0,OUTBLK2+SVC1. STA
      BNZ      ERROR
      LH       R6,NAZ
      AIS      R6,2                ADD TWO TO AZIMUTH CTR
      STH      R6,NAZ
      CHI      R6,446              TOO MANY AZIMUTHS?
      BLR      R13                 NO, KEEP GOING
      LIS      R6,2                YES, INDCTR=2
      STH      R6,INDCTR
      B        DONE
ERROR  SVC      2,ERRCODE          QUIT
      SVC      2,ERRBLOK          CONVERT ERROR CODE
      SVC      2,PAUSE            OUTPUT MSG TO CONSOLE
      LM       0,RSAVE            TASK PAUSED
                                   RESTORE FORTRAN REGISTERS
****$P2 IS FORTRAN STMT NO  2
      B        $P2                START OVER
      ALIGN   4
PAUSE  EQU     *
      DB      0,1                PAUSE
      ALIGN   4
ERRCODE EQU    *
OPT    DB      0
      DB      6                  CODE 6
      DC      H'0'
      DC      A(ERCD)            DESTINATION
      ALIGN   4
ERRBLOK EQU    *
      DB      0,7                PRINT CONSOLE MSG
      DC      H'15'              CODE 7
      DC      C'15'              PRINT 15 CHRS
      DC      C'1/O ERROR'       ERROR CODE
      ALIGN   4
WAITBLK EQU    *
      DB      X'08'              WAIT ONLY
      DB      10                 LU 10
      DB      0,0
      DSF     5
      ALIGN   4
WAITREAD EQU   *
      DB      X'59'              READ AND WAIT
      DB      10                 LU 10
      DB      0,0
      DC      A(PPRI)
      DC      A(PPRI)
      DSF     3

```

```

PPRIBLK2  ALIGN 4
           EQU   *
           DB    X'51'          READ
           DB    10             LU 10
           DB    0.0
           DC    A(PPRI2)
           DC    A(PPRI2)
           DSF   3
           ALIGN 4
OUTBLK2   EQU   *
           DB    X'31'
           DB    9              LU 9
           DB    0.0
           DC    A(DECOD2)
           DC    A(DECOD2)
           DSF   3
           ALIGN 4
PPRIBLK   EQU   *
           DB    X'51'          READ
           DB    10             LU 10
           DB    0.0
           DC    A(PPRI)
           DC    A(PPRI)
           DSF   3
           ALIGN 4
OUTBLK    EQU   *
           DB    X'31'          WRITE
           DB    9              LU 9
           DB    0.0
           DC    A(DECOD)
           DC    A(DECOD)
           DSF   3
$FORT     RETURN
          END
          *

```

*

07/19/79 16:33:21

***LISTING FOR ERT1:REALTM.FTN

\$N

\$ASSM

ERTMAP PROG

\$FORT

\$TITL FILE TSERMAP - - PRINT OUT DATA FIELDS-CHANGED FOR ERT READ BY CLB

SUBROUTINE RMAP

IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)

INTEGER*2 NRC,VAR,STORE(10),PLACE,OLDATA

INTEGER*4 ANC(1028),IDTIME,I2F,ITZ,I2B,I2S

+,SRC(1028),DST(1028)

INTEGER*2 RH02,ZTH2,BETA2,PCT2,SIGMA2,ANG2,CHANGE

INTEGER*2 TWENTY,ELEVEN,DAY,HOUR,MINUTE,SECOND,TP,ELEVAT,AZ

INTEGER*2 AZIM,TC,TA,T

INTEGER*2 Y,I,THETA1,NRC1,II,THETA,RHO,STOP,GRND

INTEGER*2 MEAN,POWER,SIGMA,TP2,TP3,SEGNO,Q,J,ZTH,MMU

INTEGER*2 BEGIN,SUM1,SUM2,JMIN,M,K,L,I

INTEGER*2 Y1,ZERO,TWO,BETA

INTEGER*4 RSAVE(16),R1SAV

INTEGER*2 JREF(1024),JDVEL(1024)

INTEGER*2 RE,HR,TL1,TL2,RQUANT

REAL RNN,RRAREA

REAL PCTMIN,AZT,ELEVAA,BGNA,AZCHK,ENDA

INTEGER*2 FLAG,IQ,IB,IE,IM

INTEGER*2 DBB,SLOPE

INTEGER*4 NRCEAD

COMMON /TLIS/ T,TA,JDAY,JHR,JMIN,JSEC,IDAY,IHR,IMIN,ISEC

COMMON /CALR/ SRC,DST,IREF(1024)

COMMON /SWITCH/ IC1(44),IC2(44),TC(1980),IPC1(5400),

+ IPC2(5400),IPC3(5400),IPCNT(1980),IPTC(44),

+ NEMB,NEMC,NAC

COMMON/AZ2/SINA,COSA,DELTAZ,ISCANF,NEL,RI,SA

COMMON/AZM/AZT,AZLAST,AZSTAR,NA,ELEVAA

COMMON/REFL/RE(1025),HR(258),NCL,NID,NIDP,INCL

X,IMX,IMN,TL1,TL2,RQUANT,IDVEL(258)

COMMON /PNTRS/ NCMX,NVMIN,NUMX,IELSN,NSCAN,IESNL,NVSCN,NT

COMMON /INTL/ MHSN,MNSN,HM,FNSN

COMMON/EXTRA/RHO,GRND,ZTH,BETA,K,RRAREA(12,24),RH02,ZTH2,BETA2,
1PCT2,MMU2,SIGMA2,MINUT2,ANG2(6),CHANGE

COMMON/ZSTORE/ANC

COMMON /ZLOOK/ I2OFF,ZARY(91)

COMMON /ECONST/ EARTH,VMK

COMMON /MAPPAR/ DAY,HOUR,MINUTE,SECOND,DBB,MAXV,MAXS,IOUT,SLOPE

COMMON /CNT/ COSPHI,SINPHI,COSPH2

COMMON /DATA1/ ECL(224),NOFST,KOFST,ICLAD,NAN1

COMMON /DATA2/ VCL(736),MXVC,NVC1

COMMON /DATA3/ VR(192),MXVR,NVR1

COMMON /NVLIS/ NVARM,NCARM,NVO,ICO,IO,JO,JYR,KTL

COMMON /FILTER/ TATRMN,AREAMN,DAZM

EQUIVALENCE(ANC(5),JREF(2)),(ANC(517),JDVEL(2))

DATA TWENTY/18/

DATA TWO/2/

DATA PCTMIN/.05/,MMU/0/,SIGMA/0/,OLDATA/0/

DATA ZERO/0/

C

C

***** INITIALIZE ARRAY

C

T=0

AZLAST=-999

DO 901 J=1,MXVC

901 VCL(J)=0.

```

DO 302 J=1, NMAX
902 VR(J)=0.
RE(1)=0
ICC=0
C CALL CONMSG(7, 'TSEMAP')
TL1=TL1/RQUANT
TL2=TL2/RQUANT
REWIND 4
REWIND 8
DO 3 IX=1, 91
II=IX-IZOFF
ZX=FLOAT(II)/10.
3 ZARY(IX)=10. **ZX
00001 CONTINUE
00750 FORMAT(1X, 'ENTER PRF, 0=768, 1=922, 2=1075, 3=1229')
RCKM= .075
FLAG=0
333 FORMAT(I3)
READ(7, 333) OLDDATA
01002 FORMAT(/// 'AZIM ELEV RAN ', 8(' REF VEL STD'))
REWIND 9
K=0
10000 CONTINUE
$ASSM
R0 EQU 0
R1 EQU 1
R2 EQU 2
R3 EQU 3
R4 EQU 4
R5 EQU 5
R6 EQU 6
R7 EQU 7
R8 EQU 8
R9 EQU 9
R10 EQU 10
R11 EQU 11
R12 EQU 12
R13 EQU 13
R14 EQU 14
R15 EQU 15
STM R0, RSAVE
FREZE
COPY SVC1.
L R3, ANCBK+SVCL. SAD ANCBK START
AIS R3, 15 READ ANCILLARY ONLY
ST R3, ANCBK+SVCL. EAD
SVC 1, ANCBK THE READ
LH R0, ANCBK+SVCL. STA
BNZ ERROR
LIS R1, 0
STH R1, STOP
LIS R5, 0
LIS R9, 10
LHI R11, 100
L R0, ANC(R1)
STBR R0, R5
LIS R10, 15
NR R10, R5
SRLS R5, 4
NHI R5, 3
MHR R5, R9
AHR R5, R10
STH R5, HOUR
EXBR R0, R0
STBR R0, R5
LIS R10, 15

```

```

WORKING REGISTER
MULTIPLICAND
MULTIPLICAND
DATA
HOUR
MASK
1 HOUR
10 HOUR
(*10)
TOTAL
HOURS

```

```

MINUTES
MASK C-13

```


NR	R10, R0	1 MINUTE
SRLS	R5, 4	10 MINUTE
NHI	R5, 7	MASK
MHR	R5, R9	(*10)
AHR	R5, R10	TOTAL MINUTES
STH	R5, MINUTE	
EXHR	R0, R0	
STBR	R0, R5	DAYS
LIS	R10, 15	MASK
NR	R10, R5	1 DAY
SRLS	R5, 4	10 DAY
MHR	R5, R9	(*10)
AHR	R5, R10	
SRLS	R0, 8	100 DAYS
NHI	R0, X'FF'	MASK
MHR	R0, R11	(*100)
AHR	R5, R0	TOTAL DAYS
STH	R5, DAY	DAYS
AIS	R1, 4	NEW DATA
L	R0, ANC(R1)	
LHI	R10, 256	
STH	R10, NRC1	STORE
LHI	10, 1028*4-1	
A	10, NRCBLK+SVC1, SAD	
ST	10, NRCBLK+SVC1, EAD	STORE END ADDRESS FOR READ
ST	10, NRCEAD	STORE AWAY FOR SECOND READ
NHI	R5, X'C0'	MASK TP
SRLS	R5, 6	
STH	R5, TP	STORE (UNFIXED)
EXHR	R0, R0	
STBR	R0, R5	SECONDS
LIS	R10, 15	MASK
NR	R10, R5	1 SECOND
SRLS	R5, 4	
NHI	R5, 7	MASK 10 SECONDS
MHR	R9, R5	(*10)
AHR	R9, R10	TOTAL SECONDS
STH	R9, SECOND	STORE
AIS	R1, 8	MORE DATA
LHL	R0, ANC(R1)	ELEVATION
NHI	R0, X'FFF'	ANGLE
STH	R0, ELEVAT	STORE ANGLE
LM	R0, RSAVE	

\$FORT

NRC=NRC1
GRND=FCTMIN*NRC
REWIND 9
ELEVEN=0
TA=T
DR=(2**TP)*RCKM
K-K+1
NRC1=NRC
10001 CONTINUE
\$ASSM

17

10001
\$ASSM

STM	R0, RSAVE	
SVC	1, NRCBLK	READ IN DATA
LH	R0, NRCBLK+SVC1, STA	LOAD IN STATUS
BNZ	ERROR	IF NOT ZERO, I/O ERROR
LIS	R1, 0	
LH	R0, ANC(R1)	
BM	MINUS	IF STOP=0
LIS	R1, 1	STORE 1
STH	R1, STOP	
LIS	R1, 8	GET AZIMUTH
LH	R0, ANC(R1)	ANGLE
NHI	R0, X'FFF'	MASK

MINUS

	SIM R0, R2	STORE
	AIS R1, 4	
	LHL R0, ANC(R1)	ELEVATION
	NHI R0, X'FFF'	ANGLE
	STH R0, ELEVAT	STORE IT

\$FORT

DO 101 I=IMN, IMX
RE(I)=JREF(I)
IDVEL(I)=JDVEL(I)

101 CONTINUE
00500 CONTINUE
ICC=ICC+1
ELEVAA=ELEVAT/11. 37778
IELSN=IFIX(ELEVAA)
T=((DAY*24+HOUR)*60+MINUTE)*60+SECOND
AZT=AZ/11. 37778
FLAG=FLAG+1
A=AZT*. 01743
AZCHK=AZT
IF(K. NE. 1) GO TO 105
BGNA=AZT
ENDA=AZT+359.
105 CONTINUE
IF(K. LT. 180) GO TO 106
IF(AZT. GT. 180.) GO TO 106
AZCHK=AZT+359.
106 CONTINUE
IF(AZCHK. GT. ENDA) K=1
SINA=SIN(A)
COSA=COS(A)
DELTAZ=. 0191987
NA=K
RE(258)=0
IF(NA. EQ. 1)NAC=1
NAC=NAC+1.
IF(NAC. GT. 1)NAC=0
IF(NA. NE. 1. OR. AZLAST. LT. -990.) GO TO 224
IDAY=DAY
IHR=HOUR
IMIN=MINUTE
ISEC=SECOND
PHI=ELEVAA*DAZM
COSPHI=COS(PHI)
SINPHI=SIN(PHI)
COSPH2=COSPHI*COSPHI*EARTH
CALL TRACK
224 CALL CONTOR
AZLAST=AZT
IF(STOP. NE. 1) GO TO 17
800 CALL STRAK
STOP

\$ASSM

ALIGN 4	
ERROR SVC 2, ERRCODE	DECODE ERROR BITS
SVC 2, ERRLBOK	OUTPUT ERROR MSG TO CONSOLE
SVC 2, PAUSE	
LM 0, RSAVE	RETURN TO FORTRAN

\$FORT

IF(K. EQ. 0) GO TO 10000
IF(K. EQ. 1) GO TO 10001
GO TO 1

10003 CONTINUE
\$ASSM

ALIGN 4	
ERRCODE EQU *	
DB 0	

```

DB      6
DC      H'0'
DC      A(ERCD)
ALIGN  4
ERRBLOK EQU  *
DB      0
DB      7
DC      H'28'
ERCD    DC      C'
DC      C'I/O ERROR IN RTN RANGE'
ALIGN  4
PAUSE   EQU  *
DB      0.1
ALIGN  4
ANCBK   DB      X'59'          READ BLOCK FOR LITTLE READ
DB      9                      LU
DB      0.0
DC      A(ANC)                START ADDRESS
DC      A(ANC)                END ADDRESS
DSF     3
NRCBLK  DB      X'59'          READ BLOCK FOR BIG READ
DB      9                      LU
DB      3.0                   STATUS
DC      A(ANC)                START ADDRESS
DC      A(ANC)                END ADDRESS
DSF     3
$FORT   END
*
```

APPENDIX D

POST-MISSION ANALYSIS VERSION

(note BLOCK DATA, CONTOR, PEAKD,
TRACK, ATRAK, BTRAK, COMPAR,
RESOLV, COMBIN and STRAK are
identical in both versions)

\$ASSM

SCRAT
SQUEZ 3

TSEDATA ①

TSEDATA PROG

\$FORT

\$TITL FILE TSEDATA - DATA INPUT SUBROUTINE FOR ETSE

SUBROUTINE PPRDSC(ANG)

IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (A-Z)

INTEGER*4 PPRI(1028), PPRI2(1028), RSAVE(16)

INTEGER*4 OUT(260), OUT2(260)

INTEGER*4 PPRANG

INTEGER*2 ANG(6)

EQUIVALENCE (PPRANG, PPRI(3)), (PP, PPRI(2))

EQUIVALENCE (OUT(1), PPRI(1)), (OUT2(1), PPRI2(1))

COMMON /SECTOR/INDCTR

COMMON /ZSTORE/PPRI

COMMON /RUNSUM/PPRI2

AVEN=3

CALL CONMSG(6, 'PPRDSC')

2 REWIND 9

NAZ=0

ELEV1=ANG(4)*11.37778

ELEV2=ANG(5)*11.37778

IF (INDCTR.EQ.2) INDCTR = 0

IF (INDCTR.EQ.0) GO TO 1

CW = ANG(3) - ANG(2)

IF (CW.GT.180) CW = CW - 360

IF (CW.LT.(-180)) CW = 360 + CW

IF (CW.LT.0) CW = 0

IF (CW.GT.0) CW = 15

BGNA = 11.37778 * ANG(2)

ENDA = 11.37778 * ANG(3)

BGNA=MOD(BGNA,4096)

ENDA=MOD(ENDA,4096)

IF (ENDA.GT.4096) ENDA=0

STPFLG = 0

IF (CW.GT.0 .AND. ENDA.LT. BGNA) STPFLG = 1

IF (CW.EQ.0 .AND. ENDA.GT. BGNA) STPFLG = 1

IF (BGNA.GT.10 .AND. BGNA.LT.4096) GO TO 1

BGNA=0

STPFLG=2

1 CONTINUE

10000 CONTINUE

\$ASSM

FREZE

CROSS

COPY SVC1.

R0 EQU 0

R1 EQU 1

R2 EQU 2

R3 EQU 3

R4 EQU 4

R5 EQU 5

R6 EQU 6

R14 EQU 14

R15 EQU 15

R13 EQU 13

R7 EQU 7

R8 EQU 8

R9 EQU 9

R10 EQU 10

R11 EQU 11

R12 EQU 12

```

STM 0, RSAVE
L R4, WAITREAD+SVC1. SAD
AIS R4, 15
ST R4, WAITREAD+SVC1. EAD
BAL R13, WREAD
LIS R1, 4
L R0, PPRI(R1)
NHI R0, 3
AIS R0, 1
SLLS R0, 8
AIS R0, 4
SLLS R0, 2
SIS R0, 1
L R4, PPRI*BLK+SVC1. SAD GET BEGINNING ADDRESS
AR R4, R0 COMPUTE END ADDRESS
ST R4, PPRI*BLK+SVC1. EAD STORE IN EAD
ST R4, WAITREAD+SVC1. EAD SAME NUMBER

```

*
* LETS ONLY 256 WORDS OF VIDEO OUT
*

```

SI R4, 2048
ST R4, OUTBLK+SVC1. EAD
L R4, PPRI*BLK2+SVC1. SAD GET NEXT BEGINNING ADDR
AR R4, R0 COMPUTE END ADDRESS
ST R4, PPRI*BLK2+SVC1. EAD STORE IN SVC BLOCK

```

*
* LETS ONLY 256 WORDS OF VIDEO OUT
*

```

SI R4, 2048
ST R4, OUTBLK2+SVC1. EAD
LDAI R15, PPRI
LDAI R14, PPRI2
LCS R6, 1
DETECT BAL R13, WREAD SET R6 TO -1 FOR COUNTER
LH R1, 8(R15) READ IN AN AZIMUTH
NHI R1, X'FFFF' LOAD IN AZIMUTH DATA
BAL R13, WREAD AND OUT UNWANTED BITS
LH R2, 8(R15) GET ANOTHER AZIMUTH
NHI R2, X'FFFF' GET AZIMUTH DATA
CR R1, R2 AND OUT UNWANTED BITS
BL CWISE COMPARE TWO AZIMUTHS
LIS R3, 0 IF R1<R2, RADAR IS GOING CWISE
B WHATIZIT DIRECTION FLAG
CWISE LIS R3, 15 CONTINUE
WHATIZIT LH R4, INDCR DIR 15LAG = CW
BZ EDETECT SECTOR SCAN OR FULL CIRCLE?
FH R3, CW FULL CIRCLE
BNE DETECT IS DIRECTION OF ROTATION CORRECT?
OP R3, R3 WRONG DIRECTION. WAIT
BZ CCW WHICH DIRECTION IS IT?
LH R5, STPFLG COUNTER CLOCKWISE
THI R5, 2
BNZ CWCASE2 CASE 2?
CMP1 CH R2, BGNA CW CASE 2
BL WAIT ANGLE < BGNA?
B DETECT YES, GET READY
CWCASE2 CHI R2, X'800' NO, TRY AGAIN
BL CMP1 ANGLE > 180?
SHI R2, X'1000' NO, ALL OK
B CMP1 YES, SUBTRACT 360
CCW LH R5, STPFLG
THI R5, 2 CHECK FOR CASE 2
BNZ CCWCASE2
CMP2 CH R2, BGNA ANGLE > BGNA?
BL DETECT NO, TRY AGAIN
WAIT PAI R13, WREAD YES, GET READY

```

	LH	R2, S(R15)	GET NEXT AZIMUTH
	NHI	R2, X'FFF'	AND OUT UNWANTED BITS
	CR	R1, R2	
	BL	CW3	
CMP6	LIS	R3, 0	
	CH	R3, CW	
	BNE	DETECT	
	OR	R3, R3	
	BZ	CCW2	
	THI	R5, 2	CASE 2?
	BNZ	WWCASE2	YES, BRANCH
CMP3	CH	R2, BGNA	ANGLE > BGNA?
	BL	WAIT	NO, KEEP WAITING
READ1	LH	R2, 12(R15)	
	NHI	R2, X'FFF'	
	CHI	R2, 681	
	BP	ZERO	
ELDET	CH	R2, ELEV1	
	BM	DETECT	
	CH	R2, ELEV2	
	BF	DETECT	
	AIS	R6, 1	INCREMENT COUNTER
	BNP	DETECT	DO IT TWICE TO BE SURE!
READ	BAL	R13, GOREAD	YES, START READING
	LH	R2, PPRANG	
	NHI	R2, X'FFF'	
	OR	R3, R3	
	BZ	CCW1	BRANCH IF COUNTER CLOCKWISE
	THI	R5, 1	CASE 1?
	BNZ	CWCASE1	YES, BRANCH
*	WANT SEVERAL PPIS		
	B	READ	
	CH	R2, ENDA	ANGLE > ENDA?
	BNL	DONE	YES, ALL DONE
	B	READ	NO, KEEP READING
CW3	LIS	R3, 15	
	B	CMP6	
ZERO	LIS	R2, 0	59.5 DEG = 0
	B	ELDET	
CWCASE1	CH	R2, BGNA	ANGLE < BGNA?
	BNL	READ	YES, KEEP READING
*	WANT SEVERAL PPIS		
	B	READ	
	CH	R2, ENDA	NO, ARE WE DONE YET?
	BNL	DONE	YES
	B	READ	NO, KEEP READING
CCW1	THI	R5, 1	CHECK FOR CASE 1
	BNZ	CCWCASE1	
	CH	R2, ENDA	ANGLE < ENDA?
	BL	DONE	YES, ALL DONE
	B	READ	NO, CONTINUE
CCWCASE1	CH	R2, BGNA	ANGLE > BGNA?
	BL	READ	NO, KEEP READING
	CH	R2, ENDA	YES, CHECK FOR FINISHED
	BL	DONE	
	B	READ	
CCW2	THI	R5, 2	
	BNZ	WWCASE2	
CMP4	CH	R2, BGNA	
	BNL	WAIT	OK
	B	READ1	NOT YET
WWCASE2	CHI	R2, X'800'	
	BNL	CMP4	
	ANI	R2, X'1000'	
	B	CMP4	

CCWCASE2	CHI	R2, X'800'	ANGLE < 180?
	BNL	CMP2	NO, ALL OK
	AHI	R2, X'1000'	YES, ADD 360
	B	CMP2	NOW CHECK FOR BEGINNING
WCWCASE2	CHI	R2, X'800'	ANGLE > 180?
	BL	CMP3	NO, ALL OK
	SHI	R2, X'1000'	YES, SUBTRACT 360
	B	CMP3	
EDETECT	BAL	R13, WREAD	READ IN NEW AZIMUTH
	LH	R2, 12(R15)	READ IN ELEVATION
	NHI	R2, X'FFF'	AND OUT UNWANTED BITS
	CHI	R2, 681	
	BP	ZERO1	
CPEV	CH	R2, ELEV1	
	BL	EDETECT	
	CH	R2, ELEV2	
	BP	EDETECT	WITHIN RANGE?
	LH	R2, PPRANG	YES, GET AZIMUTH
	NHI	R2, X'FFF'	
	CHI	R2, 6	
	BL	FUDGE	
READ2	BAL	R13, GOREAD	START READING
	LH	R4, PPRANG	
	NHI	R4, X'FFF'	
NXT	OR	R3, R3	
	BZ	CCLOCK4	COUNTERCLOCKWISE
	CR	R4, R2	
	BL	NXT2	
	B	READ2	
ZERO1	LIS	R2, 0	
	B	CPEV	
FUDGE	LIS	R2, 6	IF 0, MAKE IT 6
	B	READ2	
NXT2	BAL	R13, GOREAD	
	LH	R4, PPRANG	GET NEW AZIMUTH
	NHI	R4, X'FFF'	AND OUT UNWANTED BITS
	OR	R3, R3	
	BZ	CCW4	
* WANT	SEVERAL PPIS		
B	NXT2		
	CR	R4, R2	ANG > ENDA?
	BP	DONE	YES, FINISHED
	B	NXT2	NO, KEEP READING
CCLOCK4	CR	R4, R2	
	BP	NXT2	
	B	READ2	
CCW4	CR	R4, R2	
	BL	DONE	
	B	NXT2	
DONE	LH	R15, PPRI	
	NHI	R15, X'0FFF'	
	STH	R15, PPRI	
	SVC	1, OUTBLK	
	LH	R0, OUTBLK+SVC1, STA	
	BNZ	ERROR	
	LM	0, RSAVE	
\$FORT	RETURN		
\$ASSM	ALIGN 4		
WREAD	SVC	1, WAITREAD	
	LH	R0, WAITREAD+SVC1, STA	READ RETURNED STATUS
	BNZ	ERROR	IF NOT ZERO, ERROR
	BR	R13	
GOREAD	SVC	1, PPRI BLK2	READ IN ONE AZIMUTH


```

      LIS R12,12      COUNTER FOR MAIN BUFFER
      LHI R4,16       COUNTER FOR NEW BUFFER
AVE   LIS R8,0        ZERO POWER ACCUMULATOR
      LIS R10,0       ZERO VELOCITY ACCUMLTR
      LIS R1,3        AVERAGING COUNTER
AVER  LHL R7,PPRI(R4)  LOAD POWER HALFWORD
      NHI R7,X'1FF'    GET ONLY THE POWER
      AR R8,R7         ADD TO ACCUMLTR
      AIS R4,2         INCREMENT ARRAY POINTER
      LHL R7,PPRI(R4)  LOAD VEL/VAR HALFWORD
      NHI R7,X'FFFF'   GET ONLY LOWER HALFWORD
      AR R10,R7        PUT TOGETHER
      AIS R4,2         INCREMENT FOR NEXT HALFWORD
      SIS R1,1         INCREMENT FOR NEXT HALFWORD
      BNZ AVER         SUBTRACT FOR INNER LOOP
      DH R8,AVEN       BRANCH IF NOT 3 ADDED UP
      NHI R9,X'1FF'    DIVIDE POWER
      SLA R9,16        SHIFT POWER TO LEFT
      SRA R10,8        DIVIDE VELOCITY
      DH R10,AVEN
      SLA R11,8
      NHI R11,X'FFFF'  GET ONLY LOWER HALFWORD
      AR R9,R11        PUT TOGETHER
      AIS R12,4        INCREMENT NEW ARRAY POINTER
      ST R9,PPRI(R12)  PUT INTO ARRAY
      CLHI R4,3072
      BP AVEEND
      B AVE

*
AVEEND SVC 1,OUTBLK    OUTPUT LA T AZIMUTH
      SVC 1,WAITBLK    WAIT FOR FIRST READ TO FINISH
      SVC 1,PPRIBLK    READ NEXT AZIMUTH
      SVC 1,OUTBLK2    OUTPUT LAST AZIMUTH
      SVC 1,WAITBLK    WAIT FOR READ TO FINISH
      LH R0,PPRIBLK2+SVC1 STA READ STATUS
      BNZ ERROR        IF NOT ZERO, ERROR
      LH R0,PPRIBLK+SVC1 STA
      BNZ ERROR
      LH R0,OUTBLK+SVC1 STA
      BNZ ERROR
      LH R0,OUTBLK2+SVC1 STA
      BNZ ERROR
      LH R6,NAZ
      AIS R6,2          ADD TWO TO AZIMUTH CTR
      STH R6,NAZ
      CHI R6,1760       TOO MANY AZIMUTHS?
      BLR R13           NO, KEEP GOING
      LIS R6,2          YES, INDCTR=2
      STH R6,INDCTR
      B DONE           QUIT
ERROR  SVC 2,ERRCODE    CONVERT ERROR CODE
      SVC 2,ERRBLOK    OUTPUT MSG TO CONSOLE
      SVC 2,PAUSE      TASK PAUSED
      LM 0,RSAVE       RESTORE FORTRAN REGISTERS
      ***$P2 IS FORTRAN STMT NO. 2
      B $P2           START OVER
      ALIGN 4
PAUSE  EQU *
      DB 0,1          PAUSE
      ALIGN 4
ERRCODE EQU *
OPT    DB 0
      DB 6            CODE 6
      DC H'0'
      DC A(ERCD)      DESTINATION
      ATOM 4
      D-6

```

ERRBLOK	EQU *	PRINT CONSOLE MSG
	DB 0.7	CODE 7
ERCD	DC H'15'	PRINT 15 CHRS
	DC C'	ERROR CODE
	DC C'I/O ERROR'	
	ALIGN 4	
WAITBLK	EQU *	
	DB X'08'	WAIT ONLY
	DB 10	LU 10
	DB 0.0	
	DSF 5	
	ALIGN 4	
WAITREAD	EQU *	
	DB X'59'	READ AND WAIT
	DB 10	LU 10
	DB 0.0	
	DC A(PPRI)	
	DC A(PPRI)	
	DSF 3	
	ALIGN 4	
PPRIBLK2	EQU *	
	DB X'51'	READ
	DB 10	LU 10
	DB 0.0	
	DC A(PPRI2)	
	DC A(PPRI2)	
	DSF 3	
	ALIGN 4	
OUTBLK2	EQU *	
	DB X'31'	
	DB 9	LU 9
	DB 0.0	
	DC A(OUT2)	
	DC A(OUT2)	
	DSF 3	
	ALIGN 4	
PPRIBLK	EQU *	
	DB X'51'	READ
	DB 10	LU 10
	DB 0.0	
	DC A(PPRI)	
	DC A(PPRI)	
	DSF 3	
	ALIGN 4	
OUTBLK	EQU *	
	DB X'31'	WRITE
	DB 9	LU 9
OUTST	DB 0.0	
	DC A(OUT)	
	DC A(OUT)	
	DSF 3	
\$FORT		
	RETURN	
	END	

```

*
07/19/79 12:49:01
***LISTING FOR ERT1:CRANE.FTN
$N
$ASSM
ERTRMAP PROG
$FORT
$TITL FILE TSERMAP - - PRINT OUT DATA FIELDS-CHANGED FOR ERT READ BY CLB
IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
INTEGER*2 NRC, VAR, STORE(10), PLACE, OLDDATA
INTEGER*4 ZEE(1024), ANC(1028), IDTIME, IZF, ITZ, IZB, IZS
INTEGER*2 TWENTY, ELEVEN, DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, SECOND, TP, ELEVAT, AZ
INTEGER*2 AZIM, TC, TA, T
INTEGER*2 Y, I, THETA1, NRC1, I1, THETA, RHO, STOP, GRND
INTEGER*2 MEAN, POWER, SIGMA, TP2, TP3, SEGNO, Q, J, ZTH, MMU
INTEGER*2 BEGIN, SUM1, SUM2, JMIN, M, K, L, I
INTEGER*2 Y1, ZERO, TWO, BETA
INTEGER*4 RSAVE(16), R1SAV
INTEGER*2 IREF(1024), IVEL(1024), IVAR(1024), IVELL(256)
+ , JDVEL(256)
INTEGER*2 RE, HR, TL1, TL2, RQUANT
REAL RNN, RRAREA, AXX
REAL PCTMIN, AZT, ELEVAA, BGNA, AZCHK, ENDA
INTEGER*2 FLAG, IQ, IB, IE, IM
INTEGER*2 IOUT, DBB, MAXV, MAXS, SLOPE
INTEGER*4 NRCEAD
COMMON /TLIS/ T, TA, JDAY, JHR, JMIN, JSEC, IDAY, IHR, IMIN, ISEC
COMMON /CONST/ VMISW, DIV, VMAG, VMISWM, ZDIV, ADIV, A1, A2, A3, B1, B2, HDIV
COMMON /SWITCH/ IC1(44), IC2(44), TC(1980), IPC1(5400),
+ IPC2(5400), IPC3(5400), IPCNT(1980), IPTC(44),
+ NEMB, NEMC, NAC
COMMON /AZ2/ SINA, COSA, DELTAZ, ISCANF, NEL, RI, SA
COMMON /AZM/ AZT, AZLAST, AZSTAR, NA, ELEVAA
COMMON /REFL/ RE(1025), HR(258), NCL, NID, NIDP, INCL
X, IMX, IMN, TL1, TL2, RQUANT, IDVEL(258)
COMMON /PNTIS/ NCMX, NYMIN, NUMX, IELSN, NSCAN, IESNL, NVSCN, NT
COMMON /INTL/ MHSN, MNSN, HM, FNSN
COMMON /EXTRA/ RHO, GRND, ZTH, BETA, K, RRAREA(288), RHO2(16), AXX(288),
1IPRFM
COMMON /ZSTORE/ ANC
COMMON /ZLOOK/ IZOFF, ZARY(91)
COMMON /ECONST/ EARTH, VMK
COMMON /MAPPAR/ DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, SECOND, DBB, MAXV, MAXS, IOUT, SLOPE
COMMON /CNT/ COSPHI, SINPHI, COSPH2
COMMON /DATA1/ ECL(224), NOFST, KOFST, ICLAD, NAN1
COMMON /DATA2/ VCL(736), MXVC, NVC1
COMMON /DATA3/ VR(192), MXVR, NVR1
COMMON /NVLIS/ NVARM, NCARM, NVD, ICO, IO, JO, JYR, KTL
COMMON /FILTER/ TATRMN, AREARMN, DAZM
EQUIVALENCE(RE(2), IREF(1)), (IDVEL(2), JDVEL(1))
EQUIVALENCE(ANC(5), ZEE(1))
DATA TWENTY/18/
DATA TWO/2/
DATA PCTMIN/ .05/, MMU/0/, SIGMA/0/, OLDDATA/0/
DATA ZERO/0/

C
C ***** INITIALIZE ARRAY
C
T=0
AZLAST=-999
DO 901 J=1, MXVC
901 VCL(J)=0.
DO 902 J=1, MXVR

```

```

VMISWM=(VMISW-1.)/DIV
RE(1)=0
JDVEL(1)=0
JDVEL(256)=0
ICC=0
C CALL CONMSG(7, 'TSEMAP')
TL1=TL1/RQUANT
TL2=TL2/RQUANT
REWIND 4
REWIND 8
DO 2 I=1, 1024
  IREF(I)=0
  IVEL(I)=0
  2 IVAR(I)=0
  DO 3 IX=1, 91
    II=IX-IZOFF
    ZX=FLOAT(II)/10.
  3 ZARY(IX)=10. **ZX
00001 CONTINUE
DB=65.28
750 FORMAT(1X, 'ENTER PRF, 0=768, 1=922, 2=1075, 3=1229')
RCKM= 075
FLAG=0
READ(7, 333) IOUT, DBB, MAXV, MAXS, SLOPE
333 FORMAT(I3)
READ(7, 333) OLDATA
01002 FORMAT(// ' AZIM ELEV RAN ', 8( ' REF VEL STD '))
BITVEL=MAXV
BITVAR=MAXS
REWIND 9
K=0
10000 CONTINUE
$ASSM
R0 EQU 0
R1 EQU 1
R2 EQU 2
R3 EQU 3
R4 EQU 4
R5 EQU 5
R6 EQU 6
R7 EQU 7
R8 EQU 8
R9 EQU 9
R10 EQU 10
R11 EQU 11
R12 EQU 12
R13 EQU 13
R14 EQU 14
R15 EQU 15
STM R0, RSAVE
FREZE
COPY SVC1.
L R3, ANCBK+SVCL. SAD ANCBK START
AIS R3, 15 READ ANCILLARY ONLY
ST R3, ANCBK+SVCL. EAD
SVC 1, ANCBK THE READ
LH R0, ANCBK+SVCL. STA
BNZ ERROR
LIS R1, 0
STH R1, STOP
LIS R5, 0 WORKING REGISTER
LIS R9, 10 MULTIPLICAND
LHI R11, 100 MULTIPLICAND
L R0, ANC(R1) DATA
STBR R0, R5 HOUR
D-0

```

LIS	R10, 15	MASK
NR	R10, R5	1 HOUR
SRLS	R5, 4	10 HOUR
NHI	R5, 3	
MHR	R5, R9	(*10)
AHR	R5, R10	TOTAL
STH	R5, HOUR	HOURS
EXBR	R0, R0	
STBR	R0, R5	MINUTES
LIS	R10, 15	MASK
NR	R10, R5	1 MINUTE
SRLS	R5, 4	10 MINUTE
NHI	R5, 7	MASK
MHR	R5, R9	(*10)
AHR	R5, R10	TOTAL MINUTES
STH	R5, MINUTE	
EXHR	R0, R0	
STBR	R0, R5	DAYS
LIS	R10, 15	MASK
NR	R10, R5	1 DAY
SRLS	R5, 4	10 DAY
MHR	R5, R9	(*10)
AHR	R5, R10	
SRLS	R0, 8	100 DAYS
NHI	R0, X'F'	MASK
MHR	R0, R11	(*100)
AHR	R5, R0	TOTAL DAYS
STH	R5, DAY	DAYS
AIS	R1, 4	NEW DATA
L	R0, ANC(R1)	
LIS	R5, 0	JUST TO BE SURE
STBR	R0, R5	NRC AND TP
LIS	R10, 3	MASK
NR	R10, R5	NRC
AIS	R10, 1	
LHI	R12, 256	
MHR	R10, R12	NRC=(NRC+1)*256
LHI	R10, 256	
STH	R10, NRC1	STORE
SLHLS	10, 2	MULTIPLY BY 4 FOR BYTE COUNT
AIS	10, 15	
A	10, NRCBLK+SVC1. SAD	
ST	10, NRCBLK+SVC1. EAD	STORE END ADDRESS FOR READ
ST	10, NRCEAD	STORE AWAY FOR SECOND READ
NHI	R5, X'C0'	MASK TP
SRLS	R5, 6	
STH	R5, TP	STORE(UNFIXED)
EXHR	R0, R0	
STBR	R0, R5	SECONDS
LIS	R10, 15	MASK
NR	R10, R5	1 SECOND
SRLS	R5, 4	
NHI	R5, 7	MASK 10 SECONDS
MHR	R9, R5	(*10)
AHR	R9, R10	TOTAL SECONDS
STH	R9, SECOND	STORE
AIS	R1, 8	MORE DATA
LHL	R0, ANC(R1)	ELEVATION
NHI	R0, X'FFF'	ANGLE
STH	R0, ELEVAT	STORE ANGLE
LM	R0, RSAVE	

\$FORT

NRC=NRC1
GRND=PCTMIN*NRC
REWIND 9
ELEVEN=0

17

D-10

```

...
DR=(2**TP)*RCKM
K=K+1
NRC1=NRC
10001 CONTINUE
$ASSM
STM R0, RSAVE
SVC 1, NRCBLK READ IN DATA
LH R0, NRCBLK+SVC1 STA LOAD IN STATUS
BNZ ERROR IF NOT ZERO, I/O ERROR
LIS R1, 0
LH R0, ANC(R1)
BM MINUS IF STOP=0
LIS R1, 1 STORE 1
STH R1, STOP
MINUS LIS R1, 8 GET AZIMUTH
LH R0, ANC(R1) ANGLE
NHI R0, X'FFF' MASK
STH R0, AZ STORE
AIS R1, 4
LHL R0, ANC(R1) ELEVATION
NHI R0, X'FFF' ANGLE
STH R0, ELEVAT STORE IT
LHL R8, NRC1 MAX. NO. OF CELLS
LHI R3, 32767 MAX. HALFWORD
LDAI R15, GRND
LHL R1, 0(R15) CELL COUNTER
LIS R2, 0 SUM ZR
LIS R4, 7 FOR
LIS R5, 0 SHIFTING
LIS R6, 0 SUM ZR2/128
LDAI R15, ZTH
LHL R7, 0(R15) MIN. POWER
LIS R9, 0 CELLS PER SEG.
LDAI R15, RHO
LHL R10, 0(R15) MIN. SEGMENT SIZE
STH R10, PLACE INITIALIZE PLACE
SIS R10, 1
LHL R11, MMU MINIMUM MEAN
LHL R12, SIGMA MINIMUM VARIANCE
B POW
*
* MAIN LOOP
*
LOOP AR R1, R10
NLOOP AIS R1, 1 NEXT CELL
CR R1, R8 IF DONE,
BNL REALLY LEAVE
POW LR R15, R1
SLLS R15, 2
L R5, ZEE(R15) RAW DATA
EXHR R0, R5 POWER
LH R2, OLDATA
BNZ NO9
NHI R0, X'1FF'
STH R0, IREF(R1) STORE REFLECTIVITY
CONT EXHR R15, R5 PUT MEAN IN TOP OF R15
SRA R15, 24 SHIFT DOWN 24 WITH SIGN EXT.
BNMS POSITIVE ABSOLUTE VALUE
XHI R15, X'FFFF' COMPLEMENT
AIS R15, 1 TWO'S COMPLEMENT
STH R15, IVEL(R1) STORE VELOCITY
POSITIVE NHI R5, X'FF' VARIANCE
STH R5, IVAR(R1) STORE VARIANCE
B NLOOP
NO9 NHI R0, X'FF'

```

B CONT

DATA STORING ROUTINE

REALLY LM R0,RSAVE
\$FORT

```

DO 101 I=1,256
IF (IREF(I).LE.0) GO TO 111
IREF(I)=IREF(I)*100./256.-DB
IF(IREF(I).LT.-39) IREF(I)=IREF(I)+100
IVEL(I)=IVEL(I)*BITVEL/128.
IDVEL(I)=IVEL(I)-IVELL(I)
IVELL(I)=IVEL(I)
C F4WORD=IVAR(I)*BITVAR/256.
C IVAR(I) = SQRT(F4WORD)
GO TO 101
00111 IREF(I)=0
IVEL(I)=0
IVAR(I)=0
101 CONTINUE
00500 CONTINUE
ICC=ICC+1
ELEVAA=ELEVAT/11.37778
IELSN=IFIX(ELEVAA)
T=((DAY*24+HOUR)*60+MINUTE)*60+SECOND
AZT=AZ/11.37778
FLAG=FLAG+1
A=AZT*.01743
AZCHK=AZT
IF(K.NE.1) GO TO 105
BGNA=AZT
ENDA=AZT+359.
105 CONTINUE
IF(K.LT.180) GO TO 106
IF(AZT.GT.180.) GO TO 106
AZCHK=AZT+359.
106 CONTINUE
IF(AZCHK.GT.ENDA) K=1
SINA=SIN(A)
COSA=COS(A)
DELTAZ=0.0191987
NA=K
RE(258)=0
IF(NA.EQ.1)NAC=1
NAC=NAC+1
IF(NAC.GT.1)NAC=0
IF(NA.NE.1.OR.AZLAST.LT.-990.) GO TO 224
IDAY=DAY
IHR=HOUR
IMIN=MINUTE
ISEC=SECOND
PHI=ELEVAA*DAZM
COSPFI=COS(PHI)
SINPHI=SIN(PHI)
COSPH2=COSPFI*COSPFI*EARTH
CALL TRACK
223 IF(NSCAN.EQ.4) GO TO 800
224 CALL CONTOF
AZLAST=AZT
IF(STOP.NE.1) GO TO 17
800 CALL STRAK
STOP

```

\$ASSM

ALIGN 4
ERROR SVC 2,ERRCODE

D-12

DECODE ERROR BITS

SVC 2,ERRBLK
SVC 2,PAUSE
LM 0,RSAVE

OUTPUT ERROR MSG TO CONSOLE
RETURN TO FORTRAN

\$FORT

IF(K.EQ.0) GO TO 10000
IF(K.EQ.1) GO TO 10001

GO TO 1

10003 CONTINUE

\$ASSM

ERRCODE EQU *
DB 0
DB 6
DC H'0'
DC A(ERCD)

ALIGN 4
ERRBLOK EQU *
DB 0
DB 7
DC H'28'

ERCD DC C'
DC C'I/O ERROR IN RTN RANGE'

ALIGN 4
PAUSE EQU *
DB 0,1

ALIGN 4
ANCBK DB X'59'
DB 9
DB 0,0
DC A(ANC)
DC A(ANC)
DSF 3

READ BLOCK FOR LITTLE READ
LU

START ADDRESS
END ADDRESS

NRCBK DB X'59'
DB 9
DB 0,0
DC A(ANC)
DC A(ANC)
DSF 3

READ BLOCK FOR BIG READ
LU
STATUS
START ADDRESS
END ADDRESS

\$FORT

END

*

*
07/19/79 12:51:51
***LISTING FOR ERT1:INPARM.FTN

\$N

BLOCK DATA

```

C *****
C FOR PROGRAM EXTRAD   ERT NO. 162
C VERSION 4.0   LEVEL 780301
C JHW   IBM370
C *****
C IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
C INTEGER*2 W, TL1, TL2, HR, RQUANT, T, TM
C -----
COMMON /CDRAYS/ IC(32,10), C(32,9), ID(32,10), D(32,9), IM, JM
COMMON /CONST/ VMISW, DIV, VMAG, VMISWM, ZDIV, ADIV, A1, A2, A3, B1, B2, HDIV
COMMON /VPARM/ VX, VY
COMMON /PNTRS/ NCMX, NVMIN, NUMX, IELSN, NSCAN, IESNL, NVSCN, NT
COMMON /ECONST/ EARTH, VMK
COMMON /NVLIS/ NVARM, NCARM, NVO, ICO, IO, JO, JYR, KTL
COMMON /ZLOOK/ IZOFF, ZARY(91)
COMMON /INTL/ MHSN, MNSN, HM, FNSN
COMMON /DVAL/ DELA
COMMON /CNTRS/ IATR(5), MATR
COMMON /FLGS/ ITYPE, PR1, PR2, PRIN2
COMMON /TMAX/ TM
COMMON /AZM/ AZMUTH, AZLAST, AZSTAR, NA, ELEVAT
COMMON /DATA1/ ECL(224), NOFST, KOFST, ICLAD, NAN1
COMMON /DATA2/ VCL(736), MXVC, NVC1
COMMON /DATA3/ VR(192), MXVR, NVR1
COMMON /FILTER/ TATRMN, AREAMN, DAZM
COMMON /PWORK/ KMAX, T(80), JMXDB, JMAX, IMAX, IR, JR, IMXJMX
COMMON /AZ2/SINA, COSA, DELTAZ, ISCANF, NEL, RI, SA
COMMON /FIXED/ NPA, IEMAX, NFC, IEM, JEM
COMMON /PRSTOR / NUP, TATR(1400), NUMAX, IACT(70),
+ IDC(22), IPRNG(34), KAMAX, MXTR
COMMON /REI L/ W(1025), HR(258), NCL, NID, NIDP, INCL,
X IMX, IMN, TL1, TL2, RQUANT, IDVEL(258)
COMMON /THRESH/LDV
LOGICAL PR1, PR2, PRIN2
DATA ECL/224*0.0/, VCL/736*0.0/, VR/192*0.0/
DATA TL1/30/, TL2/60/
DATA NOFST/16/, KOFST/7/, ICLAD/112/
DATA DAZM/0.0174533/, ISCANF/0/
DATA RI/0./, SA/900./, RQUANT/1/
DATA LDV/3/, MXVR/192/, NVR1/6/, MXVC/736/, NVC1/23/
DATA NPA/2/, IEMAX/22/, NFC/2/
DATA KMAX/45/, JMXDB/80/, JMAX/34/, IMAX/2700/, IR/15/, JR/45/,
+ IMXJMX/60/, NCL/258/, KAMAX/990/
DATA NID/250/, NUP/4/, NIDP/70/, NUMAX/20/, MXTR/1400/
DATA AREAMN/0.4/, IMX/257/, IMN/2/
DATA IZOFF/10/, DELA/0.0087/, FNSN/0.009/
DATA IATR/9,8,5,0,0/
DATA ITYPE/1/, PR1/.TRUE./, PR2/.FALSE./, PRIN2/.FALSE./
DATA NVARM/32/, MNSN/5/, MHSN/7/, HM/6.5/
DATA TM/0/, NCARM/16/, VMK/1. E-3/
DATA IM/32/, JM/9/, NVO/0/, ICO/0/, IO/0/, JO/0/
DATA VMISW/5./, DIV/2/, VMAG/01/, ZDIV/1/, HDIV/5/
DATA ADIV/04/, A1/4/, A2/3/, A3/3/, B1/7/, B2/3/
DATA VX/0./, VY/0./, IESNL/0/, IELSN/0/
DATA EARTH/6.4857 E-5/, NT/0/, NSCAN/0/, NVSCN/1/
END

```

AD-A081 061

ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY INC CONCORD MA
AUTOMATIC WEATHER RADAR ECHO ASSESSMENT AND TRACKING. (U)
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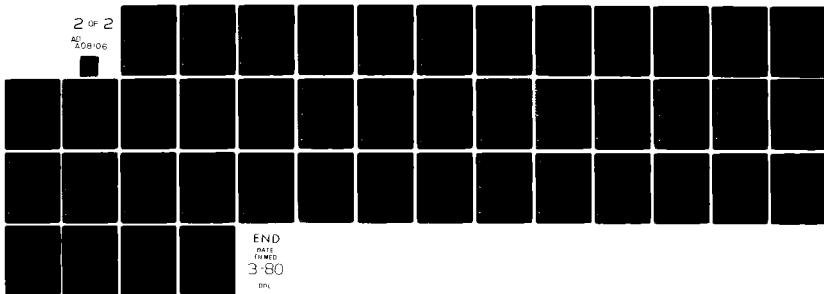
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2 OF 2

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*
07/19/79 12:52:43
***LISTING FOR ERT1:CONTOR.FTN
\$N

SUBROUTINE CONTOR

```

C *****
C JHW AFGL SUDBURY RADAR SUBROUTINE
C VERSION 4.1 LEVEL 781117
C FIND EVENTS ALONG SINGLE RADIAL
C *****
C IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
C INTEGER *2 W, TL1, TL2, HR, RQUANT, TC
+ , T, IC21(22), IC22(22)
C COMMON /SWITCH/ IC1(44), IC2(44), TC(1980), IPC1(5400),
+ IPC2(5400), IPC3(5400), IPCNT(1980), IPTC(44),
+ NEMB, NEMC, NAC
C COMMON /AZM/ AZMUTH, AZLAST, AZSTAR, NA, ELEVAT
C COMMON /AZ2/SINA, COSA, DELTAZ, ISCANF, NEL, RI, SA
C COMMON /FILTER/TATRMN, AREAMN, DAZM
C COMMON /FIXED/ NPA, IEMAX, NFC, IEM, JEM
C COMMON /PRSTOR / NUP, TATR(1400), NUMAX, IACT(70),
+ IDC(22), IPRNG(34), KAMAX, MXTR
C COMMON /REFL/ W(1025), HR(258), NCL, NID, NIDP, INCL
C X, IMX, IMN, TL1, TL2, RQUANT, IDVEL(258)
C COMMON /PWORK/ KMAX, T(80), JMXDB, JMAX, IAMAX, IR, JR, IMXJMX
C COMMON /THRESH/LDV
C COMMON /CONPK/ NCEL, NMR

```

DATA RPD/. 017453/

```

C CALL CONMSG(6, 'CONTOR')
C IFLAG=1
C IF (IFLAG.EQ. 1) WRITE(3, 7) (W(IX), IX=1, 102)
C FORMAT(1X, 20I5)
C IF (NA.NE. 1) GO TO 61

```

INITIALIZE.

```

C TLS=TL1*RQUANT
C TATRMN=AREAMN*1. E06/SA
C NEMC=IEMAX
C NCEL=1
C JEM=0
61 CONTINUE
C DO 101 K=1, IEMAX
C IDC(K)=0
101 CONTINUE
C DO 102 J=1, JMAX
C IPRNG(J)=0
102 CONTINUE
C NEMB=NEMC
C NEMC=NAC*IEMAX
C NEM1=NEMC+1
C IEM=0
C IEM2=0
C IP=0
C IPB=0

```

FIND EVENTS

```

C DO 281 I=2, NCL
C IF (W(I).GT. TLS) GO TO 2311
C W(I)=0

```

```

2311 IF(RQUANT.GT.1)W(I)=W(I)/RQUANT
    IF (W(I).GT.TL1) GO TO 131
    GO TO 241
131 IF (W(I-1).LE.TL1) GO TO 141
    GO TO 151
141 IEM=IEM+1
    IEA=IEM+NEMC
    IF(IEM.LE.IEMAX)GO TO 1411
    WRITE(3,1412)IEMAX,K
1412 FORMAT(1X,39HEVENT COUNTER EXCEEDED MAX VALUE, IMAX=,16,5X,I4)
    IEM=IEMAX
1411 IC1(IEA)=I-1
    IC2(IEA)=0

```

```

C
C      PEAK DETECTION. LOCATE AND COUNT PEAKS.
C

```

```

151 IF (W(I)-W(I-1)) 171,181,161
161 IPB=I-1
    GO TO 181
171 IF (IPB.EQ.0) GO TO 181
    IP=IP+1
    IF(IP.LE.JMAX)GO TO 1711
    WRITE(3,1913)IP, IEVENT
1913 FORMAT(1X,17HN PEAKS EXCEEDED, 216)
    IP=JMAX
    GO TO 181
1711 IPRNG(IP)=(I+IPB)/2
    IPB=0
181 CONTINUE
    GO TO 282
241 IF (W(I-1).LE.TL1) GO TO 281
    IC2(IEA)=I-1

```

```

C
C      KEEP COUNT OF PEAKS WITH EVENT.
C

```

```

    IF (IPB.EQ.0) GO TO 251
    IP=IP+1
    IF(IP.LE.JMAX)GO TO 242
    WRITE(6,1913)IP, IEM
    IP=JMAX
    GO TO 243
242 IPRNG(IP)=(I+IPB)/2
243 IPB=0
251 IDC(IEM)=IP
282 IF(W(I).LE.TL2) GO TO 2412
    IF(W(I-1).GT.TL2) GO TO 281
    IEM2=IEM2+1
    IF(IEM2.GT.IEMAX)IEM2=IEMAX
    IC21(IEM2)=I-1
    IC22(IEM2)=0
    GO TO 281
2412 IF(W(I-1).LE.TL2) GO TO 281
    IC22(IEM2)=I-1
281 CONTINUE
    CALL PEAKD

```

```

C
C      STORE PRESENT PARAMETERS IN PREVIOUS PARAMETERS.
C

```

```

    IF(IEL.NE.1) GO TO 802
    WRITE(6,1) AZMUTH, TL2, IEM2, (IC21(J), IC22(J), J=1, IEM2)
    1 FORMAT(F8.2,218,/11(216,3X)/11(216,3X))
C 801 WRITE(8) AZMUTH, TL1, IEM, (IC1(J), IC2(J), J=NEM1, IEA)
    JEM=IEM
    RETURN
END

```

*
07/19/79 12:54:07
***LISTING FOR ERT1:PEAKD.FTN

\$N

SUBROUTINE PEAKD

```

C *****
C VERSION 5.0 LEVEL 780616
C JHW AVCO IBM360
C DETERMINES PEAK VALUES AND THEIR ATTRIBUTES.
C *****
  IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
  REAL UP(6), TATR(1400), BUF(8)
  INTEGER*4 RSAVE(16)
  INTEGER *2 TCVL, TBVL, TCVLB, TCVM, TATC, TATM
  INTEGER *2 HB, IACT(70), IDC(22),
+   IPCRNG(34), TM
  INTEGER *2 W, RQUANT
  INTEGER*2 TL2, T, TC
  COMMON /DATA1/ ECL(224), NOFST, KOFST, ICLAD, NAN1
  COMMON /SWITCH/ IC1(44), IC2(44), TC(1980), IPC1(5400),
+   IPC2(5400), IPC3(5400), IPCNT(1980), IPTC(44),
+   NEMB, NEMC, NAC
  COMMON /PWORK/ KMAX, T(80), JMXDB, JMAX, IAMAX, IR, JR, IMXJMX
  COMMON/REFL/ W(1025), HB(258), NCL, NID, NIDP, INCL,
X IMX, IMN, TM, TL2, RQUANT, IDVEL(258)
  COMMON /FIXED/NPA, IEMAX, NFC, IEM, JEM
  COMMON/AZM/ AZMUTH, AZLAST, AZSTAR, NA, ELEVAT
  COMMON /AZ2/SAZ, CAZ, DAZ, ISCANF, NEL, RI, SA
  COMMON/FILTER/TATRMN, AREAMN, DAZM
  COMMON /THRESH/ LDB
  COMMON /PRSTOR/ NUP, TATR(1400), NUMAX, IACT(70),
+   IDC(22), IPCRNG(34), KAMAX, MXTR
  COMMON /CONPK/ NCELL, NMX
  DATA DPR/57.296/, A/0.1/

```

C
C
C
C

IEM IS NO. OF EVENTS IN C RADIAL.
INITIALIZE AND GENERATE HC ARRAY

```

NBADR=NCADR
NCADR=IAMAX*NAC
NBKA=NCKA
NCKA=KAMAX*NAC
NAX=NA
ITY=0
IF(NA.NE.1) GO TO 2109
LM=6
LMDP=LM*NIDP
NBADR=IAMAX*NAC
NBKA=KAMAX*NAC
NAN=0
NAN1=0
LMM=LM-1
IDX=LM+1
NIMN=1
FQUANT=RQUANT
NCLM=NCL-1
LDBM=LDB-1
NUP=2+LM*LDB
LDX=NUP-1
NPDP=LDX*NIDP
ID2=1+(LDB-1)*LM
DO 17 I=1, KOFST
17 UP(I)=0.

```

```

DO 18 I=1, LIMIT
18 ECL(I)=0.
DO 19 I=1, NCL
19 IDVEL(I)=0
C
NMX=1
DO 2107 I=1, NIDP
2107 IACT(I)=0
DO 2108 J=1, MXTR
2108 TATR(J)=0.
2109 NGM=0
DO 23 K=1, KMAX
KAD=K+NCKA
23 IPCNT(KAD)=0
C
1044 IF(IEM. LE. 0)GO TO 952
DO 951 IE=1, IEM
IER=IE+NEMC
KIE=(IE-1)*KMAX+NCKA
KIEM=KIE-KMAX
IPTC(IER)=0
ICEST=IC1(IER)
ICESP=IC2(IER)
IF(IE. EQ. 1)GO TO 232
DO 233 K=1, KMAX
KA=K+KIE
KB=K+KIEM
233 IPCNT(KA)=IPCNT(KB)
232 IPL=0
IF(IE. GT. 1)IPL=IDC(IE-1)
IP=IDC(IE)
IF(IP. LE. IPL)GO TO 951
IPL=IPL+1
JE1=0
JE2=0
C
C
C
FIND B EVENTS ASSOCIATED WITH C EVENTS.
JEM IS NO. OF EVENTS IN PREVIOUS RADIAL.
IF(JEM. EQ. 0) GO TO 41
DO 31 JE=1, JEM
JEB=JE+NEMB
IF(IC2(JEB). LT. ICEST) GO TO 31
IF(IC1(JEB). GT. ICESP) GO TO 41
JE2=JE
IF (JE1. EQ. 0) JE1=JE
31 CONTINUE
C
C
C
FIND THRESHOLDS FOR IE EVENT
DO 51 J=1, JMXDB
51 T(J)=0
NTHRES=1
DO 71 L=IPL, IP
IF(L. GT. JMAX)GO TO 71
IR1=IPCRNG(L)
IF(IR1. LT. ICEST)GO TO 71
IF(IR1. GT. ICESP)GO TO 712
DO 711 K=1, LDB
IU=W(IR1)
IT=IU-TM-K+1
IF(IT. LE. 0)GO TO 711
IF(IT. GT. JMXDB)IT=JMXDB
IF(T(IT). EQ. 0)NTHRES=NTHRES+1
T(IT)=1
711 CONTINUE
71 CONTINUE

```

```

      IF(NTHRES. GT. KMAX)WRITE(6, 7878)NA, NTHRES, KMAX, IE
7878  FORMAT(2X, 33HNUMBER OF THRESHOLDS EXCEEDS KMAX, 4I10)
      IF(NTHRES. GT. KMAX)IPSRT=NTHRES-KMAX
      IPT=1
      DO 91 L=1, JMXDB
      IF (T(L). LE. 0) GO TO 91
      KA=IPT+KIE
      TC(KA)=L+TM-1
      IPSRT=IPSRT-1
      IF(IPSRT. GT. 0)GO TO 91
      IPT=IPT+1
91    CONTINUE
      IPT=IPT-1
      IF(IPT. GT. JR)WRITE(6, 7879)NA, IPT, JR, IE
7879  FORMAT(2X, 31HNUMBER OF THRESHOLDS EXCEEDS JR, 4I10)
      IF(IPT. GE. JR)IPT=JR
      IPTC(IEA)=IPT
      IF(IPT. LE. 0)GO TO 951
      C      LOOP ON RANGE IN IE EVENT TO FIND CONTOUR
      C
      IBGN=ICEST+1
      IND=ICESP+1
      DO 161 I=IBGN, IND
      C
      C      LOOP ON THRESHOLD
      C
      DO 131 K=1, IPT
      IU=W(I)
      KA=K+KIE
      IF (IU. GT. TC(KA)) GO TO 111
      GO TO 141
      111 IU=W(I-1)
      IF (IU. LE. TC(KA)) GO TO 121
      GO TO 131
      C
      C      START RANGE FOR SEGMENT (CONTOUR)
      C
      121 IPCNT(KA)=IPCNT(KA)+1
      IF(IPCNT(KA). LE. IMXJMX)GO TO 1211
      WRITE(6, 1212)ITY, K, IE
      1212 FORMAT(2X, 30HNUMBER OF SEGMENTS EXCEEDS IMX, 3I10)
      IPCNT(KA)=IMXJMX
      1211 IPE=IPCNT(KA)
      IREG=I-1
      IADDR=IPE+(K-1)*IMXJMX+NCDAR
      IPC1(IADDR)=IREG
      IPC3(IADDR)=0
      131 CONTINUE
      GO TO 161
      C
      C      END RANGE FOR SEGMENT
      C
      141 DO 151 KL=K, IPT
      IF (W(I-1). EQ. -999) GO TO 161
      IU=W(I-1)
      KA=KL+KIE
      IF (IU. LE. TC(KA)) GO TO 161
      IPE=IPCNT(KA)
      IREG=I-1
      IEQL=IPE+(KL-1)*IMXJMX+NCDAR
      IPC2(IEQL)=IREG
      151 CONTINUE
      161 CONTINUE

```

```

940 DO 941 LC=1, IPT
    KC=IPT-LC+1
    KA=KC+KIE
    KZ=KC+KIEM
    IF(KC. LE. 0)GO TO 941
    TCVL=TC(KA)
    TCVM=TCVL+1
    TCVLB=TCVL+LDB
    NPC=IPCNT(KA)
    NPL=0
    IF(IE. GT. 1)NPL=IPCNT(KZ)
    IF(NPC. LE. NPL)GO TO 941
    NPL=NPL+1
C      LOOP ON SEGMENTS
DO 931 IPE=NPL, NPC
    JADDR=IPE+(KC-1)*IMXJMX+NCADR
    IHBM=IPC1(JADDR)
    IHB=IHBM+1
    IHD=IPC2(JADDR)
    K=KC+1
    KY=KA+1
    KX=KZ+1
    NPK=0
    TATM=0
    LPE=IPCNT(KY)
    LPL=0
    IF(IE. GT. 1)LPL=IPCNT(KX)
    LPL=LPL+1
    IF(LPE. LT. LPL. OR. K. GT. IPT)GO TO 193
C      LOOP SEGMENTS, NEXT HIGHER THRESHOLD
C
C
192 DO 191 L=LPL, LPE
    IADDR=L+(K-1)*IMXJMX+NCADR
    IF(IPC2(IADDR). LT. IHBM)GO TO 191
    IF(IPC1(IADDR). GT. IHD)GO TO 193
    NPCEL=IPC3(IADDR)
    IF(NPCEL. LE. 0)GO TO 1911
    TATC=TATR(NPCEL)
    IF(TATC. LT. TATM) GO TO 231
    TATM=TATC
    NPK=NPCEL
231 IF(TATC. LT. 0)TATC=-TATC
C      NPCEL IS FOR NEXT HIGHER (ENCLOSED) THRESHOLD ON C RADIAL
C
C      IF(TATC. GT. TCVLB)GO TO 932
191 CONTINUE
    GO TO 193
932 NPK=-NPCEL
    GO TO 193
1911 NPK=-(NIDF+1)
C      ASSOCIATE CELLS ON B RADIAL, TOP DOWN
C
C
193 MPK=0
    IF(NA. EQ. 1)GO TO 361
    TATM=0
    IF (JE2. EQ. 0) GO TO 371
    DO 261 JE=JE1, JE2
    JEB=JE+NEMB
    ITATM=0
    IF(IC2(JEB). LT. IHBM) GO TO 261
    IF(IC1(JEB). GT. IHD) GO TO 3661

```



```

C
271  IPB=IPTC(JEB)
      IF(IPB. LE. 0)GO TO 261
      DO 291 LB=1, IPB
      KB=IPB-LB+1
      KBB=(JE-1)*KMAX+NBKA
      KBA=KB+KBB
      KBC=KB+KBB-KMAX
      TBVL=TC(KBA)
      JEQL=TBVL+1
      NP2=IPCNT(KBA)
      NP1=0
      IF(JE. GT. 1)NP1=IPCNT(KBC)
      IF(NP2. LE. NP1)GO TO 291
      NP1=NP1+1
      DO 281 JPE=NP1, NP2
      IADDR=JPE+(KB-1)*IMXJMX+NBADR
      IF(IPC2(IADDR). LT. IHBM)GO TO 281
      IF(IPC1(IADDR). GT. IHD)GO TO 2911
      LPCEL=IPC3(IADDR)
      IF(LPCEL. LE. 0)GO TO 281
      IF(TCVL. LE. TBVL)GO TO 282
      IEQL=TATR(LPCEL)
      IF(JEQL. LT. IEQL)GO TO 281
282  TATC=TATR(LPCEL)
      IF(TATC. LT. TATM)GO TO 281
      TATM=TATC
      ITATM=TATM
      MPK=LPCEL
      KBM=KB
      JBM=JE
281  CONTINUE
2911  IF(ITATM. NE. 0)GO TO 261
291  CONTINUE
261  CONTINUE
3661  IF(MPK. EQ. 0)GO TO 371
      IF(TATM. GT. TCVLB)MPK=-MPK
      GO TO 421
371  DO 194 I=IHB, IHD
      IF(HB(I). EQ. -999)GO TO 194
      IF(IABS(HB(I)). LE. TC(KA))GO TO 194
      IF(NPK. EQ. 0)GO TO 931
      IF(NPK. GT. 0)GO TO 366
      GO TO 3662
194  CONTINUE
C
C      HAVE B COMPARE WITHIN RANGE
C
361  CONTINUE
      IF(NPK. EQ. 0)GO TO 631
C
C      MPK=0. AND NPK=0 - NO COMPARE
C      MPK=0. AND NPK. NE. 0 - NO B COMPARE
C      NPK=0. AND MPK. NE. 0 - B COMPARE
C      HIGHEST THIS RADIAL
C
      IF(NPK. LE. 0. OR. NPK. GT. NMX)GO TO 3662
C
C      NO PRIOR RADIAL FOR COMPARISON. INCREMENT NPCEL
C
      NPCEL=NPK
359  INDX=TATR(NPCEL)-TCVM
      IF(INDX. GE. LDS. OR. INDX. LE. 0)GO TO 366
392  IN=INDX+LM+1
      INX=IDX+INDX*LM

```

```

IEQL=TATR(JN)
IF(IEQL NE 0 OR NA EQ 1)GO TO 3921
IEQL=NPCEL+(IN-LNM-1)*NIDF
JEQL=TATR(IEQL)
IF(JEQL LE 0)GO TO 366
MPC=NPCEL
NPCEL=JEQL
IF(MPC EQ NPCEL OR NPCEL GT NMN)GO TO 366
GO TO 359

```

```

3921 IPC3(JADDR)=NPCEL
JN1=JN+NIDF
JN2=JN1+NIDF
JN3=JN2+NIDF
JN4=JN3+NIDF
JN5=JN4+NIDF
IF(TATR(JN1) EQ -999)GO TO 419
IST=IHB
ISP=IHD
DO 411 I=IST,ISP
R=R1+SA*(FLOAT(I-1)-5)
IU=WC(I)
RU=R*FLOAT(IU)+DAZ
TATR(JN1)=TATR(JN1)+DAZ*R
TATR(JN2)=TATR(JN2)+RU
TATR(JN3)=TATR(JN3)+SAZ*R+RU
TATR(JN4)=TATR(JN4)+CAZ*R+RU
TATR(JN5)=TATR(JN5)+IDVEL(I)

```

```

411 CONTINUE
419 KN=NPCEL+(INN-1)*NIDF
TATR(KN)=NA
KNN=NPCEL+NIDF
TATR(KNN)=IE
IF(IST EQ 2 OR ISP EQ IMN)TATR(JN1)=-999
GO TO 366

```

```

3662 NPCEL=-NPK
366 IF(NPCEL GT NMN OR NPCEL LE 0)GO TO 931
INDX=TATR(NPCEL)-TCVM

```

C
 C COMBINE LPCEL WITH NPCEL AT THIS LEVEL
 C COMBINE BY SETTING AREA AS POINTER AND IDN TO NA = 0
 C

```

IF(LPE LT LPL OR K GT IPT)GO TO 931
DO 365 L=LPL,LPE
IADDR=L+(K-1)*INXJMN
IF(IPC2(IADDR) LT IHB)GO TO 365
IF(IPC1(IADDR) GT IHD)GO TO 931
LPCEL=IPC1(IADDR)
IF(LPCEL LE 0 OR LPCEL GT NMN)GO TO 365
LNX=LPCEL+LMDF
IF(TATR(LNX) EQ 0)GO TO 365
IF(NPCEL EQ LPCEL)GO TO 365
INDX=TATR(LPCEL)-TCVM
IF(INDX GE LDB)GO TO 365
IF(INDX LE 0)INDX=0
IND=LPCEL+(INDX+1)*LMDF
IF(TATR(IND) EQ 0)GO TO 365
IND=INDX+1
IPG=0
DO 3663 J=IND,LDB
IN=(J-1)*LM
IEQL=LPCEL+J*LMDF
JEQL=TATR(IEQL)
IF(JEQL EQ NA)IPG=IPG+1
DO 3663 I=1,LM
IEQL=LPCEL+(I+IN)*NIDF

```

```

IF(IPG EQ 0) OR IF LE 1)GO TO 3664
DO 3665 I=1,IE
IA=I+NEMC
IPTT=IPTC(IA)
IF(IPTT LE 0)GO TO 3665
DO 3666 KT=1,IPTT
KTI=(I-1)*KMAX+NCKA
KTA=KT+KTI
KTB=KT+KTI-KMAX
NPCT=IPCNT(KTA)
IEQL=TC(KTA)+1
NPCL=0
IF(I GT 1)NPCL=IPCNT(KTB)
IF(NPCT LE NPCL)GO TO 3666
NPCL=NPCL+1
DO 3667 LP=NPCL,NPCT
IADDR=LP+(KT-1)*INXIMX+NCKA
IF(LPCEL NE IPC3(IADDR))GO TO 3667
INDNT=TATR(NPCEL)-IEQL
IF(INDNT LT LDB)GO TO 3668
3669 IPC3(IADDR)=0
GO TO 3667
3668 IF(INDX GE LDB)GO TO 3669
IPC3(IADDR)=NPCEL
3667 CONTINUE
3666 CONTINUE
3665 CONTINUE
IPG=0
3664 IF(INDX GE LDB)GO TO 365
IACT(LPCEL)=-NPCEL
IEQL=LPCEL+(INDX+LM+1)*NIDF
TATR(IEQL)=NPCEL
IF(INDX NE 0)GO TO 365
IACT(LPCEL)=-NIDF-1
LN=LPCEL+NIDF
TATR(LN)=0
365 CONTINUE
GO TO 931

C
C COMBINE NPCEL AND LPCEL. PEAK VALUES EQUAL
C
C
C COMBINE WITH F RADIAL CELLS
C
421 IF(MPK LE 0)GO TO 422
IF(NPK LT 0)GO TO 3662
NGM=0
LPCEL=MPK
LNK=LPCEL+LNDF
IEQL=TATR(LNK)
KBMA=KBM+(JBM-1)*KMAX+NCKA
IF(IEQL EQ NA AND NPK EQ 0 AND TCVL GT
+ TC(KBMA)) GO TO 485
INDX=TATR(LPCEL)-TCVM
INDX=INDX
IF(NPK GT 0)INDX=TATR(NPK)-TCVM
IF(INDX LE INDX)GO TO 4212
NGM=1
NPCEL=NPK
IND=INDX
INDX=INDX
INDX=IND
GO TO 4213
4212 IF(INDX LT 0)GO TO 481
NPCEL=LPCEL

```

C
C
C
COMBINE WITH B - RADIAL, C-LEVEL LOWER

4213 IF(INDX.GE.LDB)GO TO 4221
IN=INDX*LM
IN1=(IN+1)*NIDP
ILN=(IN+LM)*NIDP
IEQL=NPCEL+ILN
512 IF(TATR(IEQL).NE.0.)GO TO 5311
IEQL=NPCEL+IN1
JEQL=TATR(IEQL)
IF(JEQL.LE.0.AND.NGM.EQ.0)GO TO 4221
IF(NGM.NE.1)GO TO 5312
5314 IM=IMDX*LM
IF(IM.LT.0)GO TO 5311
IF(LPCEL.LE.0.OR.LPCEL.GT.NMX)GO TO 4221
IEQL=LPCEL+(IM+LM)*NIDP
IF(TATR(IEQL).NE.0.)GO TO 5311
IEQL=LPCEL+(IM+1)*NIDP
IF(TATR(IEQL).GT.0.)GO TO 5313
LPCEL=NPCEL
GO TO 4221
5313 LPCEL=TATR(IEQL)
IF(LPCEL.EQ.NPCEL.OR.LPCEL.GT.NMX)GO TO 4221
IMDX=TATR(LPCEL)-TCVM
GO TO 5314
5312 IEQL=NPCEL+IN1
NPCEL=TATR(IEQL)
IF(NPCEL.LE.0.OR.NPCEL.GT.NMX)GO TO 4221
INDX=TATR(NPCEL)-TCVM
GO TO 4213
5311 IPC3(JADDR)=NPCEL
IEQL=NPCEL+IN1
IF(TATR(IEQL).EQ.-999.)GO TO 8012
IST=IHB
ISP=IHD
IEQL2=IEQL+NIDP
IEQL3=IEQL2+NIDP
IEQL4=IEQL3+NIDP
IEQL5=IEQL4+NIDP
DO 531 I=IST,ISP
IU=W(I)
R=RI+SA*(FLOAT(I-1)-.5)
RU=R*FLOAT(IU)*DAZ
TATR(IEQL)=TATR(IEQL)+DAZ*R
TATR(IEQL2)=TATR(IEQL2)+RU
TATR(IEQL3)=TATR(IEQL3)+SAZ*R*RU
TATR(IEQL4)=TATR(IEQL4)+CAZ*R*RU
TATR(IEQL5)=TATR(IEQL5)+IDVEL(I)
531 CONTINUE
8012 IEQL=NPCEL+ILN
TATR(IEQL)=NA
NMP=NPCEL+NPDP
TATR(NMP)=IE
IEQL=NPCEL+IN1
IF(IST.EQ.2.OR.ISP.EQ.IMX)TATR(IEQL)=-999.
LPCEL=NPCEL
GO TO 4221

C
C
C
COMBINE WITH B-RADIAL, C-LEVEL HIGHER

IF FIRST COMBINE, AREA=0, IF SECOND OR HIGHER, AREA=-1.
TEST AREA TO ESTABLISH NEW NUMBERS

481 INDX=-INDX
IND=NUMP-1

```

      INDF=LDB
      INS=2
      IPG=0
      TATR(LPCEL)=TCVM
      LMP=LPCEL+NPDP
      TATR(LMP)=IE
      IF(INDX GE LDB)GO TO 482
      IND=LDB-INDX
      DO 4832 I=INDX,LDBM
      IEQL=LPCEL+(I+1)*LMDF
      JEQL=TATR(IEQL)
      IF(JEQL EQ NA)IPG=IPG+1
4832  CONTINUE
      DO 483 I=1,IND
      DO 483 J=1,LM
      IN=LPCEL+(J+(LDB-I)*LM)*NIDP
      IM=LPCEL+(J+(IND-I)*LM)*NIDP
483   TATR(IN)=TATR(IM)
      IND=INDX*LM+1
      INDP=INDX
482   DO 4835 I=1,LDB
      IEQL=LPCEL+I*LMDF
      JEQL=TATR(IEQL)
      IF(JEQL EQ NA)IPG=IPG+1
4835  CONTINUE
      DO 484 I=INS,IND
      IN=LPCEL+(I-1)*NIDP
484   TATR(IN)=0
      DO 4841 I=1,INDP
      IEQL=LPCEL+I*LMDF
4841  TATR(IEQL)=NA
      IF(IPG EQ 0 OR IE LE 1)GO TO 488
      DO 4831 I=1,IE
      IA=I+NEMC
      IPTT=IPTC(IA)
      IF(IPTT LE 0)GO TO 4831
      DO 4833 KT=1,IPTT
      KTP=(I-1)*KMAX+NCKA
      KTA=KT+KTP
      KTB=KT+KTP-KMAX
      NPCT=IPCNT(KTA)
      IEQL=TC(KTA)+1
      NPCL=0
      IF(I GT 1)NPCL=IPCNT(KTB)
      IF(NPCT LE NPCL)GO TO 4833
      NPCL=NPCL+1
      DO 4834 LP=NPCL,NPCT
      KADDR=LP+(KT-1)*IMXJMX+NCDR
      IF(LPCEL NE IPC3(KADDR))GO TO 4834
      INDXT=TATR(LPCEL)-IEQL
      IF(INDXT LT LDB)GO TO 4834
      IPC3(KADDR)=0
4834  CONTINUE
4833  CONTINUE
4831  CONTINUE
      IPG=0
488  IN=0
      IF(LPCEL LE 0 OR LPCEL GT NMX)GO TO 931
      LND=LPCEL+LMDF
      TATR(LND)=NA
      IPC3(JADDR)=LPCEL
      NPCEL=LPCEL
      NGM=0
      GO TO 512
485  DO 486 I=NIMN,NIDP
      IF(IACT(I) EQ 0)GO TO 487

```

```

        WRITE(6,644)
        GO TO 931
487 LPCEL=I
        NIMN=I+1
        IACT(I)=1
        IF(NIMN.GT.NIDP) NIMN=NIDP
        IF(NMX.LT.NIMN) NMX=NIMN
        TATR(LPCEL)=TCVM
        LNP=LPCEL+NPDP
        TATR(LNP)=IE
        GO TO 488
422 LPCEL=MPK
        IF(LPCEL.LT.0)LPCEL=-LPCEL
4221 IF(LPCEL.GT.NMX.OR LPCEL.LE.0)GO TO 3662
        IMDX=TATR(LPCEL)-TCVM
        IF(IMDX.LT.0)GO TO 632
        DO 441 JE=JE1,JE2
        JEB=JE+NEMB
        IF(IC2(JEB).LT.IHBM) GO TO 441
        IF(IC1(JEB).GT.IHD) GO TO 632
        IPB=IPTC(JEB)
        IF(IPB.LE.0)GO TO 441
        DO 471 LB=1,IPB
        KB=IPB-LB+1
        KBJ=(JE-1)*KMAX+NBKA
        KBA=JE+KBJ
        KBC=JE+KBJ-KMAX
        IF(TC(KBA).NE.TCVL) GO TO 471
        MPB=IPCNT(KBA)
        MPL=0
        IF(JE.GT.1)MPL=IPCNT(KBC)
        IF(MPB.LE.MPL)GO TO 471
        MPL=MPL+1
        DO 461 JPE=MPL,MPB
        IADDR=JPE+(KB-1)*IMXJMX+NBRDR
        IF(IPC2(IADDR).LT.IHBM)GO TO 461
        IF(IPC1(IADDR).GT.IHD)GO TO 471
        NPCEL=IPC3(IADDR)
        IF(NPCEL.LE.0.OR NPCEL.GT.NMX)GO TO 461
        IF(LPCEL.EQ.NPCEL)GO TO 461
C
C        COMBINE AT TB=TC LEVEL
C
502 INDX=TATR(NPCEL)-TCVM
        IF(INDX.GE.LDB)GO TO 461
        IF(INDX.LT.0)GO TO 8511
        IF(IMDX.LT.LDB)GO TO 861
851 ND=INDX*LM+1
        DO 852 I=1,LM
        IEQL=NPCEL+(ND+I-1)*NIDP
852 TATR(IEQL)=0.
        IPC3(IADDR)=0
        GO TO 461
8511 IPC3(IADDR)=0
        DO 8512 J=1,LDX
        JN=NPCEL+J*NIDP
8512 TATR(JN)=0.
        IACT(NPCEL)=- (NIDP+1)
        GO TO 461
861 LD=IMDX*LM+1
        ND=INDX*LM+1
        LDA=LD*NIDP
        NDA=ND*NIDP
        IEQL=LPCEL+(LD+LMM)*NIDP
        JEQL=NPCEL+(ND+LMM)*NIDP

```

```

TATRL=TATR(JEQL)
TATRN=TATR(JEQL)
IF(TATRL.NE.0. .AND. TATRN.NE.0.)GO TO 8911
JEQL=LPCEL+LDA
TATRJ=TATR(JEQL)
IF(TATRL.EQ.0. .AND. TATRJ.LE.0.)GO TO 851
IF(TATRL.GT.0.)GO TO 8912
LPCEL=TATRJ
IF(LPCEL.LE.0. OR. LPCEL.GT.NMX)GO TO 461
GO TO 4221
8912 IEQL=NPCEL+NDA
TATRJ=TATR(IEQL)
IF(TATRN.EQ.0. .AND. TATRJ.LE.0.)GO TO 8913
NPCEL=TATRJ
IF(NPCEL.LE.0. OR. NPCEL.GT.NMX. OR. NPCEL.EQ.LPCEL)GO TO 461
IPC3(IADDR)=NPCEL
GO TO 502
8913 DO 8914 I=1,LM
IEQL=LPCEL+(LD+I-1)*NIDP
8914 TATR(IEQL)=0.
IPC3(IADDR)=0
GO TO 4221
8911 IBNDRY=0
IEQL=LPCEL+LDA
JEQL=NPCEL+NDA
IF(TATR(IEQL).EQ.-999. .OR. TATR(JEQL).EQ.-999.)
X IBNDRY=1
DO 891 I=1,LMM
IEQL=LPCEL+(LD+I-1)*NIDP
JEQL=NPCEL+(ND+I-1)*NIDP
IF(IBNDRY.EQ.0)TATR(IEQL)=TATR(JEQL)+TATR(IEQL)
TATR(JEQL)=0.
891 CONTINUE
IEQL=LPCEL+LDA
IF(IBNDRY.EQ.1)TATR(IEQL)=-999.
IEQL=NPCEL+(ND+LMM)*NIDP
TATR(IEQL)=0.
IEQL=NPCEL+NDA
TATR(IEQL)=LPCEL
IACT(NPCEL)=-LPCEL
IPC3(IADDR)=LPCEL
461 CONTINUE
471 CONTINUE
441 CONTINUE
632 IF(NPK.LE.0)GO TO 3662
NPCEL=LPCEL
GO TO 366
C
C UNASSOCIATED
C
631 DO 642 J=NIMN,NIDP
IF(IACT(J).EQ.0)GO TO 643
642 CONTINUE
WRITE(6,644)
644 FORMAT(5X,15H TOO MANY CELLS)
GO TO 931
643 NPCEL=J
NIMN=J
IF(NIMN.GT.NIDP)NIMN=NIDP
IF(NMX.LT.NIMN)NMX=NIMN
IACT(J)=1
IPC3(JADDR)=NPCEL
DO 671 I=1,NUMP
NMP=NPCEL+(I-1)*NIDP
TATR(NMP)=0.0
671 CONTINUE

```

```

NMN=NPCEL+NPDP
TATR(NMN)=IE
IST=IHB
ISP=IHD
NP2=NPCEL+NIDP
NP3=NP2+NIDP
NP4=NP3+NIDP
NP5=NP4+NIDP
NP6=NP5+NIDP
DO 621 I=IST, ISP
R=RI+SA*(FLOAT(I-1)-.5)
IU=W(I)
RU=R*FLOAT(IU)*DAZ
TATR(NP2)=DAZ*R+TATR(NP2)
TATR(NP3)=RU+TATR(NP3)
TATR(NP4)=SAZ*R*RU+TATR(NP4)
TATR(NP5)=TATR(NP5)+CAZ*R*RU
TATR(NP6)=TATR(NP6)+IDVEL(I)
621 CONTINUE
NIX=NPCEL+LMDF
TATR(NIX)=NA
IF(IST.EQ.2.OR.ISP.EQ.IMX)TATR(NP2)=-999.
931 CONTINUE
941 CONTINUE
951 CONTINUE
C
C      CLEAN UP TATR AND IC ARRAYS - REMOVE IC POINTER
C      TO DELETED ARRAYS
C
7010 DO 9512 I=1,NMX
IF(IACT(I).EQ.0)GO TO 9512
IF(IACT(I).GE.0)GO TO 9611
DO 9613 IE=1,IEM
IEA=IE+NEMC
KIE=(IE-1)*KMAX+NCKA
KIEM=KIE-KMAX
IPT=IPTC(IEA)
IF(IPT.LE.0)GO TO 9613
DO 9618 KC=1,IPT
KA=KC+KIE
KB=KC+KIEM
NPC=IPCNT(KA)
TCVM=TC(KA)+1
NPL=0
IF(IE.GT.1)NPL=IPCNT(KB)
IF(NPC.LE.NPL)GO TO 9618
NPL=NPL+1
DO 9619 IPE=NPL,NPC
IADDR=IPE+(KC-1)*IMXJMX+NCAADR
IF(I.NE.IPC3(IADDR))GO TO 9619
IF(IACT(I).LT.-NIDP)GO TO 9614
INDX=TATR(I)-TCVM
IEQL=I+(INDX+1)*LMDF
JEQL=I+(INDX*LM+1)*NIDP
IF(TATR(IEQL).NE.0.)GO TO 9619
IEQL=TATR(JEQL)
IF(IEQL.NE.-IACT(I))GO TO 9614
IPC3(IADDR)=-IACT(I)
GO TO 9619
9614 IPC3(IADDR)=0
9619 CONTINUE
9618 CONTINUE
9613 CONTINUE
IF(IACT(I).GE.-NIDP)GO TO 9517
IACT(I)=0

```



```

      TATR(I)=0.
      GO TO 9512
9517 DO 9513 J=1,LDB
      KEQL=I+(LM*(J-1)+1)*NIDF
      JEQL=TATR(KEQL)
      IEQL=I+J*LMDP
      IEQL=TATR(IEQL)
      IF(JEQL.EQ.-IACT(I).AND.IEQL.EQ.0)
+    GO TO 9514
9513 CONTINUE
      GO TO 9611
9514 TATR(KEQL)=0.
9611 DO 9612 K=2,LDB
      IEQL=I+K*LMDP
      JEQL=I+((K-1)*LM+1)*NIDF
      IF(TATR(IEQL).NE.0..AND.TATR(JEQL).EQ.0.)
+    TATR(IEQL)=0.
9612 CONTINUE
      IACT(I)=1
9512 CONTINUE
      IF(NA.EQ.1)GO TO 1030

C
C      END OF ASSOCIATION LOOPS
C
952 DO 991 I=1,NMX
      IA=I+(LDX-1)*NIDF
      IF(IACT(I).EQ.0)GO TO 991
961 IF(TATR(IA).EQ.0.)GO TO 9912
      IEQL=TATR(IA)
      IF(IEQL.LE.0)IEQL=-IEQL
      IF(IEQL.EQ.NAX-1)GO TO 971
      GO TO 991

C
C      CHECK BACKGROUND COMING DOWN
C
971 INBR=0
      ITERM=1
      DO 9716 J=1,LDBM
      IEQL=I+((J-1)*LM+1)*NIDF
      JEQL=IEQL+NIDF
      IF(TATR(IEQL).LE.0..OR.TATR(JEQL).EQ.0.)GO TO 9962
9716 CONTINUE
      NMP=I+NPDF
      IEQL=TATR(NMP)
      J=1
      IF(JEM.LT.2)GO TO 968
      DO 9711 J=1,JEM
968 JA=J+NEMB
      IF(IEQL.NE.J)GO TO 9711
9712 IPB=IPTC(JA)
      DO 9713 K=1,IPB
      KA=(J-1)*KMAX+NBKA
      KAP=K+KA
      KAM=K+KA-KMAX
      IEQL=TATR(I)
      IEQL=IEQL-TC(KAP)
      IF(IEQL.NE.LDB)GO TO 9713
      NP=IPCNT(KAP)
      NL=0
      IF(J.GT.1)NL=IPCNT(KAM)
      NL=NL+1
      DO 9713 N=NL,NP
      IEQL=N+(K-1)*IMXJMX+NBADR
      IF(I.NE.IPC3(IEQL))GO TO 9713
      INBR=INBR+1
      ITERM=2

```

```

IADDR=N+(K-1)*IMXJMX+NBHDR
IST=IPC1(IADDR)
ISP=IPC2(IADDR)+1
DO 9715 L=IST, ISP
IU=W(L)
IF(IU.EQ.-999)GO TO 9715
IF(IABS(IU).GT.TC(KAP))GO TO 9982
9715 CONTINUE
9713 CONTINUE
9711 CONTINUE
ITERM=3
IF(INBR.EQ.0)GO TO 9982
ITERM=4
IID=I+ID2*NIDP
IF(TATR(IID).LE.TATRMN)GO TO 9982
DO 981 J=1,LMM
IEQL=I+(ID2+J-1)*NIDP
981 UP(J)=TATR(IEQL)
UP(2)=UP(2)/UP(1)
UP(6)=A*UP(2)+UP(5)
DO 985 M=1,NOFST
MG=6+(M-1)*KOFST+NAN1
IF(UP(6).GT.ECL(MG))GO TO 986
985 CONTINUE
GO TO 989
986 NAN=NAN+1
IF(NAN.GT.1)NAN=0
NAB=NAN1
NAN1=NAN*ICLAD
LMT=NOFST-1
DO 988 J=1,LMT
KJ=(J-1)*KOFST
DO 987 K=1,LM
JK=K+KJ
JK1=JK+NAB
JK2=JK+NAN1
IF(J.EQ.M) ECL(JK2)=UP(K)
IF(J.GE.M) JK2=JK2+KOFST
987 ECL(JK2)=ECL(JK1)
988 CONTINUE
989 CONTINUE
NCELL=NCELL+1
ITERM=5
GO TO 9982
9912 DO 9913 J=1,LDB
INDP1=I+J*LMDP
IEQL=TATR(INDP1)
IF(IEQL.LT.0)IEQL=-IEQL
IF(IEQL.EQ.NA)GO TO 991
IF(TATR(INDP1).LT.0..AND.TATR(INDP1).NE.-999.)GO TO 991
9913 CONTINUE
ITERM=7
9982 CONTINUE
IF(I.LT.NIMN) NIMN=I
DO 982 J=1,NUMP
JA=I+(J-1)*NIDP
982 TATR(JA)=0.
IACT(I)=0
991 CONTINUE
1030 CONTINUE
1031 CONTINUE
C037 FORMAT(3I15)
1040 DO 1 J=1,IEM
JA=J+NEMC
ISTART=IC1(JA)
ISTOP=IC2(JA)

```

```
DO 2 I=ISTART,ISTOP
MH=W(I-1)
IF(W(I).GT.MH)MH=W(I)
IF(W(I+1).GT.MH)MH=W(I+1)
2 HB(I)=MH
1 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

*
07/19/79 12:59:56
***LISTING FOR ERT1 TRACK.FTN
\$N

```
SUBROUTINE TRACK
IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
INTEGER*2 T, TA
COMMON /INTL/ MHSN, MNSN, HM, FNSN
COMMON /NVLIS/ NVARM, NCARM, NVO, ICO, IO, JO, JYR, KTL
COMMON /TLIS/ T, TA, JDAY, JHR, JMIN, JSEC, IDAY, IHR, MIN, ISEC
COMMON /PNTRS/ NCMX, NVMIN, NVMX, IELSN, NSCAN, IESNL, NVSCN, NT
COMMON /DATA1/ ECL(224), NOFST, KOFST, ICLAD, NAN1
COMMON /ECONST/ EARTH, VMK
COMMON /CNT/ COSPHI, SINPHI, COSPH2
COMMON /A22/ SINA, COSA, DELTAZ, ISCANF, NEL, RI, SA
COMMON /KTA/NV, NC, UCN
```

INITIALIZE

```
UCN=0.
VKM=COSPHI*VMK
VKM2=VKM*VMK
SAVKM2=SA*VKM2
SAVKM=SA*VKM
NAN2=NAN1+1
DO 10 M=1, NOFST
MA=(NOFST-M)*KOFST+NAN2
IF(ECL(MA).GT.0.) GO TO 22
10 CONTINUE
GO TO 41
22 NCMX=NOFST-M+1
DO 30 M=1, NCMX
M1=1+(M-1)*KOFST+NAN1
M2=1+M1
M3=1+M2
M4=1+M3
M5=1+M4
M6=1+M5
M7=1+M6
C WRITE(6,50)M1,M2,M3,M4,M5,M6,COSPHI,VMK,ECL(M1),ECL(M2),
C + ECL(M3),ECL(M4),ECL(M5),ECL(M6),NAN1
C 50 FORMAT(1X,6I6,4X,3HCOS,F10.5,4X,3HVKM,F10.2,4HECL-,
C + 6F8.2,4X,4HNAN1,I6)
ECL(M5)=ECL(M5)*SAVKM
VKME=VKM/(ECL(M2)*ECL(M1))
ECL(M3)=ECL(M3)*VKME
ECL(M4)=ECL(M4)*VKME
ECL(M1)=ECL(M1)*SAVKM2
R2=ECL(M3)*ECL(M3)+ECL(M4)*ECL(M4)
ECL(M7)=ECL(M6)
30 ECL(M6)=(SQRT(R2))*SINPHI+R2*COSPH2
FNSN=FNSN+1.
NSCAN=NSCAN+1
IF(NSCAN.NE.1)GO TO 41
KTL=T
JDAY=IDAY
JHR=IHR
JMIN=MIN
JSEC=ISEC
DO 40 NC=1, NCMX
NV=NC
CALL ATRAK
40 CALL BTRAK
```

NVMX=NCMX
NVMIN=NVMX
GO TO 45
41 CONTINUE
IF(IELSN .LT. IESNL) CALL STRAK
IESNL=IELSN
CALL COMPAR
45 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

*
07/19/79 13:08:41
***LISTING FOR ERT1: ATRAK.FTN
\$N

```

SUBROUTINE ATRAK
IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
INTEGER*2 T, TA
LOGICAL PR1, PR2, PRIN2
INTEGER*4 IVCL(736)
COMMON /ZLOOK/ IZOFF, ZARY(91)
COMMON /TLIS/ T, TA, JDAY, JHR, JMIN, JSEC, IDAY, IHR, MIN, ISEC
COMMON /NVLIS/ NVARM, NCARM, NVO, ICO, IO, JO, JYR, KTL
COMMON /PNTRS/ NCMX, NVMIN, NVMX, IELSN, NSCAN, IESNL, NVSCN, NTT
COMMON /INTL/ MHSN, MNSN, HM, FNSN
COMMON /FLGS/ ITYPE, PR1, PR2, PRIN2
COMMON /DVAL/ DELA
COMMON /DATA2/ VCL(736), MXVC, NVCL
COMMON /DATA1/ ECL(224), NOFST, KOFST, ICLAD, NAN1
COMMON /KTA/NV, NC, DELW
EQUIVALENCE(VCL(1), IVCL(1))
IF(NC.LE.0.OR.NC.GT.NCMX) GO TO 100
IF(NV.LE.0.OR.NV.GT.NVARM) GO TO 100
NCEC=(NC-1)*KOFST+NAN1
NVVC=(NV-1)*NVCL
NCA=2+NCEC
IZ=ECL(NCA)
NCA=NCA+1
X=ECL(NCA)
NCA=NCA+1
Y=ECL(NCA)
NCA=6+NCEC
H=ECL(NCA)
NVA=9+NVVC
IF(IVCL(NVA).GT.0) GO TO 10

```

C
C
C

DEFINE LOWEST ELEVATION VALUES

```

NVA=1+NVVC
VCL(NVA)=X
NVA=NVA+1
VCL(NVA)=Y
NVA=NVA+1
IVCL(NVA)=IZ
NVA=NVA+1
NCA=NCEC+1
VCL(NVA)=ECL(NCA)
NVA=NVA+1
IVCL(NVA)=T
NVA=NVA+1
VCL(NVA)=H
NCA=3+NCEC
NCA1=4+NCEC
R2=ECL(NCA)*ECL(NCA)+ECL(NCA1)*ECL(NCA1)
R=SQRT(R2)
NVA=NVA+1
VCL(NVA)=R
NVA=NVA+1
IF(IVCL(NVA).NE.0) GO TO 10
NTT=NTT+1
IVCL(NVA)=NTT

```

C
C

INCREMENT ATTRIBUTE ARRAYS

```

10 IZL=IZ+IZUP+
   IF<IZL. LT. 1> IZL=1
   IF<IZL. GT. 91> IZL=91
   Z=ZARY<IZL>
17 NVA=9+NVVC
   IVCL<NVA>=IVCL<NVA>+1
   NCA=7+NCEC
   NVA=23+NVVC
   VCL<NVA>=VCL<NVA>+ECL<NCA>
   NVA=10+NVVC
   VCL<NVA>=VCL<NVA> + Z
   NVA=NVA+1
   VCL<NVA>=VCL<NVA> + Z*X
   NVA=NVA+1
   VCL<NVA>=VCL<NVA> + Z*Y
   NVA=14+NVVC
   HL=VCL<NVA>
   IF<HL. GT. 0. .OR. FNSN. LT. 2. > GO TO 11
   HL=H-DELA*R
11 NCA=NCEC+1
   NVA=13+NVVC
   VCL<NVA>=VCL<NVA>+Z*(H-HL)*ECL<NCA>

C
C   SUMMIT VALUES
C
   NVA=NVA+1
   VCL<NVA>=H
   NVA=NVA+1
   IVCL<NVA>=IZ

C
C   PEAK, BASE, AND TOP ARRAYS
C
   NVA=NVA+1
   IZP=IVCL<NVA>
   IF<IZP. GT. IZ> GO TO 99

C
C   SET PEAK
C
32 NVA=16+NVVC
   IVCL<NVA>=IZ
   NVA=NVA+1
   VCL<NVA>=H
99 IF<. NOT. PRIN2> GO TO 100
   NCA=NCEC+1
   NVA=9+NVVC
100 RETURN
   END

```

*

*
07/19/79 13:01:37
***LISTING FOR ERT1:STRAK.FTN

\$N

SUBROUTINE BTRAK
IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
INTEGER*2 T, TA
INTEGER *4 IVR(192)
COMMON /DATA1/ ECL(224), NOFST, KOFST, ICLAD, NAN1
COMMON /DATA3/ VR(192), MXVR, NVR1
COMMON /TLIS/ T, TA, JDAY, JHR, JMIN, JSEC, IDAY, IHR, MIN, ISEC
COMMON /NVLIS/ NVARM, NCARM, NVO, ICO, IO, JO, JYR, KTL
COMMON /KTA/ NV, NC, UCN
EQUIVALENCE(VR(1), IVR(1))
IF(NV. LE. 0. OR. NV. GT. NVARM) GO TO 10
IF(NC. LE. 0. OR. NC. GT. NCARM) GO TO 10

C
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C

DEFINE LAST ELEVATION VALUES

NCEC=(NC-1)*KOFST+NAN1
NVVR=(NV-1)*NVR1
NCA=3+NCEC
NVA=1+NVVR
VR(NVA)=ECL(NCA)
NCA=NCA+1
NVA=NVA+1
VR(NVA)=ECL(NCA)
NCA=2+NCEC
NVA=NVA+1
VR(NVA)=ECL(NCA)
NCA=NCA-1
NVA=NVA+1
VR(NVA)=ECL(NCA)
NVA=NVA+1
IVR(NVA)=T
NVA=NVA+1
NCA=6+NCEC
VR(NVA)=ECL(NCA)

10 RETURN
END

*
07/19/79 13:02:10
***LISTING FOR ERT1:COMPAR.FTN
\$N

```

SUBROUTINE COMPAR
IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
INTEGER*2 T, TA
LOGICAL PR1, PR2, PRIN2, ARRAY
INTEGER*4 IVCL(736), IVR(192)
COMMON /DATA1/ ECL(224), NOFST, KOFST, ICLAD, NAN1
COMMON /DATA2/ VCL(736), MXVC, NVC1
COMMON /DATA3/ VR(192), MXVR, NVR1
COMMON /CDRAYS/ IC(32,10), C(32,9), ID(32,10), D(32,9), IM, JM
COMMON /FLGS/ ITYPE, PR1, PR2, PRIN2
COMMON /VPARM/ VX, VY
COMMON /PNTRS/ NCMX, NVMIN, NVMX, IELSN, NSCAN, IESNL, NVSCN, NT
COMMON /CONST/ VMISW, DIV, VMAG, VMISWM, ZDIV, ADIV, A1, A2, A3, B1, B2, HDIV
COMMON /TLIS/ T, TA, JDAY, JHR, JMIN, JSEC, IDAY, IHR, MIN, ISEC
COMMON /NVLIS/ NVARM, NCARM, NVO, ICO, IO, JO, JYR, KTL
COMMON /CNT/ COSPHI, SINEL, COSPI2
COMMON /INTL/ MHSN, MNSN, HM, FNSN
COMMON /KTA/ NV, NC, UCN
COMMON /RSLV/ IUV1(32), IUV2(32), IUC1(16), IUC2(16),
+   UV(32), UC(16), NCR
EQUIVALENCE(VCL(1), IVCL(1)), (VR(1), IVR(1))
IDV=1
ICV=1
IF(NCMX.LE.0) RETURN
NVMXP=1
IF(NVMX.GT.1) NVMXP=NVMX
DO 3 I=1, NVMXP
  UV(I)=0.
  IUV1(I)=0
  IUV2(I)=0
  DO 4 I=1, NCMX
    UC(I)=0.
    IUC1(I)=0
    IUC2(I)=0
    DO 5 I=1, IM
      IC(I,1)=0
      ID(I,1)=0
      DO 7 J=1, JM
        J1=J+1
        IC(I,J1)=0
        ID(I,J1)=0
        C(I,J)=0.
        D(I,J)=0.
      7 CONTINUE
    5 CONTINUE
    DO 10 NC=1, NCMX
      NCEC=(NC-1)*KOFST+NAN1
      NC1=1+NCEC
      NC2=NC1+1
      NC3=NC2+1
      NC4=NC3+1
      NC6=NC4+2
      NVC=0
      DO 40 NV=1, NVMXP
        NVVC=(NV-1)*NVC1
        NVVR=(NV-1)*NVR1
        MLAST=0
        DELWL=0.
        MLR=20+NVVC
    40 CONTINUE
  10 CONTINUE
  4 CONTINUE
  3 CONTINUE

```

```

NLR1=5+NVVC
NLR2=5+NVVR
IF(IVCL(NLR) LE. 0 . AND. IVCL(NLR1) LE. 0) GO TO 40
DTTA=T-IVR(NLR2)
ATEST=(VMAG*DTTA)*(VMAG*DTTA)+VMISW
NRA=1+NVVR
NCA=21+NVVC
DELX=ECL(NC3)-VR(NRA)-VCL(NCA)*DTTA
DELX2=DELX*DELX
IF(DELX2 . GT. ATEST) GO TO 20
NRA=2+NVVR
NCA=21+NVVC
DELY=ECL(NC4)-VR(NRA)-VCL(NCA)*DTTA
DELY2=DELY*DELY
IF(DELY2 . GT. ATEST) GO TO 20

```

C
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ASSOCIATED, FIND BEST

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NRA=3+NVVR
NRA1=NRA+1
NRA2=NRA1+2
DELW=ABS(ECL(NC2)-VR(NRA))*ZDIV+(DELX2+DELY2)*
1   DIV+1. + ABS(ECL(NC1)-VR(NRA1))*ADIV
2   +ABS(ECL(NC6)-VR(NRA2))*HDIV
IF(DELW . GT. VMISW) MLAST=1
GO TO 20
30 NVC=NVC+1
IF(NVC . GT. 1) GO TO 31
IUC1(NC)=NV
UC(NC)=DELW
GO TO 33
31 IF(IUC1(NC) . EQ. NV) GO TO 33
NVT=NV
IF(DELW . LT. UC(NC)) GO TO 32
35 IF(IUC2(NC) . LE. 0) GO TO 36
I=IUC2(NC)
IF(I . GT. IM) GO TO 361
39 J=ID(I,1)+1
ID(I,1)=J
IF(J . LE. JM) GO TO 37
PRINT 101, JM, NSCAN, NVT, NC, J
JO=JO+1
J=JM
37 ID(I, J+1)=NVT
D(I, J)=DELW
GO TO 33
36 I=IDV
IDV=I+1
IF(I . LE. IM) GO TO 38
PRINT 102, IM, NSCAN, NVT, NC, I
361 IO=IO+1
I=IM
38 IUC2(NC)=I
GO TO 39
32 DX=UC(NC)
UC(NC)=DELW
DELW=DX
NVT=IUC1(NC)
IUC1(NC)=NV
GO TO 35
33 IF(IUV1(NV) . NE. 0) GO TO 21
IUV1(NV)=NC
UV(NV)=DELW
GO TO 40

```

C
C

CLUSTER

```

21 IF(IUV1(NV) .EQ. NC) GO TO 40
   NCT=NC
   IF(DELW .LT. UV(NV)) GO TO 22
25 IF(IUV2(NV) .EQ. 0) GO TO 26
   I=IUV2(NV)
   IF(I .GT. IM) GO TO 261
29 J=IC(1,1)+1
   IC(1,1)=J
   IF(J .LE. JM) GO TO 27
C   PRINT 101, JM, NSCAN, NV, NCT, J
C 101 FORMAT(' NO. OF CELLS IN CLUSTER EXCEEDS JM = ', 5110)
   JO=JO+1
   J=JM
27 J1=J+1
   IC(1, J1)=NCT
   C(1, J)=DELW
   GO TO 40
26 I=ICV
   ICV=I+1
   IF(I .LE. IM) GO TO 28
C   PRINT 102, IM, NSCAN, NV, NCT, I
C 102 FORMAT(' NO. OF ENTRIES IN CLUSTER ARRAY EXCEEDS IM = ',
C   1      5110)
261 IO=IO+1
   I=IM
28 IUV2(NV)=I
   GO TO 29
22 DX=UV(NV)
   UV(NV)=DELW
   DELW=DX
   NCT=IUV1(NV)
   IUV1(NV)=NC
   GO TO 25
C
C   NO COMPAR V, TRY VCL
C
20 NCA=5+NVVC
   DELT=T-IVCL(NCA)
   ATEST=VMISWM+(VMAG*DELT)*(VMAG*DELT)
   NCA=1+NVVC
   NCA1=21+NVVC
   DELX=ECL(NC3)-VCL(NCA)-VCL(NCA1)*DELT
   DELX2=DELX*DELX
   IF(DELX2 .GT. ATEST) GO TO 40
   NCA=2+NVVC
   NCA1=22+NVVC
   DELY=ECL(NC4)-VCL(NCA)-VCL(NCA1)*DELT
   DELY2=DELY*DELY
   IF(DELY2 .GT. ATEST) GO TO 40
   NCA=3+NVVC
   NCA1=NCA+1
   NCA2=NCA1+2
   DELW=ABS((ECL(NC2)-FLOAT(IVCL(NCA)))*ZDIV)+(DELY2
1     +DELY2)*DIV)+1. + ABS(ECL(NC1)-VCL(NCA1))*ADIV
2     +ABS(ECL(NC6)-VCL(NCA2))*HDIV
   IF(MLAST .NE. 0 .AND. DELWL .LT. DELW) DELW=DEWL
   IF(DELW .LE. VMISW) GO TO 30
40 CONTINUE
   IF(NVC .GT. 0) GO TO 10
C
C   ISOLATED CELL, NO COMPAR
C
   IF(NVMX .LT. NVMIN) GO TO 501
   DO 50 NV=NVMIN, NVMX
   NVVC=(NV-1)*NVC1

```

```

      NCH=20+NVVC
      NCA1=9+NVVC
      IF (IVCL(NCA).EQ.0 .AND. IVCL(NCA1).EQ.0) GO TO 55
50  CONTINUE
501  NV=NVMX+1
      IF (NV.LE.NVARM) GO TO 51
C    PRINT 103,NVARM,NV
C 103  FORMAT(' (C) NO. OF ACTIVE TRACKS EXCEEDS ARRAY MAXIMUM NVMX =',
C      1      2I10)
      NVO=NVO+1
      NV=NVARM
51  NVMX=NV
55  NVMIN=NV
      IF (NVMX.LE.0) NVMX=NV
      UCN=UC(NC)
      CALL ATRAK
      CALL BTRAK
      IU1(NV)=-NC
      IUC1(NC)=-NV
      UV(NV)=0.0
      UC(NC)=0.0
10  CONTINUE
C
C      HAVE LIST OF COMPARISONS. NOW RESOLVE CONFLICTS
C
DO 60 NV=1,NVMXP
  IF (IU1(NV).LT.0) GO TO 60
  IF (IU1(NV).EQ.0) GO TO 61
  NC=IU1(NV)
  IF (NC.GT.NCMX) GO TO 61
  IF (IUC1(NC).LE.0) GO TO 61
  IF (IU2(NV).EQ.0 .AND. IUC2(NC).EQ.0) GO TO 70
  NCR=NC
  CALL RESOLV
  NC=NCR
  GO TO 60
70  UCN=UC(NC)
  CALL ATRAK
  CALL BTRAK
  IU1(NV)=-IU1(NV)
  IUC1(NC)=-IUC1(NC)
  UV(NV)=0.0
  UC(NC)=0.0
  GO TO 60
C  NO NC COMPAR. FIX HEIGHT STATISTICS
61  IF (FNSN.LT.1.1) GO TO 60
      NVCA=7+(NV-1)*NVC1
      CA=VCL(NVCA)
      HTC=CA*SINEL+CA*CA*COSPI2
60  CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END

```

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07/19/79 13:04:00
***LISTING FOR ERT1:RESOLV.FTN
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SUBROUTINE RESOLV
LOGICAL PRIN2, PR1, PR2
IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
INTEGER*4 IVCL(736), NVT, IVS, IVT, KV, J, IDIJ, JJ, NCT, ICS, ICT,
+KC, ICIJ
DIMENSION V(384)
COMMON /NVLI/ NVARM, NCARM, NVO, ICO, IO, JO, JYR, KTL
COMMON /COMB/ IV(32, 7), IVMX
COMMON /PNTRS/ NCMX, NVMIN, NVMX, IELSN, NSCAN, IESNL, NVSCN, NT
COMMON /CDRAYS/ IC(32, 10), C(32, 9), ID(32, 10), D(32, 9), IM, JM
COMMON /FLGS/ ITYPE, PR1, PR2, PRIN2
COMMON /DATA2/ VCL(736), MXVC, NVC1
COMMON /CONST/ VMISW, DIV, VMAG, VMISWM, ZDIV, ADIV, A1, A2, A3, B1, B2, HDIV
COMMON /CNT/ COSPHI, SINEL, COSPI2
COMMON /INTL/ MHSN, MNSN, HM, FNSN
COMMON /KTA/ NV, NC, UCN
COMMON /RSLV/ IUV1(32), IUV2(32), IUC1(16), IUC2(16),
+ UV(32), UC(16), NCA
EQUIVALENCE(VCL(1), IVCL(1))
IVMX=NVARM

```

C
C
C
C

HAVE CLUSTER, ORDER LISTS

```

DO 4 I=1, 6
4 IV(1, I)=0
IVT=4
IVS=5
ICT=1
ICS=2
JV=1
JC=1
LV=0
LC=0
KV=1
KC=1
NCT=NCA
- KOF2=128
- KOF3=256
IF(NCT, LE, 0, OR, NCT, GT, NCMX) GO TO 100
C PROCESS NCT
65 IF(IUC1(NCT) . LE. 0, OR, IUC1(NCT), GT, NVMX) GO TO 66
IF(UC(NCT), LE, 0, )GO TO 66
NVT=IUC1(NCT)
IF(UC(NCT), GT, 0, )UC(NCT)=-UC(NCT)
CALL COMBIN(NVT, IVS, IVT, KV, J)
IF(IUC2(NCT) . LE. 0, OR, IUC2(NCT), GT, IM) GO TO 62
I=IUC2(NCT)
JX=ID(I, 1)
IF(JX . LE. 0) GO TO 62
IF(JX, GT, JM) JX=JM
ID(I, 1)=-ID(I, 1)
JX1=JX+1
DO 611 J=2, JX1
IDIJ=ID(I, J)
CALL COMBIN(IDIJ, IVS, IVT, KV, JJ)
611 CONTINUE
C PROCESS NVT
62 IF(IUV1(NVT) . LE. 0, OR, IUV1(NVT), GT, NCMX) GO TO 67

```

```

IF(UV(NVT). LE. 0.) GO TO 63
NCT=IUV1(NVT)
IF(UV(NVT). GT. 0.) UV(NVT)=-UV(NVT)
CALL COMBIN(NCT, ICS, ICT, KC, J)
IF(IUV2(NVT). LE. 0. OR. IUV2(NVT). GT. IM) GO TO 63
I=IUV2(NVT)
JX=IC(I,1)
IF(JX. LE. 0) GO TO 63
IF(JX. GT. JM) JX=JM
IC(I,1)=-IC(I,1)
JX1=JX+1
DO 621 J=2, JX1
ICIJ=IC(I, J)
CALL COMBIN(ICIJ, ICS, ICT, KC, JJ)

```

621 CONTINUE

C
C
C

RUN COMPAR LIST TO FLUSH OUT FULL SET

```

63 DO 631 K=JV, KV
NVT=IV(K, IVS)
IF(NVT. LE. 0. OR. NVT. GT. NVARM) GO TO 631
IF(UV(NVT). LE. 0.) GO TO 631
IF(IUV1(NVT). GT. 0. AND. IUV1(NVT). LE. NCMX) GO TO 64

```

631 CONTINUE

GO TO 66

64 JV=K

LC=LC+1

GO TO 62

66 DO 661 K=JC, KC

NCT=IV(K, ICS)

IF(NCT. LE. 0. OR. NCT. GT. NCMX) GO TO 661

IF(UC(NCT). LE. 0.) GO TO 661

IF(IUC1(NCT). GT. 0. AND. IUC1(NCT). LE. NVARM) GO TO 67

661 CONTINUE

GO TO 68

67 JC=K

LV=LV+1

GO TO 65

68 IF(LC. EQ. 0) GO TO 69

LC=0

JV=1

JC=1

LV=0

GO TO 63

69 IF(LV. EQ. 0) GO TO 70

LV=0

JV=1

LC=0

JC=1

GO TO 66

C
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C

HAVE ORDERED LIST, NOW FIND BEST MATCH

70 IF(KC. LE. 1. OR. KV. LE. 1) GO TO 100

KV=KV-1

IF(KV. GT. IVMX) GO TO 100

KC=KC-1

IF(KC. GT. IVMX) GO TO 100

IMSM=0

DO 701 K=1, KV

NV=IV(K, IVS)

IF(NV. LE. 0. OR. NV. GT. NVMX) GO TO 701

IF(UV(NV). LT. 0.) UV(NV)=-UV(NV)

701 CONTINUE

DO 71 K=1, KC

KA2=K+KOF2

```

      NC=IV(K, ICS)
      IF(NC. LE. 0. OR. NC. GT. NCMX) GO TO 71
      IF(UC(NC). LT. 0. )UC(NC)=-UC(NC)
      NV=IUC1(NC)
      IF(NV. LE. 0. OR. NV. GT. NVMX) GO TO 71
      IF(IUV1(NV). LT. 0)GO TO 71
      IF(IUV1(NV). NE. NC)GO TO 711
      V(K)=UC(NC)
      UV(NV)=-UV(NV)
      UC(NC)=-UC(NC)
      GO TO 71
711  IMSM=IMSM+1
71   CONTINUE
      IF(KV. LE. (KC-IMSM) . OR.  IMSM. EQ. 0) GO TO 75

```

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FIRST ROUND MIN WEIGHT SELECTION

```

      KNV=0
      KNC=0
      DO 72 K=1, KC
      IF(IV(K, 3) . NE. 0) GO TO 72
      NC=IV(K, ICS)
      IF(NC. LE. 0. OR. NC. GT. NCMX) GO TO 72
      IF(UC(NC). LE. 0. 1)GO TO 72
      NV=IUC1(NC)
      IF(NV. LE. 0. OR. NV. GT. NVMX)GO TO 724
      IF(UV(NV). GT. 0. 1)GO TO 725
      IV(K, 7)=NV
      KNV=KNV+1
724  I=IUC2(NC)
      IF(I. LE. 0. OR. I. GT. IM) GO TO 721
      JX=ID(I, 1)
      IF(JX. LT. 0)JX=-JX
      IF(JX. LE. 0. OR. JX. GT. JM) GO TO 721
      NV=0
      DWT=999.
      DO 723 J=1, JX
      J1=J+1
      NVT=ID(I, J1)
      IF(NVT. LE. 0. OR. NVT. GT. NVMX) GO TO 723
      IF(UV(NVT) . LE. 0. 1) GO TO 723
      DELW=D(I, J)
      IF(DELW. LE. 0. 1) GO TO 723
      IF(DELW. LT. DWT)DWT=DELW
      IF(DWT . EQ. DELW) NV=NVT
723  CONTINUE
      IF(NV . LE. 0 . OR. NV. GT. NVMX. OR. DWT. GT. VMISW. OR. DWT. LT. . 1)
      1 GO TO 721
      GO TO 726
725  DWT=UC(NC)
726  KA2=K+KOF2
      V(KA2)=DWT
      IF(UV(NV). GT. 0. )UV(NV)=-UV(NV)
      IF(UC(NC). GT. 0. )UC(NC)=-UC(NC)
      IV(K, ICT)=NV
      GO TO 72
721  KNC=KNC+1

```

```

IF(KNC, GT, KC) GO TO 72
IV(KNC, IVT)=K
72 CONTINUE
IF(KNV, LE, 0, AND, KNC, LE, 0) GO TO 75
IF(KNC, EQ, 0, OR, KNC, GT, KC) GO TO 80

```

C
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CASCADE REORDER OF COMPAR LIST

```

J=0
731 J=J+1
IF(J, GT, KNC) GO TO 80
K=IV(J, IVT)
IF(K, LE, 0, OR, K, GT, KC) GO TO 731
NC=IV(K, ICS)
IF(NC, LE, 0, OR, NC, GT, NCMX) GO TO 739
NV=IUC1(NC)
IF(NV, LE, 0, OR, NV, GT, NVMX) GO TO 739
DO 738 L=1, KC
IF(IV(L, 3), EQ, NV) GO TO 7381
IF(IV(L, ICT), EQ, NV) GO TO 7382
738 CONTINUE
GO TO 739
7381 NCT=IV(L, ICS)
DELT=VMISW+V(L)
GO TO 7383
7382 NCT=IV(L, ICS)
KA2=L+KOF2
DELT=VMISW+V(KA2)
7383 KT=L
IF(NCT, LE, 0, OR, NCT, GT, NCMX) GO TO 739
IF(IUC1(NCT), LE, 0, OR, IUC2(NCT), LE, 0) GO TO 739
DELW=UC(NC)
IF(DELW, LT, 0, ) DELW=-DELW
I=IUC2(NCT)
IF(I, LT, 0) I=-I
IF(I, LE, 0, OR, I, GT, IM) GO TO 739
JX=ID(I, 1)
IF(JX, LT, 0) JX=-JX
IF(JX, LE, 0, OR, JX, GT, JM) GO TO 739
DWT=999
NVB=0
DWT1=999
NV1=0
DO 732 L=1, JX
IF(D(I, L), LE, 0, 1) GO TO 732
IF(D(I, L), LT, DWT) DWT=D(I, L)
L1=L+1
NVT1=IABS(ID(I, L1))
IF(DWT, EQ, D(I, L)) NVB=NVT1
IF(NVT1, LE, 0, OR, NVT1, GT, NVMX) GO TO 732
IF(UV(NVT1), GT, 0, 1, AND, D(I, L), LT, DWT1) DWT1=D(I, L)
IF(DWT1, EQ, D(I, L)) NV1=NVT1
732 CONTINUE
IF(NVB, LE, 0, OR, NVB, GT, NVMX, OR, DWT, LE, 1, OR, DWT, GT, VMISW)
1 GO TO 739
734 IF(NV1, LE, 0, OR, NV1, GT, NVMX, OR, DWT1, GT, VMISW, OR, DWT1, LE, 1)
1 GO TO 735
DELW1=DELW+DWT1
DELW2=DELW+DWT
IF(DELW1, GT, DELT) GO TO 735
IV(K, 6)=NV
KA3=K+KOF2
V(KA3)=DELW
IV(KT, 6)=NVT1
KA3=KT+KA3
V(KA3)=DWT1

```



```

IF(DELW2. GE. DELW1) GO TO 739
IV(KT, 7)=NVB
GO TO 739
735 DO 736 I=1, KC
IF(IV(I, 3). EQ. NVB) GO TO 739
IF(IV(I, ICT). EQ. NVB) GO TO 737
736 CONTINUE
GO TO 739
737 KA2=I+KOF2
DELT=DELT+V(KA2)
DELW2=DELW+DWT+VMISW
IF(DELW2. GT. DELT) GO TO 739
IV(K, 6)=NV
KA3=K+KOF3
V(KA3)=DELW
IV(KT, 6)=NVB
KA3=KT+KOF3
KA2=I+KOF2
V(KA3)=DWT
IV(I, ICT)=0
V(KA2)=0.
739 IV(K, 7)=0
KNV=KNV-1
GO TO 731

```

C
C
C

EXCHANGE PAIRS FOR MIN MEASURE

```

80 IF(KNV. LE. 0. OR. KNV. GT. KC) GO TO 75
DO 801 K=1, KC
NVB=IV(K, 7)
IF(NVB. LE. 0. OR. NVB. GT. NVMX) GO TO 801
IF(IUV2(NVB). LE. 0) GO TO 801
NC=IV(K, ICS)
IF(NC. LE. 0. OR. NC. GT. NCMX) GO TO 801
NV=IV(K, 2)
DO 802 L=1, KC
IF(NVB. EQ. IV(L, ICT). OR. NVB. EQ. IV(L, 3)) GO TO 803
802 CONTINUE
GO TO 801
803 NCB=IV(L, ICS)
I=IUV2(NVB)
IF(I. LT. 0) I=-I
JX=IC(I, 1)
IF(JX. LE. 0. OR. JX. GT. JM) GO TO 801
DO 807 J=1, JX
J1=J+1
IF(IC(I, J1). EQ. NCB) GO TO 808
807 CONTINUE
GO TO 801
808 DSET=C(I, J)
DUC=UC(NC)
IF(DUC. LT. 0. )DUC=-DUC
DELWB=DSET+DUC
KA2=K+KOF2
KA3=K+KOF3
DELW1=V(KA3)
KA=KA-KOFST
IF(DELW1. LE. . 1) DELW1=V(KA2)
IF(DELW1. LE. . 1) DELW1=V(K)
KA2=L+KOF2
KA3=L+KOF3
DELW2=V(KA3)
IF(DELW2. LE. . 1) DELW2=V(KA2)
IF(DELW2. LE. . 1) DELW2=V(L)
DELW=DELW1+DELW2
IF(DELW. LE. 0) GO TO 804

```

```

      NMS=K+KOF3
      V(KA3)=UC(NC)
      IF(V(KA3).LT.0.)V(KA3)=-V(KA3)
      KA3=L+KOF3
      V(KA3)=DSET
      IV(K,6)=NVB
      IV(L,6)=NV
801  IV(K,7)=0
      75 CONTINUE

C
C      UPDATE ATTRIBUTES
C
      DO 78 K=1,KC
      KA3=K+KOF3
      KA2=K+KOF2
      IF(PRI2)
1    WRITE(6,788) IV(K,ICS),IV(K,6),IV(K,ICT),
2    IV(K,3),V(KA3),V(KA2),V(K)
788  FORMAT(1X,4I5,3F8.2)
      NC=IV(K,ICS)
      IF(NC.LE.0.OR.NC.GT.NCMX) GO TO 78
      IF(IUC1(NC).LE.0) GO TO 78
      NV=IV(K,6)
      IF(NV.LE.0.OR.NV.GT.NVMX) GO TO 810
      DWT=V(KA3)
      GO TO 820
810  NV=IV(K,ICT)
      IF(NV.LE.0.OR.NV.GT.NVMX) GO TO 811
      DWT=V(KA2)
      GO TO 820
811  NV=IV(K,3)
      IF(NV.LE.0.OR.NV.GT.NVMX) GO TO 79
      DWT=V(K)
820  IF(DWT.LE.0.1.OR.DWT.GT.VMISW) GO TO 79
      IF(IUV1(NV).EQ.0) GO TO 79
      UCN=DWT
      CALL ATRAC
      CALL BTRAC
      GO TO 77
79  IF(NVMX.LT.NVMIN) GO TO 7911
      DO 791 I=NVMIN,NVMX
      NVVC=(I-1)*NVC1
      IVA=9+NVVC
      IVA1=IVA+11
      IF(IVCL(IVA1).EQ.0.AND. IVCL(IVA).EQ.0) GO TO 792
791  CONTINUE
7911 I=NVMX+1
      IF(I.LE. NVARM) GO TO 7921
C      PRINT 103,NVARM,I
C 103 FORMAT(' (R) NO. OF ACTIVE TRACKS EXCEEDS ARRAY MAXIMUM NVMX =',
C      1 2I10)
      NVO=NVO+1
      I=NVARM
      GO TO 77
7921 NVMX=I
792  NV=I
      NVMIN=I
      UCN=0.
      CALL ATRAC
      CALL BTRAC
77  IUV1(NV)=-NC
      IUC1(NC)=-NV
      UV(NV)=0.
      UC(NC)=0.
78  CONTINUE
      DO 99 K=1,NV

```

NV=IV(K, IVS)
IF(NV. LE. 0. OR. NV. GT. NVMX) GO TO 99
IF(IUV1(NV). LE. 0) GO TO 99
IUV1(NV)=-IUV1(NV)
IF(FNSN. LT. 1. 1) GO TO 99
NVA=7+(NV-1)*NVC1
VA=VCL(NVA)
HTC=VA*SINEL+VA*VA*COSPI2
99 CONTINUE
100 RETURN
END

*
07/19/79 13:07.55
***LISTING FOR ERT1:COMBIN.FTN
\$N

```
      SUBROUTINE COMBIN(N, IS, IT, K, J)
      IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
      INTEGER*4 N, IS, IT, K, J
      COMMON /COMB/ IV(32,7), IVMX

C      INSERT N INTO ORDERED ARRAY IV(K, IT)
C      RETURN NEW ARRAY AS IV(K, IS)
C

      I=IS
      IS=IT
      IT=I
      L=0
      DO 10 J=1, K
      IVJ=IV(J, IT)
      IF(IVJ.LT.0)IVJ=-IVJ
      IF(IVJ-N) 20, 30, 40
20    IF(IVJ.EQ.0) GO TO 40
10    IV(J, IS)=IV(J, IT)
      J=K
40    L=1
      IV(J, IS)=N
30    DO 50 I=J, K
      IL=I+L
50    IV(IL, IS)=IV(I, IT)
      K=K+L
      IF(K.GE. IVMX) GO TO 70
      IV(K, IS)=0
      GO TO 80
70    WRITE(6,100) K, IVMX
100   FORMAT(' ERROR IN COMBIN, I3, K, IVMX', 2X, 2I10)
      K=IVMX-1
80    RETURN
      END
```

*

*
07/19/79 13:08:33
***LISTING FOR ERT1:STRAK.FTN
\$N

```
SUBROUTINE STRAK
IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
INTEGER*2 T, TM, TA
INTEGER*4 IVCL(736), ITCL(21), IVR(192)
DIMENSION ATST(62), NUM(62)
LOGICAL PR1, PR2, PRIN2
DIMENSION TCL(21), DUM(6)
COMMON /TMAX/ TM
COMMON /FLGS/ ITYPE, PR1, PR2, PRIN2
COMMON /PNTRS/ NCMX, NVMIN, NVMX, IELSN, NSCAN, IESNL, NVSCN, NT
COMMON /TLIS/ T, TA, JDAY, JHR, JMIN, JSEC, IDAY, IHR, MIN, ISEC
COMMON /NVLIS/ NVARM, NCARM, NVO, ICO, IO, JO, JYR, KTL
COMMON /CONST/ VMISW, DIV, VMAG, VMISWM, ZDIV, ADIV, A1, A2, A3, B1, B2, HDIV
COMMON /INTL/ MHSN, MNSN, HM, FNSN
COMMON /VARM/ VX, VY
COMMON /DATA1/ ECL(224), NOFST, KOFST, ICLAD, NAN1
COMMON /DATA2/ VCL(736), MXVC, NVC1
COMMON /DATA3/ VR(192), MXVR, NVR1
EQUIVALENCE(TCL(1), ITCL(1))
EQUIVALENCE(VCL(1), IVCL(1)), (VR(1), IVR(1))
DATA IZERO/0/, IOUT/31/, LAN/62/
```

```
MAN=0
NVOUT=NVMX-1
DO 19 N=1, LAN
  ATST(N)=0.
```

```
19 NUM(N)=0
```

```
VXC=0
VYC=0
NSN=0
NACT=0
NFN=FNSN-1.
```

```
IF(NFN.LE.0) GO TO 55
```

```
WRITE(2) KTL, NVSCN, JDAY, JHR, JMIN, JSEC
```

```
1 , NFN, NSCAN, NT, NVMX, JYR, NVO
```

```
2 , IO, JO, IZERO, VX, VY, DUM
```

```
IF(PR1.OR.PR2)
```

```
1WRITE(6,1000) JDAY, JHR, JMIN, JSEC, NVSCN
```

```
1000 FORMAT(1H1,3X,'PROGRAM TRACK4 (781207)',5X,' TRACK TIME',4I4,
```

```
15X,'VOL SCAN',16//,1X,'TRK LOCATION DBZ CELL PEAK ',
```

```
2' SURFACE SUMMIT VELOCITY A//,1X
```

```
3' ID EAST NORTH AV VOL DBZ HT DBZ HT DBZ HT',
```

```
4' EAST NORTH L//,1X,
```

```
5' KM KM KM3 KM KM KM',
```

```
6' M/S M/S L')
```

```
DO 20 NV=1, NVOUT
```

```
NVA=(NV-1)*NVC1
```

```
NV23=23+NVA
```

```
A=VCL(NV23)
```

```
DO 21 N=1, IOUT
```

```
NN=N+MAN
```

```
IF(A.GT.ATST(NN)) GO TO 22
```

```
21 CONTINUE
```

```
NN=NN+1
```

```
22 LAN=MAN
```

```
MAN=MAN+IOUT
```

```
IF(MAN.GT.IOUT) MAN=0
```

```
IFML=0
```

```

DO 23 N=1, 1001
MM=M+MAN
ML=M+LAN
IF (ML. NE. NN. OR. IFML. EQ. 1) GO TO 24
ATST(MM)=A
NUM(MM)=NV
LAN=LAN-1
IFML=1
GO TO 23
24 ATST(MM)=ATST(ML)
NUM(MM)=NUM(ML)
23 CONTINUE
20 CONTINUE
50 DO 100 N=1, IOUT
NN=N+MAN
NV=NUM(NN)
IF (NV. EQ. 0) GO TO 100
NVA=(NV-1)*NVC1
NV1=1+NVA
NV2=NV1+1
NV3=NV2+1
NV4=NV3+1
NV5=NV4+1
NV6=NV5+1
NV7=NV6+1
NV8=NV7+1
NV9=NV8+1
NV10=NV9+1
NV11=NV10+1
NV12=NV11+1
NV13=NV12+1
NV14=NV13+1
NV15=NV14+1
NV16=NV15+1
NV17=NV16+1
NV18=NV17+1
NV19=NV18+1
NV20=NV19+1
NV21=NV20+1
NV22=NV21+1
NV23=NV22+1
NR1=1+(NV-1)*NVR1
NR2=NR1+1
NR3=NR2+1
NR4=NR3+1
NR5=NR4+1
NR6=NR5+1
IF (IVCL(NV9) .LE. 0) GO TO 200
ZZDIV=1. 0/VCL(NV10)
ITCL(1)=IVCL(NV5)
TCL(2)=VCL(NV11)*ZZDIV
TCL(3)=VCL(NV12)*ZZDIV
TCL(4)=10. *ALOG10(VCL(NV10)/FLOAT(IVCL(NV9)))
TCL(5)=VCL(NV13)*ZZDIV
ITCL(7)=IVCL(NV16)
TCL(8)=VCL(NV17)
ITCL(10)=IVCL(NV3)
TCL(11)=VCL(NV4)
TCL(12)=VCL(NV6)
IM3=IVCL(NV16)-3
30 ITCL(15)=IVCL(NV15)
TCL(16)=VCL(NV14)
IVL8=IVCL(NV8)
IF (IVL8. LT. 0) IVL8=-IVL8
ITCL(17)=IVL8
ITCL(18)=0

```

```

ITCL(20)=0
ITCL(21)=0
VXT=VCL(NV21)
VYT=VCL(NV22)
ITIM=IVCL(NV20)
JTIM=ITCL(1)
IF(ITIM.EQ.0.OR.ITIM.EQ.JTIM) GO TO 40
DELT=JTIM-ITIM
DELT=1.0/DELT
TCL(20)=(TCL(2)-VCL(NV18))*DELT
TCL(21)=(TCL(3)-VCL(NV19))*DELT
VXT=TCL(20)
VYT=TCL(21)
40 IVCL(NV20)=ITCL(1)
VCL(NV19)=TCL(3)
VCL(NV18)=TCL(2)
VCL(NV21)=A1*VXT+A2*VCL(NV21)+A3*VX
VCL(NV22)=A1*VYT+A2*VCL(NV22)+A3*VY
VR(NR1)=TCL(2)
VR(NR2)=TCL(3)
VR(NR3)=TCL(4)
VR(NR4)=VCL(NV4)
IVR(NR5)=ITCL(1)
VR(NR6)=TCL(8)
IZVAL=VR(NR3)
IDTC=FLOAT(IVCL(NV9))/(FNSN-1.)*10.+5
NSN=NSN+1
VXC=VXC+TCL(20)
VYC=VYC+TCL(21)
VXP=VCL(NV21)*1000.
VYP=VCL(NV22)*1000.
NACT=NACT+1
C WRITE(2) TCL,VCL(NV39),VCL(NV40),IDTC
IF(PR1) GO TO 59
IF(.NOT.PR2) GO TO 58
IF((IDTC.GT.MNSN.OR.IZVAL.GT.35).AND.IVCL(NV8).GT.0)
1 IVCL(NV8)=-IVCL(NV8)
IF(IVCL(NV8).GE.0) GO TO 58
59 WRITE(6,1005) ITCL(17),VR(NR1),VR(NR2),IZVAL,TCL(5),ITCL(7),
1TCL(8),ITCL(10),TCL(12),ITCL(15),TCL(16),
2VXP,VYP,IDTC
1005 FORMAT(1X,I4,2F5.0,I3,F6.1,I3,F5.1,I5,F5.1,I4,
+ 3F5.1,2X,I2)
58 DO 41 I=9,14
IA=I+NVA
41 IVCL(IA)=0
IVCL(NV23)=0
GO TO 100
200 IF(IVCL(NV20).LE.0) GO TO 102
IF((T-IVCL(NV20)).LE.TM) GO TO 100
DO 101 I=1,20
IA=I+NVA
101 IVCL(IA)=0
IA=23+NVA
VCL(IA)=0.
IF(NV.LT.NVMIN)NVMIN=NV
102 IVCL(NV23)=0
100 CONTINUE
IF(NSN.EQ.0) GO TO 56
VN=NSN
VX=B1*VXC/VN+B2*VX
VY=B1*VYC/VN+B2*VY
DO 43 JI=1,IOUT
II=IJ+MAN
I=NUM(II)
IF(I.EQ.0) GO TO 43

```

```

      NVN=NA-1/NVCLT20
      IF(IVCL(NVA).GT.0) GO TO 43
      NA=21+(I-1)*NVC1
      VCL(NA)=VX
      NA=NA+1
      VCL(NA)=VY
43  CONTINUE
      VXP=VX*1000
      VYP=VY*1000
56  IF(NVSCN.GT.1) GO TO 55
      WRITE(6,1003)
1003 FORMAT(///1X,' VOL  START TIME  NO EL  LAST   TRACK',
1 '      OVERFLOW      AV VELOCITY'//,1X,
2 'SCAN  DAY  HMM  SS  SCANS  SCAN  TOTAL ACT.',
3 ' NV  IC  I  J  EAST  NORTH'//)
55  WRITE(6,1004) NVSCN, JDAY, JHR, JMIN, JSEC, NFN, NSCAN, NT, NACT
1, NVO, ICO, IO, JO, VXP, VYP
1004 FORMAT(1X, I5, I4, I3, I2, I3, I5, 2I6, I5, I7, 3I4, 1X, 2F6, 1)
      NVSCN=NVSCN+1
      NVO=0
      ICO=0
      IO=0
      JO=0
      JDAY=IDAY
      JHR=IHR
      JMIN=MIN
      JSEC=ISEC
      FNSN=1.009
      KTL=T
      RETURN
      END

```


APPENDIX 1
SAMPLE OUTPUT

SAMPLE OUTPUT FILE

Two types of output are produced following each volume scan:

1. A list of attributes describing each of the 31* most significant cells detected and tracked within the volume scan
 - a. ITCL (17) - the ID number of this cell track
 - b. VR (1) - cell location to east [(-)west] of radar (km)
 - c. VR (2) - cell location to north [(-)south] of radar (km)
 - d. IZVAL = VR (3) - average reflectivity of cell (dBZ)
 - e. TCL (5) - cell volume (km^3)
 - f. ITCL (7) - peak reflectivity of cell (dBZ)
 - g. TCL (8) - height of peak reflectivity (km)
 - h. ITCL (10) - reflectivity at base of cell (dBZ)
 - i. TCL (12) - height of cell base (km)
 - j. ITCL (15) - reflectivity at summit of cell (dBZ)
 - k. TCI (16) - height of cell summit (km)
 - l. VXP = VCL (39)* 10^3 - cell velocity toward east [(-)west] (m/s)
 - m. VYI = VCL (40)* 10^3 - cell velocity toward north [(-)south] (m/s)
 - n. IDNC = IVCL (9)/(FNSN-1)*10
number of scans cell detected/number of scans per volume scan
percent of elevation scans cell detected at
2. A summary list of statistics for the entire volume scan
 - a. NVSCN - volume scan number
 - b. JDAY, JHR, JMIN, JSEC - start time of volume scan
 - c. NFN = FNSN-1 - number of elevation scans processed in this volume scan
 - d. NSCAN - number of last elevation scan in the volume scan
 - e. NT - number of cell tracks updated this scan
 - f. NACT - number of possible cell tracks stored from current and previous scans
 - g. NVO - number of significant cells detected but not outputted
 - h. ICO - number of internally paired and clustered cells over the dimensions of CLUST array in subroutine RESOLV
 - i. IO - number of detected cells over array dimensions of cluster array in subroutine COMPAR
 - j. JO - number of detected cells over array dimensions of IC array in subroutine COMPAR
 - k. VXP - an estimate of the average velocity east [(-)west] any new cells will have (m/s), set to 0 on first scan
 - l. VYP - an estimate of the average velocity north [(-)south] any new cells will have (m/s), set to 0 on first scan

*see Appendix F - Option to Increase Number of Significant Cells

SAMPLE OUTPUT OF FIRST VOLUME SCAN

PROGRAM TRACK4 (781207)

TRACK TIME 120 16 46 59

VOL SCAN

1

TRK	LOCATION	DBZ	CELL	PEAK	SURFACE	SUMMIT	VELOCITY						
ID	EAST	NORTH	AV	VOL	DBZ	HT	DBZ	HT	DBZ	HT	EAST	NORTH	
	KM	KM	KM3			KM		KM		KM	M/S	M/S	
17	-90.	40.	45	1.5	45	4.3	45	4.3	45	4.3	0.0	0.0	3
1	-60.	-63.	34	2.7	34	1.8	34	1.8	34	1.8	0.0	0.0	3
2	-96.	37.	41	4.0	41	2.3	41	2.3	41	2.3	0.0	0.0	3
18	-89.	32.	47	2.7	47	4.1	47	4.1	47	4.1	0.0	0.0	3
3	-56.	-67.	42	7.8	42	6.7	42	1.8	42	6.7	0.0	0.0	7
19	-80.	38.	36	5.4	36	6.8	36	3.7	36	6.8	0.0	0.0	7
20	-86.	30.	37	2.6	38	3.9	38	3.9	36	7.0	0.0	0.0	7
5	-94.	34.	46	3.8	47	2.1	47	2.1	46	4.4	0.0	0.0	7
21	-97.	53.	39	1.8	39	4.8	39	4.8	39	4.8	0.0	0.0	3
4	-50.	-66.	36	2.4	36	1.7	36	1.7	36	1.7	0.0	0.0	3
31	-101.	35.	41	1.7	41	8.2	41	8.2	41	8.2	0.0	0.0	3
22	-91.	50.	42	6.3	43	4.6	43	4.6	42	8.0	0.0	0.0	7
30	-93.	37.	46	1.5	46	4.3	46	4.3	46	4.3	0.0	0.0	3
6	-43.	63.	37	2.0	37	1.5	37	1.5	37	1.5	0.0	0.0	3
23	-37.	54.	52	2.5	52	2.7	52	2.7	52	2.7	0.0	0.0	3
7	-4.	25.	50	0.2	50	0.4	50	0.4	50	0.4	0.0	0.0	3
14	-72.	53.	44	3.0	45	3.9	43	1.9	45	3.9	0.0	0.0	7
8	-50.	60.	41	4.3	41	1.6	41	1.6	41	1.6	0.0	0.0	3
24	-75.	83.	36	3.7	36	4.9	36	4.9	36	4.9	0.0	0.0	3
25	-73.	56.	39	6.3	40	10.0	38	4.0	40	10.0	0.0	0.0	7
9	-27.	2.	43	0.4	44	0.5	44	0.5	44	0.5	0.0	0.0	3
10	-14.	25.	41	0.2	41	0.5	41	0.5	41	0.5	0.0	0.0	3
11	-6.	15.	42	0.1	42	0.3	42	0.3	42	0.3	0.0	0.0	3
12	-80.	61.	40	3.8	40	2.2	40	2.2	40	2.2	0.0	0.0	3
13	-17.	10.	39	0.2	39	0.3	39	0.3	39	0.3	0.0	0.0	3
15	-4.	53.	49	0.9	49	1.0	49	1.0	49	1.0	0.0	0.0	3
26	-57.	82.	43	1.5	44	4.3	44	4.3	44	4.3	0.0	0.0	3
16	-6.	1.	41	0.1	41	0.1	41	0.1	41	0.1	0.0	0.0	3
27	-54.	80.	42	1.4	42	4.2	42	4.2	42	4.2	0.0	0.0	3
28	-62.	55.	36	1.0	36	3.5	36	3.5	36	3.5	0.0	0.0	3
29	-52.	-70.	45	1.1	45	3.7	45	3.7	45	3.7	0.0	0.0	3

VOL	START TIME	NO EL	LAST	TRACK	OVERFLOW	AV VELOCITY
SCAN	DAY HHMM SS	SCANS	SCAN	TOTAL ACT.	NV IC I J	EAST NORTH
1	120 1646 59	3	4	32 31	25 0 0 0	0.0 0.0

APPENDIX F

Options to Increase:

Number of Significant Cells
Number of Active Tracks

Option: Increase Number of Significant Cells Processed Each Scan

Both the real-time program and the post-mission program are set up to process 16 significant cells each scan. To increase the number of cells the dimensions of several arrays and address offsets must be increased.

In block common DATA1 - for each additional cell

- increase dimension of ECL by 14
- increase NOEST* by 1
- increase ICLAD* by 7

In block common RSIV - for each additional cell

- increase dimension of: IUC1, IUC2&UC by 1

In block common NVLIS - for each additional cell

- increase NCARM* by 1

In subroutine RESOLV - for each additional cell

- increase dimension of V by 24
- increase KOF2&KOF3 by 8

Note: to process more than 52 cells each scan the number of active tracks must be increased to at least that number (see option to increase active tracks).

*variable set in block DATA

Option: Increase Number of Active Tracks Updated Each Scan and Outputted
Each Volume Scan

Both the real-time program and the post-mission program are set up to update and output 31 active tracks at any one scan. To increase the number of tracks, the dimensions of several arrays and address offsets must be increased.

In block common DATA2 - for each additional track

increase dimension of VCL and IVCL by 23
increase MXVC* by 23

In block common DATA3 - for each additional track

increase dimension of VR and IVR by 6
increase MXVR* by 7

In block common RSLV - for each additional track

increase dimension of: IUV1, IUV2&IUV by 1

In block common CDRAVS - for each additional track

increase the first dimension of: IC,C, ID&D by 1
increase IM* by 1

In block common NVLIS - for each additional track

increase NVARM* by 1

In block common COMB - for each additional track

increase the first dimension of IV by 1

In subroutine STRAK - for each additional track

increase dimension of ATST & NUM by 2
increase IOUT by 1
increase LAN by 2

*variable set in block DATA